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RUSSELL ERRETT, Editor.

W. P. SHAW, Business Manager.

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☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

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The Weekly Commercial, a large sheet, containing all the Current News, Miscellaneous, Literary and Scientific Intelligence, and Valuable Reading for the Family.

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The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

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VOL. X. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, JULY 7, 1873. NO. 251

FIRST EDITION.

STORMS IN THE WEST.

Great Damage to Crops, Buildings, &c.

Extraordinary Rain Fall—The Hocking Valley Overflowed—Flood of 1832 Exceeded.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

MAYSVILLE, KY., July 5, 1873.

About 7:30 o'clock last evening this city was visited by a tornado which unroofed a number of buildings, including the railroad machine shops, tearing down shade trees and carrying off a great number of chimneys. John Brosie was seriously injured by flying debris. The crops in this vicinity have been damaged to a very great extent.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

ATHENS, OHIO, July 5, 1873.

The Hocking valley is one wide sheet of water from Lancaster to the Ohio. Rain has fallen continuously since Thursday last. The damage to crops is estimated at a million and a half dollars. The Hocking is two feet higher than the high water mark of 1832. Travel has been interrupted and the telegraph lines prostrated in all directions. The salt works of G. T. Gould and Joseph Herrold are badly damaged. Six miles of the canal between Athens and Salina is destroyed. No loss of life thus far reported.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

FINDLAY, OHIO, July 5, 1873.

A heavy storm took place at Dunkirk yesterday about 4:30 P. M., blowing one house down and several canvasses. A colt was carried about one hundred feet and fell unhurt. About one mile and a half southwest from Dunkirk a little boy was out playing when the storm came up and a whirlwind seized him carrying him about eight feet in the air, when his father ran out and caught him. The boy was saved unhurt. Several buildings were blown down at Hartford, and one boy killed by the falling of the Court House chimney. Four houses were destroyed at Red Key by wind, and a vast amount of timber. The storm came from the southwest and ranged southeast.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BRADFORD, OHIO, July 5, 1873.

The terrible storm which passed over this section last evening was the most severe that has ever been known. A mile west of this place five acres of woods were leveled to the ground, and the telegraph wires are down for miles west of us.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

FORT WAYNE, IND., July 5, 1873.

The storms of the 3d and 4th are conceded by every one to have been the heaviest known for years. Great damage has been done to farmers in this section. The telegraph wires were prostrated and communication cut off in every direction.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

UNION CITY, Ind., July 5, 1873.

Very heavy rain storms, along with hail, thunder and lightning, have prevailed here since Tuesday night. About twelve o'clock each night the rain came down in perfect torrents. No such storms have visited this part of the country for many years. Great damage has been done to the wheat crop.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, July 5.—Recent severe storms have done much damage to the crops in this vicinity. Portions of the track of the Hocking Valley Railroad, between this city and Lancaster, and all water bridges and telegraph poles have been washed away, and trains have stopped running. Over one hundred persons are delayed in this city waiting for repairs of the track so as to allow the running of trains to take them to their respective homes.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, July 5.—The Scioto river has overflowed the extensive broom corn fields in this vicinity, probably ruining from five hundred to a thousand acres. The corn is flattened down and dirt washed on it so that much of it cannot rise. The streams are so high that the roads are impassable between here and Columbus. No trains from the East since Thursday.

Wind Storm in Wisconsin—Ten Persons Drowned at Green Lake.

MILWAUKEE, July 5.—A terrible storm broke upon this city at noon yesterday, while the Fourth of July festivities were in full blast and our beautiful bay covered with yachts and small boats filled with pleasure seekers, among whom were ladies. The yachts Louise and Lone Star were capsized. The inmates received a severe ducking, and some narrowly escaped drowning. Trees were uprooted, signs, flags and awnings went dancing in the air, while loud peals of thunder and flashes of lightning followed in succession. All passed over in half an hour without loss of life. But in the afternoon sad news reached us from Green Lake, a beautiful sheet of water near Ripon, already famous as a summer resort. The sailing yacht F. B. Hawshaw capsized, and the following, out of a party of twenty people who were on board, were lost: Mrs. A. P. Carman, Dartford; Mrs. M. C. Russell and daughter, Berlin; Jerrie Olin, Dartford; Mrs. George P. Harding and child of Rev. Allen, Dartford. A rowboat also capsized, and the occupants, Wm. Bixheim, wife and child, and Mrs. John Baird, Dartford, were all drowned. Along the line of the Milwaukee and Northern Railroad the damage to crops is very great.

A tornado damaged the grain throughout Green, Fon du Lac and Sheboygan counties to a great extent. Its course was from northwest to southeastward and five miles wide. Grain, timber, barns and fences were blown to the ground. In Fon du Lac City many buildings were unroofed. A vast number of large poplar shade trees were uprooted on the Milwaukee and Northern Railroad. The trains were very much delayed by the fallen trees; over eighty had to be cut from the track before trains could pass. An engineer on the passenger train, yesterday, saw the tornado approaching, put on a heavy pressure of steam and got into a clearing ahead of it. Hundreds of acres of grain were prostrated along the course of the storm.

The reported loss of life on Elkhart lakes proves to be false.

Aside from the disaster at Green Lake, it is a remarkable fact that no lives were lost as far as heard from. The damage to telegraph lines is being rapidly repaired, and communication is now open to St. Paul. A heavy rain storm passed over Minnesota yesterday, but no damage was done.

Later Details of Damage and Loss of Life.

ST. LOUIS, July 6.—Accounts begin to arrive giving some details of the late storms in the West. In the vicinity of Des Moines the country was deluged, and the wheat and oats badly broken down. Along the line of the Rock Island Railroad the hail storm did still greater damage. A frame house near Stewart Station was blown to pieces and another close by blown down and five persons seriously injured. At Alexandria, Mo., several houses were blown down. The bridge of the M. V. & W. Railroad, crossing Des Moines river, was blown down, the culverts washed out and great damage done. In Hancock county, Ill., farm houses and barns were blown down and two children killed. At Augusta, the Christian church was leveled to the ground, the steeple of the Presbyterian church blown down, also the grain elevator, and much other damage done. At Carthage the high school and part of the college were unroofed, and fences, chimneys, etc., demolished. At West Point the dwelling of Dr. Carr was torn to pieces, and the stores of Wolfe Condin and Frank & Howerton destroyed. A school house blown down and a carding machine factory and flouring mill unroofed. The dwelling of Henry Sarner was blown down and Mrs. Sarner, her child and sister killed. At Warsaw several houses were demolished.

CASUALTIES.

Fall of a Balcony at Parker's Landing—One Man Instantly Killed—Others Injured.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

PARKER'S LANDING, PA., July 5, 1873.

About noon yesterday quite a crowd had assembled on the plaza in front of the New York Restaurant, to witness the procession pass, when the structure gave way, precipitating the crowd a distance of twelve feet to the pavement, instantly killing William B. Shepard and injuring Robert Logne and four children, Miles Logne, wife and child, M. D. Christy, Mrs. E. A. Best, Castle Morgan, Pat Bryan, and a number of others, whose names we could not learn.

A Drayman Killed at Fort Wayne, Ind.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

FORT WAYNE, IND., July 5, 1873.

A man named Daniel Phillbaum, was killed about half past three this afternoon at the freight depot of the Toledo, Wabash and Western Railroad. He was leaning out of the door of a freight car of a moving train and was forced between the building and the car. His forehead was smashed, his whole right side mangled and bruised, and his right arm and a leg broken. He was a drayman and leaves a family in rather poor circumstances.

Man Drowned at Oil City, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

OIL CITY, July 5, 1873.

At about two o'clock this afternoon, as John Kilmire, of Saline, was driving through the river, his buggy tipped and threw him out in about three feet of water. The current was very swift, and Kilmire, being very much under the influence of liquor, was unable to help himself. He was taken out in less than four minutes dead.

A Painter Killed by Lightning.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BLOOMVILLE, OHIO, July 5, 1873.

James Dornan, living two miles north of here, was killed by lightning at noon yesterday. At the time he was struck he was painting the cornice on his house, standing on a ladder about twenty feet from the ground. The stroke knocked him to the ground, breaking his neck and causing instant death. He leaves a wife and two children. He had recently insured his life for five thousand dollars.

Coal Oil Explosion—Young Girl Burned to Death.

NOBLESVILLE, IND., July 5.—There was a fatal coal oil explosion Thursday evening about six o'clock near this place. A young woman named Elizabeth McWay, living with Mr. Geo. Wheeler, two miles south of Rossville, was pouring oil out of a can into a slow fire in order to hurry up the supper, when the oil took fire and an explosion followed which scattered the burning oil all over the body of the girl, burning her to a crisp from the neck down. Miss McWay's sufferings were intense until death relieved her of pain.

A Man, Woman and Child Dashed to Death Over Niagara Falls.

CHIPPEWA, CANADA, July 5.—A man, woman and child went out on Niagara river yesterday afternoon and are supposed to have gone over the Falls, as pieces of a boat were picked up below the Falls this noon. The young man was from Cincinnati, and the girl, with her young brother, from Toronto. The young man and girl were to have been married today, having procured license at Welland yesterday. Their names have not yet been ascertained. The address of a woman on Cedar street, Cleveland, was found in the man's pocket-book at the hotel, but no effects of any consequence were discovered. The bodies have not yet been recovered.

La Montaine, the Aeronaut, Killed—Falls 500 or 600 Feet.

DETROIT, MICH., July 6.—Prof. La Montaine, of Brooklyn, Michigan, was instantly killed at Ionia, yesterday afternoon, by falling from a balloon. He had ascended five or six hundred feet when the balloon collapsed, the ropes passed from under the basket, and the Professor came down one hundred feet from where he ascended, to the horror of ten or twelve thousand spectators.

A Young Man's Head Severed from His Body by Lightning.

FORT WAYNE, IND., July 6.—A young man by the name of Wm. Robinson, who went out hunting on Friday, didn't return as expected, and his friends have been busy searching for him ever since. He was found this morning about three miles from town, lying about fifteen feet from a large tree which had been struck by lightning. His head was severed from his body, and the two were lying some distance apart. The theory of the coroner's jury is that Robinson took shelter under the tree, with his gun upon his shoulder, thereby drawing the lightning upon himself.

Wm. Cornelius met his death, Saturday night, at Greenbush, N. Y., while engaged in a scuffle with a police officer.

THE CENTENNIAL.

Transfer of the Grounds to the Commission at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, July 5.—Philadelphia wore a general holiday attire on the Fourth, and the great event was the transfer of the Centennial grounds to the Centennial Commission. At 2:30 P. M. the distinguished guests, among the number Secretary Robeson, representing the President; Belknap, Secretary of War; Richardson, Secretary of the Treasury; Postmaster General Creswell, Attorney General Williams, Governors of States, and prominent men throughout the country, assembled in the Council Chambers, and were introduced to Mayor Stokley by Governor Hawley in a brief address. At the conclusion of the address a start was made for the Centennial site in Fairmount Park. A proclamation by the President was read at the transfer of the grounds, which, after reciting the act of Congress providing for a National Celebration, &c., closes as follows:

"Now, therefore, be it known that I, Ulysses S. Grant, President of the United States, in conformity with the provisions of the act of Congress aforesaid, do hereby declare and proclaim that there will be held at the city of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, an international exhibition of arts, manufactures and products of the soil and mines, to be opened on the 19th day of April, 1876, and to be closed on the 19th day of October in the same year; and in the interest of peace, civilization, and domestic and international friendship and intercourse, I commend the celebration and exhibition to the people of the United States; and in behalf of this government and people I cordially commend them to all nations who may be pleased to take part therein."

Letters of regret at not being present at the ceremonies, and expressive of sympathy with the Centennial cause, were read from R. J. Oglesby, Governor of Illinois; Edward F. Noyes, Governor of Ohio; Silas Woodson, Governor of Missouri; Horace Austin, Governor of Minnesota; C. C. Carpenter, Governor of Iowa; John J. Bagley, Governor of Michigan; John A. Burbank, Governor of Dakota Territory; United States Senator Bayard and Representative Maynard, of Tennessee; Hamilton Fish, Secretary of State; Elisha Baxter, Governor of Arkansas, and President Grant. The following is the President's letter:

LONG BRANCH, N. J., June 28, 1873.

MY DEAR MR. ROOSE: Your favor, enclosing a letter addressed by Mr. John Welsh to you, was received last evening. It was my intention to comply with your and his request, but I am just now in receipt of a dispatch saying that my father is sinking very rapidly and cannot survive many hours. I start hence, therefore, at once, and will remain until after the Fourth, if my father should live that long, and cannot of course attend the celebration in Philadelphia. Should he not live, I hope and trust that the centennial will receive on 4th proximo such a "go off" as will attract the attention of the nation to it and awaken a determination on the part of the people to make it a grand success; also that foreign nations may have awakened in them a spirit of honorable rivalry with our young republic in the exhibition three years hence.

Yours, truly,

U. S. GRANT.

Hon. Morton McMichael, in a speech, formally transferred the grounds to Gen. Hawley, President of the Centennial Commission, who accepted the trust in an eloquent address. Just as the last words of Gen. Hawley were spoken, the flag was unfurled from a staff one hundred and twenty-one feet high, directly in front of the speakers' stand, amid great applause, and the rendition of the "Star Spangled Banner" by the band. The transfer ceremonies were followed by a grand review of the military.

THE GLORIOUS FOURTH.

How it was Observed at Various Points.

Special Dispatches to the Commercial.

OIL CITY, PA., July 5, 1873.

Yesterday's was by far the best Fourth of July celebration ever held in Oil City. There was a good programme given and well carried out. The City was crowded with strangers. The Pittsburgh boys won the four oared boat race, coming in so far ahead that they had their boat up in the house when the Oil City club came in. The Oil City club claim that they ran over on a board which fouled them. The dances, picnics, &c., on Clark's summit were attended by thousands.

FORT WAYNE, July 5, 1873.

The Fourth here was strictly observed as a holiday, and a total suspension of business was had. The firemen of this city and from Warsaw and Plymouth, Indiana, made an attempt to celebrate the day, but owing to heavy rain, which continued to fall all day, their efforts were frustrated.

ASHTABULA, OHIO, July 5, 1873.

It is estimated that over twenty thousand people participated in the celebration of the Fourth in this city. The firemen, military, societies, bands, &c., were present in full force, with people from the entire surrounding country. The banquet was eminently satisfactory, and the fireworks surpassed in magnificence anything heretofore exhibited in this locality.

CADIZ, O., July 5, 1873.

To our shame it may be said that the glorious Fourth of July has been disgraced by the opening of a grog shop outside the corporation, such things being excluded from within. Among the low-minded the idea has been conceived, and now the weak and the dissipated can flock to this den of iniquity beyond the restraint of our good borough laws, and in utter contempt of natural law desecrate their manhood to the extent of their vitiated appetites. What shall we do? Nitro-glycerine is too good for them.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

E. Walverton's store and four other buildings in Oregon, Mich., were burned Friday night. Loss $16,000.

Number of deaths in St. Louis for the week ending Saturday 241, of which fifty were children under five years, and forty-nine cholera morbus.

At Chicago, Saturday, the proprietors of the Sherman House, assisted by Col. James Brown, Dr. B. C. Miller and several other prominent citizens, gave to the newsboys and bootblacks of the city their second annual excursion and picnic. About 750 gamins were taken on board the steamer D. C. Ainmer, where a substantial and elegant dinner was furnished them, and the day spent in various sports. No accident occurred to mar their pleasure.

On Friday, at Lawrenceburg, Ind., Deputy Sheriff Paul Truitt, was knocked down by a desperado named Pete Miller, whom he had arrested. Truitt fired and shot Miller in the back. The ball passed through and was taken out of the abdomen. It is thought Miller cannot live. He had just been liberated from the Jeffersonville Penitentiary.

At Tuftonboro, N. H., on the 4th, Mrs. Drew was instantly killed by lightning.

Peter B. Sweeney was among the passengers for Europe Saturday.

Thomas Burgers, residing in Brooklyn, was fatally injured by his wife Saturday evening, during a quarrel. She struck him with an ax.

The steamships St. Laurent, from Brest, and Maine, from Bremen, arrived at New York on Saturday.

Eliza Mary Ann Hamblin, actress, and fourth wife of the late Thomas Sowerby Hamblin, a well known actor, died at New York Saturday morning.

There was a terrific thunder storm at Long Branch at eight o'clock Saturday morning, lasting one hour, and another at noon accompanied by a brief fall of rain.

The New York Park Commission, appointed by the last Legislature, have made a report favoring the conversion into a State Park of the immense tract of land almost entirely in the Adirondacks, much frequented by tourists, and covering about 324,000 acres, which, when finished, would be the largest park in the world but one, the United States Park on the Yellowstone river.

Since the abolition of the franking privilege, on the 1st inst., there has been a marked decrease in the amount of mail matter passing through the New York postoffice. The Postmaster says the reform caused a falling off of 19,000 free newspaper exchanges during last week.

Six thousand immigrants arrived at New York last week.

The venerable jurist, Judge Robertson, died on Saturday at Mt. Athos, his residence, in Campbell county, Va., in his eighty-eighth year.

Capt. Wm. Western, of the steamship Arragon, was arrested at New York on Saturday, on a charge of having committed an outrage, during a voyage in 1871, upon a young woman named Margaret O'Connor, now a resident of Brooklyn. The captain claims his entire innocence.

A dispatch from Houston, Texas, of the 5th, says: The weather is now more favorable to crops, and the worms no longer appear in Texas. Two-thirds of the crop of cotton and cereals are very fine. The blacks had just adjourned an exclusively colored State Convention, and refused to endorse Governor Davis.

Dr. Henry L. Hitchcock, ex-President of the Western Reserve College, died at his residence in Hudson, Ohio, Sunday.

Col. Lewis, the counsel for the Modoc Indians charged with murder, has gone to Fort Klamath to take part in the trial. He is anxious not only to show the provocation of the Indians for the late struggle, but the cause of all hostilities. Three more Modoc Indians have surrendered, Miller's Charley, one of Capt. Jack's fathers-in-law, and a young warrior.

Yesterday at Mt. Carmel, Ind., a two-story house fell in and three persons were injured, it is feared fatally.

Frank Delano, of Terre Haute, Ind., accidentally shot himself at Henderson, Ky., yesterday. The ball penetrated his abdomen and it is feared he will die.

The body of a German named Carl Kustner was found floating in the North river, at New York, yesterday. The police are satisfied he had been robbed and murdered. Kustner was traveling agent for a firm in Stettin, arrived in New York on the 10th of June, and was the guest of a hotel in Hoboken.

A great union praise meeting held yesterday afternoon, at Portsmouth, N. H., was a wonderful gathering. Thousands of people thronged the big tent, and hosts failed to gain admittance. All the churches in the city were closed, and nearly all the pastors, singers and congregations were there.

John McCarthy was fatally stabbed by James Corbin, at Syracuse, N. Y., last evening.

The steamer Celtic, from Liverpool, arrived at New York yesterday.

Amos Westcott, doctor of dental surgery, of which he stood at the head, committed suicide at Syracuse, N. Y., Sunday morning, by shooting. He had been for two or three years suffering from hypochondria.

Jeremiah S. Remington has been arrested at Providence, R. I., and held in $5,000 bail to answer a charge of setting fire to the premises of Remington & Perkins, in that city, on the night of the 28th ult., with intent to defraud insurance companies.

During a thunder storm last Friday at Kingston, N. Y., Francis Hall and his son John, while working in a field near Brook's Crossing, were struck by lightning. The young man was instantly killed and the father severely stunned.

How Chicago is Rebuilt.

The Chicago *Advance*, a religious newspaper, has the following striking paragraph: "It is fervently to be hoped that no 'earthquake center' will ever move up to Chicago. Substantial as most of our new blocks are, our architect has made no provision for such disturbances, and as it is, nothing but jack screws have saved a dozen of the most imposing structures in 'Rebuilt Chicago' from tumbling down. Even before their roofs were on, the Tremont House, the Union building, the Singer block, etc., proved too heavy for their crumbling foundations. Architects are sometimes thought to take on a good many airs, but there is no man who is more quiet and modest than an architect while directing the operations of a jack-screw brigade in replacing an inadequate foundation."

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Inspection of Steam Vessels.

The Revised Rules Completed.

Independence Day Duly Observed.

Rare and Valuable Old Books.

French and German Postage.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 5, 1873.

Inspection of Steam Vessels.

The new rules and regulations prepared in connection with the law of 1871, to promote the efficiency of the Bureau charged with the inspections of steam vessels, have been entirely completed and revised, and are now in the hands of the Congressional printer. They will be ready for distribution within two weeks. The new rules make no material change in the organization of the service, but condense, classify and simplify those now in force. There will be considerable alteration in those portions which relate to the outfits of steam vessels, and greater rigor will be exercised in their observance on everything afloat which carries steam. Every local board will be supplied with a large number of the copies now being printed, and instructions will be sent out to supply every one who may desire them. The object of this is that the information may be widely circulated. Hitherto persons arraigned for not conforming to the requirements of the law have, in almost every instance, attempted to evade punishment by declaring on oath that they were not familiar with the law. These parties hereafter will have to resort to some other method of escape, for ignorance, intentional or otherwise, will have no consideration whatever in future cases of explosion and wanton sacrifice of life through explosions of steam boilers.

Independence Day.

The birthday of the nation was quietly celebrated. A number of the prominent officials left the city, some for the ceremonies at Fairmount Park in Philadelphia. The population generally resorted to the woods, or indulged in excursions down the Potomac to the tomb of Washington and the summer resorts along the river still lower down. No public or private business was transacted.

A Valuable Exchange of Books.

The Library of the United States, as it should be designated, but at present known by the uncouth title of the Library of Congress, has just come into possession of a very rare and valuable collection of early printed books in Latin, French and English. The books originally belonged to the Rev. Mr. Laurie, a Scotch divine, long since deceased, but when living a resident in the United States, and during the last years of his life in Washington. The collection was presented to the Washington Library, since incorporated in the library of the Young Men's Christian Association of this city, by J. C. Hall, M. D., one of the heirs. The books being of no general use, Dr. Hall gave his consent to their transfer to the Library of the United States, as the most appropriate place for their safety as well as preservation. The books thus acquired number about one thousand and relate to theology, history, geography, &c. About three-fourths were an actual acquisition in books not already in the library. Some of them date as early as the beginning of the sixteenth century. There is a Bible of 1539, besides several rare vulgate editions of the same book. There are also a number of early American books.

In exchange for these treasures of the learning of the old times, Librarian Spofford gave an equal number of volumes, taken from the duplicate and triplicate works in the Library of the United States, and not needed in its collection. These works will be quite valuable to the Washington Library, as they are all popular, and adapted to the general reader. It should be stated that none of the volumes given in exchange were taken from the duplicates in the copyright library.

German and French Postage.

The following important information relative to postage on newspapers to Germany and letters from France, has been promulgated by the Postoffice Department:

"The postage on newspapers to Germany is in full to destination; but under a law of Prussia, all newspapers printed in the German language, whether at home or abroad, are subject to a tax of one-quarter silbergroschen on each paper, to be collected from the addressee on delivery in Prussia.

The postage charged by the French office upon letters from France for the United States, is 1 franc 20 centimes per one third ounce, if sent via England, and letters so prepaid are delivered free of charge in this country; but if received in the direct mail they are subject on delivery to a postage of 10 cents per half ounce, no matter what amount has been prepaid in France. Insufficiently paid letters from France are treated by the French office as wholly unpaid, and reach this country with a claim for French and British postage, to be collected on delivery.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 6, 1873.

Rules Disapproved.

It is important to state in connection with the early promulgation of the new rules and regulations prepared by the Board of Supervising Inspectors for the government of vessels carrying steam, that the Secretary of the Treasury has disapproved of the following, which have been stricken out of the official copy of the Board: "When a bale of cotton is in a merchantable condition as to compactness and covering, it shall be considered as in compliance with the provisions of the fourth section of the act approved February 28, 1871, requiring all bales of cotton to be thoroughly covered with bagging and compactly pressed. Cotton well and securely put in bags shall not be considered as loose cotton, nor shall baled hay used for feeding stock on board be considered as loose hay within the meaning of the law. The tearing of the bagging in the act of handling or cutting it in sampling the cotton, or for other purposes, when the same is repaired at the earliest moment possible, shall not be considered as sufficient grounds for complaint."

The Secretary rules that the above is not warranted by the law and is liable to abuse. The rule that no Local Inspector shall be employed in any business other than the duties at his office, without the consent in writing of the Supervising Inspector of the district, has been stricken out by direction of the Secretary, as the law expressly provides for that emergency, and that the Supervising Inspector has no discretion in the matter.

Transfer of Fairmount Park.

The government officials returning here from the ceremonies at Fairmount Park, on the occasion of the transfer of the site for the exhibition buildings to the Centennial Commission, are very enthusiastic in their comments upon the success of the affair, and declare that it is the duty of every patriotic American to perform his part in making it the greatest triumph of the kind the world has ever seen.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 6, 1873.

OLD ACCOUNT SETTLED—LARGE DEFICIT.

The Second Auditor of the Treasury has just completed the settlement of the account of Jacob Thompson, Secretary of the Interior under Buchanan's administration, and acting at that time as trustee of the Indian fund. It is shown there is a deficit of $921,000. The statement is made that it has not been possible to take up these accounts until recently, owing to the fact that all previous accounts required to be settled before reaching Mr. Thompson's case. The stocks of the United States and of certain States, held in trust by the Secretary of the Interior, amount to about $5,000,000. The annual interest, nearly $281,000, is transferred or applied to the benefit of the Indian tribes owning the securities.

THE TURF.

The Fastest Running Time in the World

SAN FRANCISCO, July 5.—At Sacramento this afternoon California horses achieved a reputation of speed second to none. The fastest time ever made in a running race in the United States was beaten in the first heat, and the heats taken together make the fastest time ever made in the world. The purse was for $750. The horses entered were B. H. Thornhill, Nell Flaherty, Thad. Stevens, Queen and Twenty Cents. The first heat was won by Thornhill, in 1:43, beating Flaherty half a length, stamping both horses the fastest running horses in the United States. In the second heat Flaherty made the half mile in 51, leaving Thornhill, and coming home ahead, again repeating 1.43, the same time as first heat. This was something wonderful, nothing like it being on record in the time-table of the country. In the third heat Thornhill led to the half mile, passing in 50¾. The third, fourth and fifth heats were won by neither. Thad. Stevens winning all in 1.43¼, 1.46½ and 1.45.

LIST OF PATENTS

To Citizens of Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia.

The following list of patents, issued from the United States Patent Office for the week ending July 1, 1873, is furnished the COMMERCIAL from the office of J. McC. Perkins & Co., Counsellors-at-Law and Solicitors for American and Foreign Patents, No. 513 Seventh street, Washington City, D. C.:

PENNSYLVANIA.

Flange Union—August A. Dame, Titusville. Application filed April 18, 1873.

Fumigat Bee Hive—Abraham R. Denlinger, Gordonville. Application filed May 9, 1873.

Thrashing Machine—Lewis C. Bickings, Norristown. Application filed May 3, 1873.

Grain Binder—Quincy A. Scott, Pittsburgh. Application filed May 9, 1873.

Chair Fan Attachment—Benjamin I. Jordan, Mercersburg. Application filed April 12, 1873.

Metallic Roofing—Patrick Wall, Allegheny, assignor to himself and John S. Hall, same place. Application filed January 9, 1873.

Head Block for Saw Mills—George B. Getty, Bloomsburg, assignor to himself, Elias Mendenhall and Eli Barton, same place. Application filed February 7, 1873.

Platform Scale—John F. Keeler, Pittsburgh. Application filed September 7, 1871.

Boring Machine—Harlin Longwell, Mansfield. Application filed May 10, 1873.

Harvester—George W. Leisher, New Wilmington, assignor of one-half his right to Barton A. Leisher, Renovo. Application filed June 24, 1871.

Vault Cover—William R. Williams, Indiana township, Allegheny county. Application filed March 20, 1873.

Clamping Device—Charles Stout, Waverly Heights, assignor to himself and Clinton Rorer, same place. Application filed March 12, 1873.

Shirt—Joseph Wieser, Williamsport. Application filed May 9, 1872.

Binder for Loaded Wagons and Sleighs—Jacob Paff, Lawrenceburg. Application filed May 10, 1873.

Photography—Edwin L. Bergstresser, Hublersburgh. Application filed March 25, 1873.

Traction Engine—David H. Hall, Sinnamahoning. Application filed March 31, 1873.

Washing Machine—John E. Anderson, Boiling Springs. Application filed March 12, 1873.

Manufacture of Illuminating Gas—Thomas N. Miller, Pittsburgh. Application filed January 25, 1873.

Method and Mould for Manufacturing Glassware—James S. Atterbury and Thomas B. Atterbury, Pittsburgh. Application filed March 27, 1873.

Combined Stop and Check Valve—Augustus A. Dame, Titusville. Application filed March 13, 1873.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Tanning Compound—John B. Hite, Guyandotte. Application filed March 7, 1873.

OHIO.

Washing Machine—A. Gregg, Springborough.

Dinner Can—A. A. Arnold, Clyde.

Reed Organ—C. W. Palmer, Cleveland.

Animal Poke—C. Hinman, Akron.

Paint Brush—J. J. Gorman, Cincinnati.

Miter Box—C. Caton, Coshocton.

Plow—P. Loeb, Dayton.

Brick Machine—G. O. Hoock and C. E. Sawyer, Springfield.

Gas Burner—J. Rigby, Cincinnati.

Medical Compound—W. V. Green and J. M. Kintzell, Wellsville.

Steam Generator—H. Pease, Dayton.

Bed Bottom—E. L. Brockett, Newton.

Round for Vehicles—A. Mechlessen, Ottawa.

Re-Issues.

Car Truck—A. Rigley, Cleveland.

Car Axle Box—A. Rigley, Cleveland.

THE WALWORTH CASE.

Frank Walworth Sentenced to the State Prison for Life—Forcible Remarks of Judge Davis.

NEW YORK, July 5.—Frank H. Walworth, who shot his father and had been convicted of murder in the second degree, was sentenced this morning to imprisonment for life. Walworth was attended in Court by his mother, brother, sister and a number of relatives and friends. His counsel, except Mr. Beach, were present, Mr. O'Conor sitting beside the young criminal. Walworth preserved the demeanor which characterized him throughout the trial, apparently wholly insensible of the position he occupies in the estimation of the great body of the people. He heard unmoved the sentence to the State prison for life, and at the close retired from the Court room accompanied by his mother and the Sheriff's officers. Mr. O'Conor is said to be endeavoring to induce the Sheriff to allow Walworth to remain in the Tombs in the hope that a pardon from the Governor may save him from the State prison.

Judge Davis, before passing sentence, said the evidence, in his opinion, justified the verdict, and he was not sure but it would have justified a verdict of murder in the first degree, although he could understand the motives which prompted the jury to render the verdict which they did. He then continued: "The duty I am to perform is rendered doubly painful by the fact that you belong to a family honored and distinguished both in the civil and military annals of your country. Your grandfather, on the one hand, was, as has been truly said by your counsel, for a long time Chief Equity Judge of this great State, and he left a record for purity and integrity, and for all the private virtues that adorn and elevate man, second to none who have attained so high a station; and your grandfather on your mother's side fell nobly fighting for his country on the field of battle, and left a record of which all his descendants may well be proud. It is with grief that I feel bound to express my sorrow that the memory of those great ancestors should not have restrained you from the commission of such a crime as that of which you are convicted. Your poor mother had indeed cause to regret her relations to the father you have slain. You also undoubtedly had great cause to feel, not aggrieved merely, but ashamed and indignant at the long course of outrages towards her and his family. But bad as he was, you were not to be the avenger of those wrongs. He had done nothing to forfeit his life, even to the laws of his country, and least of all had he done anything to forfeit his life at the hands of his own and eldest son. When I look back upon that moment when you constituted yourself his executioner and slew him, in that room, with no one present but yourselves, I cannot but feel that that death must have been to him more horrible than a thousand deaths in any other form. Called by you to your presence, apparently for the purposes of a peaceful interview to settle family difficulties, invited to a seat in your room, and apparently almost instantly confronted with the weapon of death in his own son's hands, what thoughts must have rushed on him at that moment, when he found that the person who he expected had come to him for the purposes of peaceful arrangement had come to kill him? What thoughts, what terrible thoughts, must have rushed upon him when he received the leaden messenger of death in his bosom from the hands of his eldest boy? I shudder when I think of it, and I think you ought to devote your whole life to a repentance such as God only can accept for so horrible a deed."

Walworth, on his way to the Tombs, after sentence, said: "I am glad I did not have to endure the long lecture I had anticipated Judge Davis would inflict upon me. I thoroughly understand my position, and did not desire any instruction in relation thereto. I simply wish time to arrange my affairs, and I shall then submit myself to my fate with all the equanimity I can command." Upon being taken to his cell he parted cheerfully with the Deputy Sheriff, saying that his was a case which he thoroughly understood, but did not blame the world for not understanding.

POLITICAL.

State.

M. R. Barr, Esq., has been chosen as Chairman of the Erie county Republican Committee for the ensuing year.

L. Westbrook, D. A. Well, G. P. Heller, E. B. Eldred, James W. Quick and Chauncey Thomas are candidates for the Legislature in the Wayne and Pike district.

Following is a full list of the delegates from Philadelphia to the Republican State Convention: Senatorial, John A. Houseman, Hamilton Disston, Chas. W. Ridgway and Chas. Thomson Jones; Representative, Joseph K. Fletcher, Robert C. Tittermary, John R. Orr, John Shermer, David F. Houston, Daniel B. Bettler, Andrew Alexander, William Totten, James W. Sayres, M. Hall Stanton, William B. Mann, William M. Bunn, Thomas Spence, George Bumm, J. B. M. Addis, John W. Harmer, Henry Cowpland and Christian Kneass.

General.

The Washington correspondent of the Boston *Advertiser* says General Butler's friends are much annoyed because the administration proposes to be neutral in the coming Gubernatorial contest in that State.

The Boston *Post* blames "the administration" for the killing of Judge Cooley, in a duel, near New Orleans. The duel grew out of the fact that Judge Cooley was counsel for a man who sued the *Picayune* for libel, and gained the case. He was the challenged party, and his murderer is an unrepenting rebel, which secures for him the affection of the Democrats of the country.

The Democracy are bothering themselves prodigiously to get started on some promising new departure. But the Democratic doctors are worrying themselves to no purpose. The destiny of the Democratic party depends not so much on what is before it as on what is behind it. It might do a very promising business with its *will be*, if it could only get rid of its *has been*.—*Ohio State Journal.*

The New York *Evening Post*, at this late day, has an obituary on "The Liberal Party," from which we copy as follows: In its birth it was a monster, and its few weeks of life were an iniquitous debauch under the assumption of a political virtue to which it had no claim. Its very existence was an insult to honest people, and its pretence of having survived the indignation and contempt which overwhelmed it is, if we take it seriously, an impertinence without parallel. By usurpation at Cincinnati and coalition at Baltimore it postponed for years the purification of politics; and those measures of reform, on which depend a renewal of the prosperity of the country, it made impossible for an indefinite period by wasting the opportunity, that one more game should be given to a parcel of political gamblers who cared for nothing but political power and the spoils of office.

STATE NEWS.

A practical exemplification of "breaking up housekeeping" was given by an Altoona woman, whose husband has been on an extended drunk. She took an ax and smashed all the furniture, including the stove and utensils, killed all the chickens, and then took her two children and left the neighborhood.

The drought is injuring the tobacco crop in Bucks county badly.

During the prevalence of a thunder storm on Saturday afternoon a man named Snyder, residing up towards the Lehigh Gap, Lehigh county, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. He was on his way from his house to the barn at the time of the occurrence, another man walking alongside of him. He, too, was knocked senseless by the stroke, burnt and blackened about his body and otherwise injured to such a degree that his recovery can hardly be hoped for.

James Seagraves was convicted in the Carbon County Court last week of an assault upon Hon. Zach. H. Long, member of the Constitutional Convention, at Leighton some two weeks ago, and sentenced to ten days' imprisonment and $100 fine.

The Philadelphia *Ledger*, during the past six months, has announced the deaths of 328 persons who have lived above eighty years—122 males and 206 females. Three of the latter were centenarians, the age of one of whom reached 103.

Lehigh Valley rails are to be laid on Salt Lake City street railroads. An Allentown mill has an order for fifty-five tons.

Hon. A. G. Miller, of Shippensburg, ex-State Senator, has had a paralytic stroke, from which he is slowly recovering.

Charles Wright, the young man who shot and killed Benjamin Devine and wounded John Devine of Altoona, on the night of the 3d of July, 1871, and sentenced to the Western Penitentiary, has been pardoned by Governor Hartranft.

Col. Daniel Wagner and wife, of Harrisburg, celebrated their silver wedding last week.

Lycoming county has a young giant aged nineteen years, whose feet are sixteen inches long and still growing.

Rev. W. O. Williams, the Waterford (Erie county) forger, is in Canada. The recreant divine exhibits the ravages of an accusing conscience and harrassing fears. He has lost flesh greatly, his cheeks are hollow, and his sunken eyes indicate utter despair and misery. It is believed that Williams' mind cannot long sustain the severe strain to which it has been subjected, and that sooner or later he will find a suicide's grave or a lunatic's cell.

The Mauch Chunk *Gazette* says: On last Saturday afternoon during the terrible storm that prevailed, the Rev. Edward Snyder, who lives near Millport, this county, was struck and killed by lightning. Mr. Snyder, with Owen Scheoneberger, had been mowing when the storm commenced, when they started for shelter. On the way Mr. Snyder was struck and Owen was badly stunned, but he managed to get into a barn near by. Mr. Snyder was found dead in the road where he fell. His hat was badly torn, and half of the back part of his shoe was entirely gone. There was a hole through the leather heel of the shoe the size of a small bullet, and also in the heel of his foot, corresponding precisely with that in the shoe. The shoe upon the left foot was but slightly torn. Otherwise there were no marks upon the deceased's person nor his clothing, except a bruise on the face which was caused by a fall. The electricity apparently entered the upper part of his body and was discharged through his feet to the earth. There were no marks of the lightning where Mr. Snyder was stricken, nor had he anything with him which would be likely to attract the fluid. Mr. Snyder leaves a family of eight children, whose ages range from two months to thirteen and a half years. He was a zealous and useful man, and one worthy of the highest praise for his industry and perseverance in preparing himself for the ministry, which he did without the benefit of even a common school education. Yet he was much liked as a teacher, and his people will miss him greatly.

A complaint was made before a Williamsport Justice, on Tuesday, by a workman employed in Harrisburg, to the effect that a man named Green had run away with his wife. The delinquent couple was found and the husband proposed to take his eloping better-half back to her home. In the same place, a few days ago, a young man created a sensation by eloping with a married lady, on the same day that she had appointed to meet her "protector."

Visitors to the Gettysburg battle field are very numerous this season.

A child was born in Altoona, a few days ago, which weighed one pound, and was eleven inches in length.

Philadelphians congratulate themselves that never, on a Fourth of July, were they so free from fires, fights, &c., as on Friday last. Alliterative and astonishing.

Dr. Horatio S. Trexler, of Hagersville, Bucks county, died a few days ago from the effects of a kick from a horse.

A shoemaker by the name of Williams, who resided in Ohio township, Beaver county, committed suicide one day last week by shooting himself through the abdomen with a rifle. The unfortunate man was both deaf and dumb, and leaves behind him a wife and several children.

A lumberman up the Allegheny has a trunk made of half-inch boiler iron, and inscribed upon it are the following touching lines to the baggage-smasher: "Throw and be damned." This story may be profane but it is true.

At Brooklyn, N. Y., on the evening of the Fourth, Henry Guntner, in firing his pistol from the roof of a house, shot Mrs. Ellen Scuter, a newly married woman, through the skull, inflicting a fatal wound. The injured woman was sitting near a window in her residence when shot. Guntner was arrested.

CRIMES.

Probable Homicide at Youngstown on the Fourth.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

YOUNGSTOWN, OHIO, July 5, 1873.

Two colored men entered the saloon of Bob Riddle, on West Federal street, on the Fourth, and asked for drinks, which were refused them. They went out and in a short time returned, with three others, and after some altercation started out. On reaching the door one of the party turned and fired at Riddle, the ball missing him but taking effect in the breast of his bar-tender, Jacob Wilkins. Wilkins is still alive, but his recovery is doubtful. Four of the party were shortly afterward arrested and the fifth one to-day, dressed in women's clothing. Those who witnessed the shooting failed to agree to-day at the hearing in identifying the person who fired the shot. The hearing was continued to Monday.

Brutal Murder at Shoals, Ind.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

SHOALS, IND, July 6, 1873.

A brutal murder was committed here yesterday by a man named James Ables, who beat out the brains of a young man named Walter Withman with a club. Withman had hallooed at Ables as he was passing along on horseback, when Ables dismounted and killed him. Great excitement was caused, and the lynching of Ables was only frustrated by his being carried out of town by the officers to a neighboring county jail.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

Homicide at Georgetown, Ohio.

GEORGETOWN, OHIO, July 6, 1873.

An affray occurred here in a saloon on the night of the Fourth, between Newton Kendle and John Young. The latter was intoxicated at the time. Kendle struck him a blow on the head and jaw with a hickory club. He cannot possibly survive the injury.

Homicide in Wheeling—The Result of Jealousy.

WHEELING, July 5.—About eleven o'clock this morning a man named Martin A. G. Evans, a printer by trade, but at present in the employ of the signal service at Cincinnati, went to visit a Mrs. Dunlap, in this city, whom he was very desirous of marrying. He was very jealous of a Mr. Flannagan, who boarded with Mrs. Dunlap. Upon entering the house he went directly to Flannagan's room, and finding him lying in bed drew a revolver. Flannagan jumped up and seized the weapon, when, in the scuffle, it went off, the ball injuring several fingers of Evans's hand and passing through Flannagan's hand. Mrs. Dunlap and her sister rushed into the room and Evans, upon observing her tried to carry the weapon toward her, but Flannagan warded it off every time. The second shot passed through the skirt of Mrs. Dunlap's dress and lodged in the door; the third shot inflicted a scalp wound on Evans; the fourth shot lodged in his (Evans') brain, causing death in a few minutes. Parties cognizant of the affair relieve Flannagan of any intention to turn the course of the weapon towards Evans, his aim being entirely to secure the weapon, and failing in that, to prevent any injury being inflicted until the revolver was emptied.

At the inquest this afternoon letters were found on Evans addressed to his mother, also to leading physicians of this city, stating his firm intention of shooting Mrs. Dunlap and then killing himself. The jury acquitted Mr. Flannagan, all the evidence proving his attempts were only to save Evans from bloodshed.

Fatal Ending of an Old Feud Between Brothers-in-Law.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 5.—At Greensburg, Indiana, yesterday, Wm. Aderholders shot and killed George Leisure. The parties were brothers-in-law, and a feud existed between them for several years. They were both out squirrel hunting and met in the wood, and the quarrel was renewed. Leisure drew a knife, when Aderholder fired, killing Leisure instantly. He then surrendered himself to the officers. On his way to town he stopped to ask a man to see that Leisure's remains were promptly taken care of.

A Boy of Eight Years Murders a Child of Three Years.

BOSTON, July 5.—In South Acton, Massachusetts, yesterday, George Curtis, aged eight, enticed a boy named Lane, three years of age, into the woods and there beat him with a club in the most shocking manner. Lane was soon discovered, but died of his injuries four hours after. The child murderer fled, but was arrested last evening in Cambridge.

BOSTON, July 6.—The boy George Edward Curtis, charged with clubbing to death the Lane child, three years old, in the woods of Acton, is about twelve years of age. He came from New York some fifteen months ago, where he has a mother, to live with his uncle, Maurice Lane, the father of the child he is accused of murdering. It is said he was sent to his uncle to prevent, if possible, his following in the footsteps of his two older brothers, who have been inmates of the State prison. The coroner's jury is investigating the murder.

Alleged Wife Murder.

BOSTON, July 5.—The wife of Robert Kilpatrick died suddenly last evening in Warwick street, and her husband has been arrested, charged with beating her to death.

A Man Shot Dead in a Billiard Saloon by a Youth of Eighteen

CHARLESTON, MASS., July 6.—Harvey West, an estimable man, was shot dead in the most unprovoked manner in a billiard saloon, Friday night by John Duffus, a youth of eighteen. The inquest today resulted in a verdict of wilful murder. Duffus is in jail.

FROM THE FAR NORTHWEST.

A Trip Through the Region Traversed by the Northern Pacific Railway—The Road and Its Belongings—The Lakes of Minnesota—The Lumber Regions—Marks of Forest Fires—The Dalles of St. Louis River—Ice-Bound Duluth, the Zenith of the Unsalted Seas.

Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

DULUTH, May 31, 1873.

On Friday morning, May 30th, our party, with the addition of Mr. H. Brownson, formerly General Freight Agent on the Union Pacific Railroad, and now on his way to Bismarck to fill the same position on the Northern Pacific, left St. Paul by the Lake Superior and Mississippi Road for Duluth. This road is leased and operated by the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. This latter company now own, operate or have an interest in 871 miles of road in operation in Minnesota alone, and when the Brainerd and St. Vincent branches are completed, will have 1,696 miles of railway within the limits of that State.

Everything belonging to the Northern Pacific Railroad Company seems to be of the very best quality. The coach our party occupied on this route was more than usually elegant and comfortable, and the officers of the train attentive and courteous. The greater portion of this road passes through a wooded region, the timber being principally pine and tamarack.

As usual in Minnesota, for the first fifty or sixty miles from St. Paul, you are scarcely ever out of sight of a lake, some of them large, surrounded almost entirely by a dense forest, and often very pleasing to the eye. Farther north the timber becomes more dense and of a larger growth, and wherever we crossed streams large enough for the purpose, we found them full of floating logs, and at several places were saw mills, about which were great quantities of sawed lumber ready for the railroad to carry South to the districts devoid of timber growth.

Minnesota is peculiarly fortunate in possessing among her other resources, this additional one of good lumber. The lack of lumber is the great want of the Western prairie country at the present time, and the opening up, by railroads, of these extensive pineries has conferred a benefit upon that region, without which the large extent of settlement and improvement already made would have been entirely impossible. How rapid and extensive this work has been may be judged from the fact that about twenty years ago there were but six thousand people within the borders of the present State of Minnesota; now the population is above half a million. Let us also consider that in the year 1862 wheat was imported into the State to supply the wants of the people—now they are exporting annually from fifteen to twenty million bushels of the same grain.

Ten years ago the first railroad car was run in the State of Minnesota—now there are in the same State about twenty-three hundred miles of railroad, and from and into St. Paul eighty-three trains of cars go and come daily.

Yet not only Minnesota, but also Iowa, Nebraska, Dakota Territory and other districts largely receive their supply of building material from the same source, thus creating an immense industry in this trade.

At many places along this road we could see that fires had raged among these lofty pines and tamarack, not entirely destroying them, but often leaving the charred and blackened trunk still standing, or prostrate upon the ground in an intricate network, formed by their falling crosswise upon each other. These districts, though never very extensive, form complete pictures of desolate solitude.

About twenty miles out from Duluth we arrived at the junction with the Northern Pacific Road. Here we found the surface of the country much broken by long upheaved masses of metamorphic rock, being a spur of the Laurentian range of mountains, extending eastward along the northern shore of Lake Superior. And it is this extension of the range through which the St. Louis river has made its way, which is the cause of the noted rapids or "dalles" of that river, which empties its waters into Lake Superior at Duluth. The first sight we had of this stream was a mile or so after passing the junction, where the railroad crosses it, and where, coming in this direction, the appearance of the surface around you gives no indication of an approach to even a small stream. But suddenly, above the noise of the train, you hear a suppressed roar, and looking above the line of the road to your left, at the distance of perhaps a hundred yards, you see the river, white and foaming, leap out, as it were, from behind jagged rocks like an enraged beast, and turning suddenly about at a right angle, rush, covered with foam, towards the railroad bridge, pass under it, and just below hurl itself against the side of a huge rock, a mountain in itself, when, baffled and defeated, it seems to hesitate for a time in a mad, dizzy whirl; then turning again at a right angle to its former course, it rushes away among rugged rocks and over sudden falls, growing more wild and more magnificent than ever. The railroad runs along the bank of the stream for some miles, and within a distance of nine miles the river has a fall of over four hundred feet, forming, at least when there is a high stage of water as when seen by our party, a scene of rare grandeur and beauty. From the railroad car there are many charming views of the valley of this river, composed of hills rising one above the other and densely covered with pine and tamarack, the dark verdure of the pines covering the valley below us being relieved by the bright, sunny appearance of the leaves of the birch. Within the distance of nine miles the railroad crosses five bridges, having an average height of one hundred feet—one of them being one hundred and fifteen feet in height.

One characteristic of this stream is the color of the water, which is a reddish brown, and adds much to the picturesque effect of the rapids. After about nine or ten miles from the point where the road crosses it, the surface of the river becomes as calm and unruffled as that of a sylvan lake, and, as an eloquent member of our party expressed it, this St. Louis river—with so appropriate an appellation as that meaning a "bold, dashing warrior,"—is a fair simile of the life-journey of a man whose early days have been passed boisterously amidst severe encounters and successful struggles, to rest calmly and free from care in the autumn of life.

We arrived in Duluth, to find—not a harbor filled with shipping and busy with life—but closed with ice stretching out into the lake for, as was said, nine miles. The people of Duluth are anxiously longing for an east wind to drive the ice out and let the ships come in.

Duluth at this time has an appearance of loneliness and want of life, which only needs an open harbor to make it a busy, bustling place. It has now probably five thousand people. The city is built in a kind of amphitheater, rising from the edge of the lake with a steady ascent of what I would estimate roughly at about twenty degrees, until it seems to form a mountain shutting in the city except from the lake, and up and down the lake shore. There is an excellent hotel, and many fine private residences. Much of the stone used in building being that blasted out in attempt to make a cellar. From Third street I counted nine churches, some of them apparently fine buildings.

It is very unusual for Duluth harbor to be closed with ice so late in the season. J. M. M.

Clinton D. Merriam, of New York, sent his back pay to General Spinner a week or two since, with directions to cover it into the Treasury, which has been done. Representative John M. Bright, of the Fourth Tennessee district, is announced as having drawn his back pay, and as proposing to distribute it equally among the counties of his district.

They are talking about Senator Hamlin's successor down in Maine. He is a candidate for re-election, and among his competitors are Governor Perham, Isaiah H. Drummond, Israel Washburn, Jr., and Eugene Hale.

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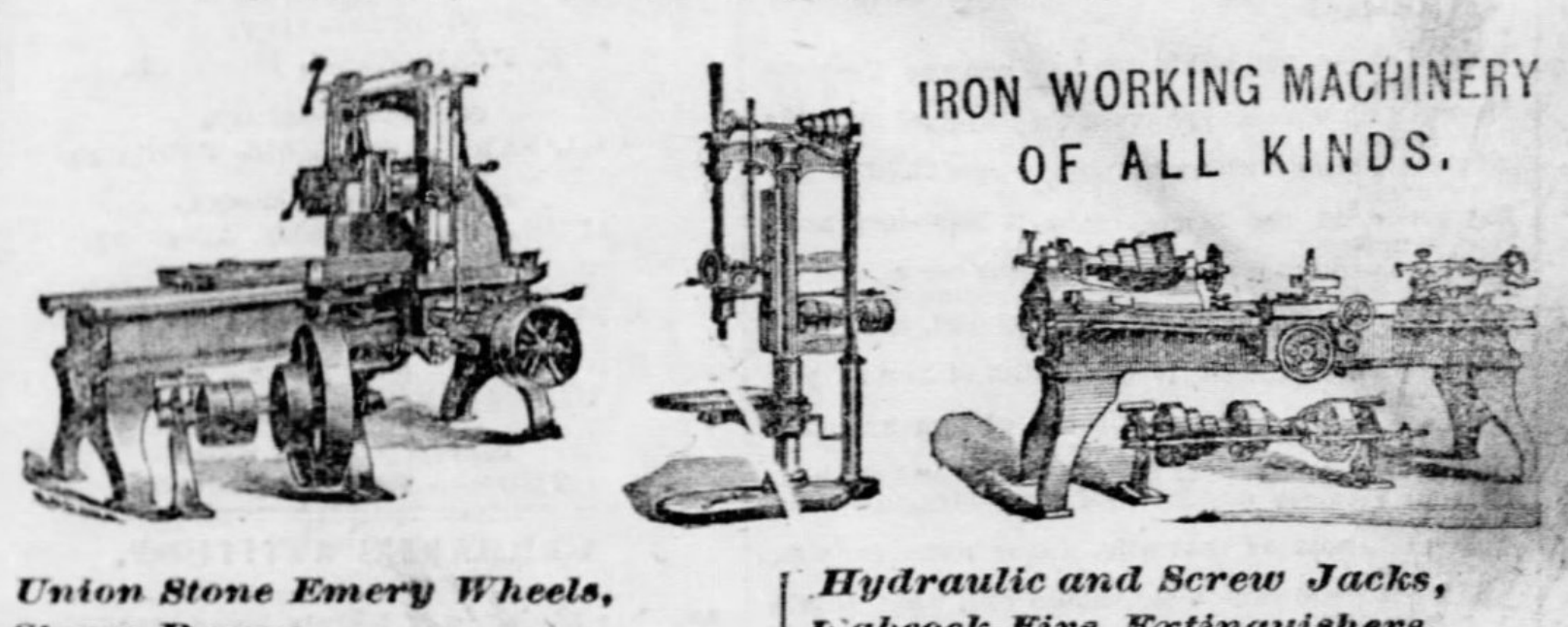

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C. Arbuthnot..........W. T. Shannon..........J. G. Stephenson.

The First Presbyterian Church.

The last number of the *Pulpit* contains an excellent sermon of the Rev. S. F. Scovel, D. D., on "Home Missions." Accompanying it is a brief historical sketch of the church, which we append:

In 1786 a little energy among the hitherto listless inhabitants that resided near Fort Pitt resulted in the organization of this church, the pioneer of associated Christian effort in Pittsburgh. In 1787 a charter was obtained, and under the care of Rev. Samuel Barr and the trustees, Messrs. Jno. Withers, Robt. Galbraith, Stephen Bayard, Isaac Craig and others, entered upon its evangelizing work. The following is a list of the pastors who have served:

From 1786 to 1791, Rev. Samuel Barr.
From 1793 to 1794, Rev. Mr. Mahon.
From 1794 to 1795, Rev. Mr. Semple.
From 1800 to 1810, Rev. Robert Steel. Died in 1810.
From 1811 to 1850, Rev. Francis Herron, D. D. Died Dec. 6, 1860.
From 1850 to 1866, Rev. W. N. Paxton, D. D.
From 1866 to the present time, Rev. S. F. Scovel.

The first building "of square timbers and dimensions," erected in 1870, was replaced by a brick structure in 1804, and in 1855 the present beautiful edifice was built, which, combining as it does, artistic elegance with comfort and utility, adds greatly to our city. The first Sabbath school in the United States was organized in 1800, with but little success till 1817, when it entered upon a prosperous career.

Rise in the Rivers.

The rains of the past few days have brought the rivers up, and there is a prospect that a considerable amount of coal may get down by barges. Preparations have been making, and it is expected that the following shipments will be made within the next few days:

To Cincinnatti	1,293,000	bushels
To Madison	60,000	bushels
To Louisville	1,230,000	bushels
	2,798,000	

Meeting of the Central Board.

A regular monthly meeting of the Central Board of Education will be held to-morrow, Tuesday afternoon when some important subjects will be considered and acted upon. It is said that the question of the abolition of the separate schools for colored children will be brought up for reconsideration. The question of ward school grades—a most important matter—will also be decided. The question has already been discussed in our columns at some length by parties on both sides, but the probable action of the Board relative thereto can not be foretold.

Barnum's New Show.

We published yesterday a dispatch announcing the arrival at New York of a cargo of rare living wild animals for P. T. Barnum's new show. Among these new importations are four giraffes, the only ones now in America. For several years past Mr. Barnum has held the only specimens of these rare and costly animals, but in the fire which consumed his Museum last winter, these were destroyed, and he has only just been able to replace them. Mr. Barnum's new arrivals will be exhibited to the public for the first time at Pittsburgh next Monday. In addition to the giraffes, which are, by the way, the most rare, beautiful and costly animals ever exhibited, one specimen being alone worth more than many entire menageries. Mr. Barnum has a vast collection of rare animals and curiosities that cannot be seen in any other exhibition. The enormous crowds which daily throng Barnum's tents make it necessary for the great showman to erect an immense wooden amphitheater, capable of seating several thousand people, in addition to the accommodations furnished in the mammoth hippodrome. The press are everywhere loud in praise of the great show, and our readers will bear in mind that Mr. Barnum's great exhibition will not be in Pittsburgh until next Monday, July 7th.

The subjoined notice of the entertainment is from an exchange:

"It is three times larger than any similar exhibition that has been here. In quality the features are all good. There is not one that is not worth examining. The exhibition is divided into several grand departments—the menagerie and museum and the circus. In the former there are 60 or 70 teams, cages, or whatever else they may be called. In 42 of these are animals and birds; in the others, curiosities. The collection of animals is large, the assortment unusually extensive; and there is not a quadruped in the collection that doesn't look well. We cannot recall any species of beast that we have ever seen that cannot be found here; and there were several to which we yesterday had the honor of an introduction for the first time. The performers are, without exception, skilled in their specialties. The variety of their acts is excellent; their number is great; and, *mirabile dictu*, there are many novelties. Our readers will bear us witness that we are not famous for "puffing" shows devoid of merit; and the above may therefore be accepted as our honest opinion of Barnum's present enterprise."

Inducements Offered

FOR CASH and to PROMPT MEN, on sugars. All kinds of groceries and flour at the Checkered Front, Pittsburgh. T. C. Jenkins.

American Boneless Sardines

Are prepared in the best olive oil. Their fine flavor and nutritious quality, with the extremely low price, which is less than half of that of French sardines, will make them very popular. For lunches, picnics, &c., they are the best, as well as the cheapest relish. Retail dealers can be supplied from the stock of Jesse H. Lippincott, 231 Liberty street.

DOES it pay to be compelled by debility and languor to abandon active business when the brain, nerve and muscle can be braced up by the use of Pearl Wheat. Ask your grocer for it.

Very Hot.

The Imperial Russian Mustard, with the horse-radish flavor, is the strongest in the world, and is especially pleasant to the palate of those who are fond of horseradish. Wholesale at Jesse H. Lippincott's, 231 Liberty street.

The Great Patent.

The White River Flour, made by an entire new process, will probably make more and better bread than any flour in the country for the money. Every dealer should keep it. See T. C. Jenkins's advertisement.

Strawberry Short Cake.

Take one pound of flour, mix well through it one and a half measures Banner Baking Powder, and two teaspoonfuls salt; then rub in one-half pound shortening, and with a spoon one-half pint sweet milk; bake in jelly cake pans. When cold and just before eating, place in layers, covering each one with strawberries which have previously been sugared.

Each can of Banner Baking Powder contains a small measure (to be used even full), and a valuable list of recipes. Try it once, and you will never use any other.

PEARL WHEAT is becoming immensely popular, and why? Because it strengthens and invigorates the digestive organs as well as refreshes the body and the mind. It is nature's pure and wholesome food, and contains no deleterious substances.

TEAS&COFFEES
FLOUR AND CHEESE
273
275
T.C.JENKINS
Liberty St Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE GREAT

FLOUR AND GROCERY HOUSE.

The only House that handles the celebrated

White River Flour,
Lilly Mills
Golden Fleece and
Jenkin's Snow Flake.

All Orders for Flour, Groceries, Teas, Roast Coffees, &c., &c., from responsible parties by mail, promptly filled at Lowest Rates.

Time on Flour, Groceries and General Merchandise, 30 days. One per cent. discount allowed on Flour and all other Goods, if paid within 10 days from date of bill. No charge for drayage.

ADAPTED TO ALL CLIMATES.—Certain it is that Pearl Wheat is rapidly displacing and sweeping out of existence the exciting and dangerous nostrums used in the practice of medicine as an antidote for dyspepsia. This is on account of its adaptability to all systems and all climates.

☞ *Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—BRICKLAYERS—THREE or four Bricklayers to go to Jefferson county. Fair pay. Apply to THOMAS MALLOY, Union Depot Hotel, to day.

WANTED—WHITE WHEAT—THE Pearl Wheat Manufacturing Company will pay the highest market price for good White Wheat, at their Mill, No. 183 to 195 First avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—TEACHER—A PRACTICAL Teacher holding a permanent Certificate and having had experience in a Grammar Department. None other need apply. GEORGE TEESE, Secretary Washington Schools, Seventeenth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—LABORERS—FARM AND Garden Hands, Carriage Drivers, Girls and Women for housework and light work of all kind. Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth street, first door from Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—SALESMAN—BY A PHILADELPHIA Clothing House, an experienced Traveling Salesman, thoroughly acquainted with the Western Pennsylvania trade. Address, stating reference, Lock Box 316, Pittsburgh. MWS

WANTED—SHIPPER—AN ASSISTANT Shipper in a manufacturing establishment. Those only who have had some experience and can offer good references or recommendations need make application. Address in writing, stating age and previous occupation, A. B., Box C., Pittsburgh Commercial.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—EVERYWHERE to Sell ABEL'S VERMIN EXTERMINATOR, the only reliable article in the market. Apply or address, with stamp, CHAS. ABEL & CO., No. 116 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—GOOD BOARDING AND Good Rooms, for regular Boarders, can be had at the Bethel and Young Men's Home, Duquesne Way, between Eighth and Ninth streets. Orderly men will find good accommodation at reasonable rates.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A PLEASANT FRONT Room, Furnished, suitable for one or two gentlemen, at 65 Grant street.

FOR RENT—A NEW HOUSE OF SIX Rooms, and large Lot, at Hazlewood. Inquire of J. NIXON, Hazlewood, Twenty-third ward.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—ONE 24 INCH ENGINE, 5 feet stroke. Upper works all new. HUSSEY, WELLS & CO., Penn avenue and Seventeenth Street.

FOR SALE—RUBBER BELTING AND HOSE—India Rubber Belting and Hose of all sizes and descriptions. Also, Gum Packing at Eastern Prices. HARTLEY, McKEE & CO., 58 Smithfield street. M

FOR SALE—HARDWARE STORE—ANY person wishing to engage in the Hardware Business has now a chance to purchase one of the best paying and oldest established store in Allegheny City. Address R., Allegheny Postoffice.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60 horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—DWELLING—OF 4 ROOMS and Cellar, lot 20x135 feet on Thirty-eighth street. Also 2 Lots 20x80 feet, with Dwelling of 4 Rooms, Attic and Cellar, on Center street. Also 1 Lot 20x101 feet on Mary street. Also 3 Lots on Liberty avenue, all being situate in Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh. Apply to G. W. RANKIN, Real Estate Agent, 104 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—CHEAP BUILDING LOTS. 12 Lots on Colwell street, 2 Lots on Wylie street, 35 Lots in East Liberty, 93 Lots near Lawrenceville, 500 Lots in Hoboken, 30 Lots in Allegheny city, 117 Lots in Mansfield, 72 Lots in Temperanceville and 400 Lots on Mt. Washington; also Houses in different localities and cheap Farms in Washington county. Inquire of E. C. KEYS, 43 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NOTICES.

☞ OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Desiring that the public should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their meters tested to leave their orders at the offices of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they shall receive prompt attention.

R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

☞ COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

NOTICE.

The Board of Examiners appointed by authority of an act of Assembly, entitled an act to provide for the creation of a Board of Examiners and the appointment of an Inspector of Steam Engines and Steam Boilers for the county of Allegheny, approved June 6th, 1873, will meet at the County Commissioners' Office, in the Court House, city of Pittsburgh, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the examination of applicants for Inspector of Steam Engines and Steam Boilers, in accordance with above act.

JAMES MILLHOLLAND,
Secretary Board of Examiners.

Pittsburgh, Pa., June 25, 1873.

☞ CITY TAXES—1873—

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE (Municipal Hall,)
PITTSBURGH, June 7, 1873.

Notice is hereby given, that the several Assessors have placed in this office duplicates of

City,
City Building,
Fire,
Special,
Poor,
City School,
Ward School,
City Business Taxes, and
City Water Rents,

For the year 1873, and that said Taxes and Water Rents will now be received in pursuance of the several Acts of Assembly relating thereto, subject to the following regulations:

Deductions.

Five per cent. deduction will be allowed if paid on or before the 1st day of August, 1873.

Addition.

Ten per cent. will be added to all taxes and water rents remaining unpaid after August 1, 1873.

The taxes assessed for the South Side wards will be received in the City Controller's office.

For the accommodation of tax payers, this office will be kept open on SATURDAYS until 8 o'clock P. M., until August 1, 1873.

C. L. MAGEE,
City Treasurer.

ELECTION NOTICES.

☞ UNITED SAVINGS BANK, CORNER SMITHFIELD STREET AND SECOND AVENUE.—ELECTION.—The Annual Election for Eleven Directors of the Bank will be held at the Banking House on WEDNESDAY, July 9th, between the hours of 1 and 3 P. M.

W. R. BROWN, JR., Cashier.

☞ ELECTION NOTICE—THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Ralston Oil Company of Pittsburgh, will be held at the office of the Company, 335 Liberty street, on TUESDAY, 8th inst., between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors to serve during the ensuing year.

B. McCRACKEN, Secretary.

July 2d, 1873.

☞ NOTICE—THE ANNUAL Election for Directors of the Birmingham and Pittsburgh Bridge Company will be held at the office, South end of the Bridge, on MONDAY, July 7th, 1873, between the hours of 3 and 4 o'clock P. M.

A. B. STEVENSON, Secretary.

☞ PITTSBURGH GRAIN ELEVATOR COMPANY, Secretary's Office.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh Grain Elevator Company will be held at the President's Office, No. 31 Fifth avenue (office of Edgar Thomson Steel Works, second story), on WEDNESDAY, July 23d, 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M., and an Election for Directors will be held immediately after the adjournment of the meeting. By order of the Board of Directors.

T. L. RODGERS, Secretary.

June 20, 1873.

☞ PITTSBURGH AND ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY (HAND STREET).—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Bridge Company (Hand Street) will be held at the Company's Rooms at the north end of the bridge on MONDAY, July 7th, 1873, at 2 o'clock P. M. An Election for a President, a Board of 10 Managers and 1 Secretary and Treasurer, to serve for the term of one year, will be held immediately after the adjournment of the meeting.

R. K. WILSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, June 23, 1873.

BUSINESS CHANCE.

A RARE CHANCE—ANY PERSON wanting to enter in a business of General Merchandise in a good building and in a pleasant and lively town within sixty miles of Pittsburgh, and within two hundred yards of a Railroad Depot, can receive information of such an opportunity by addressing R. G. RICHARDS, Irondale, Jefferson county, Ohio.

BUSINESS CHANCE—A WELL ESTABLISHED Wholesale Drug Business For Sale. Desiring to give my undivided attention to the manufacture of White Lead, I offer for Sale my entire Stock and Good Will. Would be glad to correspond with responsible and competent parties giving reference. I will also furnish reference if desired in any of our Eastern and Western cities. M. L. MILLER, Steubenville, O., July 1, 1873. d*

DIVIDENDS.

☞ ARTISANS' DEPOSIT BANK DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors of this Bank have declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith.

J. F. STARK, Cashier.

July 5, 1873.

☞ M. L. I. AND IMPROVEMENT TRUST CO.—FOURTH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND—The Board of Directors have declared a Dividend of SEVEN AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. out of the net earnings for the six months ending the 30th ult., on the amount of capital stock paid up. Dividend payable on and after the 15th inst., in cash on full paid shares, and credited to account on all others.

H. ROSENBERG, Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, July 2, 1873.

☞ MONONGAHELA WATER CO. DIVIDEND—The Directors of this Company have declared a Quarterly Dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT., (10 per cent. per annum), payable forthwith at the Iron and Glass Bank of Birmingham.

EDWARD MOYE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

☞ NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY—DIVIDEND NOTICE—The Directors of this bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 12th.

ROBERT J. GRIER, Cashier.

Pittsburgh, July 1st, 1873.

☞ CITY BANK.—THE BOARD of Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on and after the 10th inst., free of tax.

F. W. TAYLOR, Cashier.

Pittsburgh, July 3, 1873.

☞ PENN AVENUE TRUST COMPANY.—The Board of Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock out of the earnings of the past six months, payable forthwith, free of tax.

EDWARD F. McELROY, Cashier.

Pittsburgh, July 2d, 1873.

☞ PITTSBURGH NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of SIX PER CENT. out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on demand, free of tax.

JOSEPH H. HILL, Cashier.

Pittsburgh July 1, 1873.

☞ SMITHFIELD SAVINGS BANK, LATE WYLIE AVENUE SAVINGS BANK, OF PITTSBURGH.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock paid in, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to the Stockholders on and after the 10th inst.

W. W. SCOTT, Cashier.

Pittsburgh, July 3, 1873.

☞ ALLEGHENY REAL ESTATE BANK.—DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after July 10th, 1873, at the Banking House, No. 140 Federal street.

W. A. CLEMENS, Cashier.

Allegheny, July 1, 1873.

☞ WESTERN SAVINGS BANK.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. for the last six months, payable on demand.

JAMES M. BELL, Cashier.

Pittsburgh, July 1.

☞ THE DIRECTORS OF THE DUQUESNE BANK have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR DOLLARS PER SHARE out of the profits of the last six months, payable to shareholders on and after Monday, July the 6th.

A. H. PATTERSON, Cashier.

☞ ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK—DIVIDEND—The Board of Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of SIX PER CENT. on the Capital Stock out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of all tax.

W. McCANDLESS, Cashier.

Pittsburgh, July 1, 1873.

☞ CASH INSURANCE COMPANY—DIVIDEND—The Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of EIGHT PER CENT. ($4 per share), out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on demand.

JOSEPH T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, Pa., July 1, 1873.

☞ FIRST NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, PA.—QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Quarterly Dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock out of the profits of the last three months, payable forthwith, free of tax.

J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.

Pittsburgh, July 1, 1873.

☞ TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK.—DIVIDEND—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on demand.

CYRUS CLARKE, JR., Cashier.

Pittsburgh, July 1, 1873.

☞ FREEHOLD BANK AND BUILDING ASSOCIATION.—DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, free of tax, payable forthwith.

THOMAS STEEL, Secretary and Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, June 30, 1873.

☞ ARSENAL BANK—DIVIDEND. This Bank has declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENTUM out of the profits of the last six months, payable to stockholders forthwith, free of tax, at the Banking House, corner of Butler and Forty-third streets.

EUGENE SNOWDEN, Cashier.

Pittsburgh, July 1, 1873.

☞ ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY.—DIVIDEND.—The President and Managers of the Company for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY FIVE CENTS on each share of the Capital Stock of the Company out of the earnings of the last six months, payable to stockholders, or their legal representatives, by the Treasurer, forthwith.

W. ROSEBURG, Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, July 1st, 1873.

Real Estate Savings Bank,

[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Cor. Fourth Ave. and Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ASSETS MAY 1, 1873	$826,253 77
SURPLUS FUND	59,875 30

Six Per Cent. Interest on Deposits,

PAYABLE IN MAY AND NOVEMBER

The charter of this Bank restricts the investment of Deposits to First Liens on Real Estate within the Commonwealth, or in United States and Pennsylvania State Bonds.

Executors, Guardians, or other legally appointed Trustees, will receive interest on Trust Funds from the day deposited until the day drawn, and no notice will be required for drawing out.

President—Isaac Jones.
Vice President—Jas. B. D. Meeds.
Secretary—Geo. H. Holtzman.
Solicitor—E. Bradford Todd.

TRUSTEES.

Isaac Jones,	C. G. Hussey,
Hon. J. K. Moorhead,	Jas. B. D. Meeds,
Jacob Painter,	Jno. P. Henderson,
Harvey Childs,	B. F. Jones.
Wm. K. Nimick.	

Office open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M., and on Saturday evening, from 7 o'clock to 9.

The American Law Review,

FOR JULY, 1873.

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III. Dumpor's Case.
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IX. Book Notices.
X. List of Books Published in England and America since April, 1873.
XI. Summary of Events—Title and Index to Vol. VII—Table of Reports—Table of Cases.

LITTLE, BROWN & CO.,
110 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.

A CARD.

A gentleman at the Central Hotel, Smithfield street, holds more Tickets in the Grand Gift Concert which takes place to-morrow at Louisville, Kentucky, than he desires. Anybody wishing a Ticket or so can obtain them by calling any time before Tuesday, 12 M.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

OPEN!

NEW STRAW GOODS.
NEW RIBBONS
NEW BONNETS.
NEW FLOWERS.
NEW HATS AND ORNAMENTS.
NEW TRIMMED GOODS.

An Endless Variety. All Prices and Desirable Styles. Call and see them at

R. H. PALMER'S,
105 MARKET STREET.

MWF

WM. B. HAYS..............WM. B. HAYS, JR.

WM. B. HAYS & SON,
PORK PACKERS,
DEALERS IN
Bacon, Mess Pork,
Dried Beef, Lard,
Lard Oil, Carbon Oils

Curers of the celebrated
Star-Anchor Brand Extra Sugar-Cured Hams.

STENCILS

STEEL STAMPS,
BURNING BRANDS,
SEAL PRESSES,
CANCELLING and
RIBBON STAMPS,
STENCIL COLORS.

Brushes and all Stencil Materials Wholesale.

W. A. BUNTING'S
STENCIL ROOMS,
184 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH.

1p

EAGLE
Rolling Mills
AND
NAIL FACTORY
FOR SALE.

We offer for Sale the above named Valuable Property, situated on the Ohio river, in the Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, and containing 5 Acres and 7½ Perches. The Equipment of the Mill is as follows:

THIRTY PUDDLING FURNACES, Single.
ONE PUDDLING FURNACE, Double.
TWO ROTARY SQUEEZERS.
TWO MUCK TRAINS ROLLS.
NINE HEATING FURNACES.
ONE BAR MILL, SIXTEEN INCH TRAIN, THREE HIGH.
ONE BAR MILL, FOURTEEN INCH TRAIN
ONE TEN INCH TRAIN ROLLS.
ONE EIGHT INCH TRAIN ROLLS.
ONE NAIL PLATE MILL, EIGHTEEN INCH TRAIN.
FORTY-TWO NAIL MACHINES.
TWO SPLICE BAR PUNCHES.
ORE MILL.
TWO BATTERIES BOILERS.
FIVE STEAM ENGINES.
SHEARS, LATHES.
STEAM PUMPS, &c., &c.

Capacity, 12,000 to 15,000 Tons Iron and Nails per annum.

The Mill is favorably located for the economical manufacture of Iron. The Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis (Pan-Handle) and Little Saw Mill Run Railroads pass through the property. The large deposits of Coal in the immediate neighborhood give this locality the great advantage of cheap fuel, the price being 1 to 2 cents per bushel less than on the North and East side of the rivers.

The Mill is in good order and could be quickly put in operation.

Will be SOLD AT A LOW PRICE and on reasonable terms.

For further information, terms, &c., apply to

ROBERT J. ANDERSON,
JOHN J. SPEARMAN,
H. W. OLIVER, JR.,
Trustees of James T. and Charles A. Wood.

Office—114 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh. tf

At Bottom Prices.

Scythes and Snaths,
Hay Rakes and Forks,
Sickles and Grain Cradles,
"Novelty" Clothes Wringers

AND A FULL LINE OF

HARDWARE,
CUTLERY, &c.

Lindsay, Sterrit & Co
247 LIBERTY ST.,

(Opposite the head of Wood street,) PITTSBURGH.

N. B.—Liberal Cash Discounts.

Spring Styles

Silk, Cassimere, Fur and Wool
HATS,
SILK AND CLOTH
CAPS.

LATEST NOVELTIES
IN MARKET, AT
PALMER'S
HAT HOUSE,
151 WOOD ST.

Coopers Wanted

Coopers Wanted.

COOPERS WANTED.

Convenient Shops; Steady Employment and Highest Wages. Apply to the

OIL CITY BARREL WORKS,
OIL CITY, PA.

NEW STOCK
OF ELEGANT
Cable and Fancy Roman Gold
Necklaces, Roman Gold, Gold
Enameled and Jet Crosses,
Fine Lockets,

All new and latest styles. Call and see them at

WATTLES & SHEAFER'S,
101 Fifth Avenue,
6 Doors above Smithfield street.

D. McMILLAN & CO.,
General Produce Commission Merchants
No. 359 LIBERTY STREET,
AND
No. 370 PENN AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,

HAVE FOR SALE IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE,

5 cars Timothy Hay.
10 cars White Oats.
2 cars Mixed Oats.
3 cars Shell Corn.
5 cars Ear Corn.
2 cars Family Flour.
1 car Foundry Flour.

Butter, Eggs and Produce generally arriving daily.

WE MAKE ONLY STRICTLY PURE GOOD

White Lead,
Red Lead,
Litharge,
Potters' Lead,
Putty,
Colors.

DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO. STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD PITTSBURGH PA.

Every keg of our White Lead bears the following warrant, and we guarantee a degree of fineness and whiteness unsurpassed:

THIS PACKAGE CONTAINS

Pure White Lead	91 parts
" Linseed Oil	9 "
	100

$25 IN GOLD will be paid to any one finding the contents of this keg different from the above analysis.

DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO.

SOLD BY DEALERS EVERYWHERE

A. PER LEE PEASE, M. D

Special Attention to Eye Diseases.

No. 100 FIFTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

1p

The Daily Commercial.

MONDAY, JULY 7, 1873.

The public debt of the United States was reduced from $2,191,486,713 on the 1st of January last to $2,147,818,713, on the 1st of July inst.—a reduction of $43,668,000. Since the 1st of March 1868, the reduction is $377,644,545. The total amount of interest payable annually on this debt has been reduced from $103,221,-393, at this time last year, to $97,602,969—a yearly saving of nearly six millions.

There was great talk last winter in New Jersey of a rival railroad from New York to Philadelphia, framed under the new free railroad law of that State, to be called the "National" line. The money was all subscribed by the right men, and all that; but the "National," it seems, has come to grief, applications having been made to put it into bankruptcy; and now comes the story that the Pennsylvania end of the National route, the Philadelphia and Newtown Railroad, has been "gobbled" by the new Pennsylvania Railroad branch, known as the New Jersey Railroad Company. And thus ends *that* chapter.

The New York *Bulletin* says that the export of petroleum from New York for the six months ending July 1 was 58,888,642 gallons—an increase of 15,000,000 gallons as compared with last year. There is a similar increase noticeable at all the exporting points—Philadelphia, Baltimore and Boston. With the largely increased demand for this staple, the wonder is that the price remains so low. Refined oil sold in this market, at this date in 1872, at 19½ cents per gallon; to-day it sells for 15 cents; and crude oil sold this time last year, at Parker's Landing, at $3 25 per barrel, while to-day the price is only $1 85.

The Rhett, who lately killed Judge Cooley in a duel, was of the South Carolina family of fire-eaters, and was himself one of the earliest advocates of secession. The family was of New England origin, and bore, in that staid old quarter, the more familiar name of Smith. The wife of President John Adams was Abigail Smith, and from one of her brothers the Rhett family is descended. The father of the duellist changed his name from Smith to Rhett, the *folly* of casting off one name and assuming another not having risen, in his day, to the dignity of a crime, as it has in ours. The change of name, in this instance, however, did not work a regeneration of character. The father was a blustering demagogue, and the son is no better than his father.

The fiscal year of the government ended on the 30th of June, and to that date all its annual statistics are made up. The New York *Times* gives the following approximate figures for that port, for the year, in exports and imports:

Imports of all kinds to June 30, 1873	$417,407,239
Imports of all kinds to June 30, 1872	419,424,778
Decrease	$ 2,017,539
Exports of produce to June 30, 1873, (currency)	$274,326,234
Exports of produce to June 30, 1872	226,062,773
Increase	$ 48,263,461
Exports of specie to June 30, 1873	$ 62,661,434
Exports of specie to June 30, 1872	59,424,823
Increase	$ 3,237,603

The exports at the other sea-coast cities are largely in excess of the imports. The rule is, we believe, that New York imports seven-eighths of the whole of the country, and imports three-fifths.

The New York *World* argues that the Republican party *alone* is responsible for the Salary and Back-Pay Grab, because it was in the majority in both Houses of Congress when that measure passed. It says:

> "The very foundation of political responsibility is subverted if the party in power is not to be held responsible for abusing its trust. If, when it has forfeited public confidence by acts so disgraceful that impudence itself shrinks and recoils from the bootlings that would greet any attempt at defense, the party can turn round and get absolution by simply condemning its own acts, what punishment can there be for those political offenses on which indicting grand juries and criminal justice can take no hold?"

But the *World* very well knows that the back pay and increased salary was not passed by a party vote, in either House. The general principle here laid down, that a party is responsible for its acts, is correct; but this was not a party act nor the act of a party. There is a principle of the common law, which commends itself to general acceptance, and is as good in politics as in law, that no man shall be allowed to take advantage of his own wrong. No man is permitted to help another do a wrong thing, and then, not only throw off all responsibility for it, but claim the resulting advantage for himself. And what men cannot be allowed to do, parties cannot do; yet this is just what the *World* is undertaking to do.

The increase of salary, with the retroactive clause, was voted for in the House by an equal number of Democrats and Republicans, and the votes in opposition to it were also nearly equally divided between the two parties. It was not, then, a party measure. Neither party voted in a body, either for or against it, and neither is entitled, exclusively, to the credit of voting against it or the discredit of voting for it. The united vote of the Democratic members of the House would have defeated it overwhelmingly; and it could not have passed at all without Democratic aid. Having therefore furnished the half of the votes necessary to pass this provision, the Democrats cannot now take advantage of their own wrong and turn around and say, "We have nothing to do with this! This is a Republican House, and we are not responsible!" But they *are* responsible—responsible to the full extent to which they furnished votes to pass it. The wrong was as much theirs as ours. It does not belong to either party, as a party, but to the individuals in both who accomplished its success, and the Republican party intends to hold each individual to his personal responsibility for his share in the act. As a party, the Republicans have everywhere denounced and repudiated it, having incurred no responsibility, as a party, for the individual acts of a moiety of its representatives; and no amount of political sophistry can establish a responsibility in the Republican party for an act to which the Democracy contributed half its support.

In the celebrated case of the Commonwealth vs. George O. Evans, tried before Judge Pearson, at Harrisburg, in which the Commonwealth sued Evans for $191,000, retained by him as compensation for collecting the war claims of the State against the United States government, the Commonwealth claimed that Evans was a "public officer;" that, as such, he was responsible to the accounting officers of the State for the money collected by him; that he was bound, by law, to make a semi-annual report of his collections; and that it was his duty to pay over to the State *all* the money he collected, and look to the accounting officers of the State for a proper allowance for his commissions. The State also held that he was not entitled to commissions on what he *constructively* collected, but only on what was *actually* collected. Judge Pearson decided against the State on all these points; and, on a writ of error taken out by the State officers, the Supreme Court has reversed Judge Pearson and sent the case back for trial. Judge Sharswood delivered the opinion of the Court, and said:

> "The collection of these moneys by Evans as a public officer was within the exception of the act of 1842, and the jury should have been so instructed by the Judge who presided at the trial. The latter said to the jury, that as to the amount placed in Evans's hands for collection by General Hartranft, they could fix the commissions at three, five or ten per cent. In this respect the Judge committed an error in not limiting the commissions to the amount actually collected. On the question of forfeiture in refusing or neglecting to report the progress of his business as State agent, the Judge said that under the act of 1811 he was bound to account promptly, or within a reasonable time, and it was a part of his official bond to render semi-annual reports to the State Treasurer of the amounts collected by him.
>
> "He collected May 1, 1867, $78,578 89; October 27, 1868, $105,651 46; August 20, 1870, $136,846 09, and he furnished no account until July 21, 1871. At the trial Evans said he made a verbal report of his proceedings to Governor Geary, and the latter requested him, for the good of the Commonwealth, to make no public report; but at the trial Governor Geary was not alive to meet this allegation. But it was too well settled to admit of question that the Governor had no authority whatever to release a State agent from his official duty or the conditions of his bond upon any such notions of expediency."

Evans claimed ten per cent. commission on $1,910,000, being the whole amount of the claims of the State against the United States; but only about $420,000 of this sum was actually collected, the rest being accounted for by a settlement of accounts between the State and the National government. Evans retained (and still retains) in his hands, $191,000, being ten per cent. on the total amount, and under this decision of the Supreme Court he is entitled to a commission only on what he *actually* collected, which would be but $42,000, even at ten per cent—an enormous commission under any circumstances. He is plainly, therefore, a debtor to the State in $150,000, besides being liable to indictment and trial for embezzlement and misdemeanor as a public officer. As he always gets very sick when he is about to be tried, we shall soon hear, of course, of his serious illness. That, however, is not to be wondered at. Such a decision as that would make any defaulter sick.

THE WALWORTH VERDICT.

The verdict in the Walworth case appears to give almost universal satisfaction. Indeed, the promptitude with which the case was brought before the Court and the entire conduct of the trial seem to indicate a new departure in the criminal administration of the metropolis. In the management of the case, from beginning to end, in the selection of jurors, in the bearing of the Judge, in the examination of witnesses, and in the speeches of the lawyers, it would, we fancy, be not easy for the most critical or captious reader of the report of the case to detect or point out any important deviation from the rigorous proprieties of a court of justice. It was manifest throughout that the persons interested in the case entertained neither purpose nor desire to thwart justice or juggle the law.

Few who witnessed or have read an account of the trial will, we suppose, doubt that the verdict was the right one to render under all the circumstances of the case. By the law as laid down in the New York statute of 1873, a person to become guilty of murder in the first degree, must have the deliberate and premeditated design to effect the death of the person killed; while every intentional killing without deliberation or premeditation, is murder in the second degree. Under this law young Walworth was tried, and by its accordance with the law, in view of the evidence, the verdict must be judged. That Walworth, when firing the pistol, intended to kill his father, there could be no doubt; he did not himself deny the intention. Some evidence was produced which seemed to prove that before leaving his home in Saratoga he had resolved to commit the deed, either absolutely, or conditionally, as an alternative, if he should fail to settle satisfactorily the troubles of his family. But no such purpose was made so apparent as to leave no room for serious doubt, to the benefit of which doubt the culprit was entitled. In deciding this question the jury were most likely somewhat influenced by the evidence produced respecting the morbid condition of mind and body to which Walworth had been for some time subject. Though not at all insane, in his disordered mental condition, he was more liable than a person in health hastily to draw from his father's words or acts the inference of imaginary hostile purpose on his part, which may have prompted the sudden resolution to take his life. And in connection with young Walworth's morbid condition, the result of family troubles for which the father was responsible, it is not impossible that the odious and disgusting character of the elder Walworth, fully disclosed in the evidence, may have had some influence upon the mind of the jury in deciding upon the origin of the murderer's intention. Certainly the letters and conduct of the father were shown to be such as to indicate madness; and having transmitted an insane tendency to his offspring, he acted in a manner adapted to develop and mature in him the seeds of the disease. Jurors are at best mere mortals, and they may have found it simply impossible when weighing the conduct of the son, wholly to forget the traits of the father, however irrelevant in the eye of the law they may have been to the merits of the case. By finding him guilty of murder in the second degree, they made him subject to no light punishment—imprisonment for life at hard labor.

THE DUTCH IN THE EAST.

According to repeated cable dispatches, the Dutch are pressing vigorously on with their preparations to renew in September the war in Acheen. The subject is one of considerably greater interest than some of the newspaper fraternity seem to suppose, nothing less than the fortunes of many millions of people and the rule of vast tracts of luxuriously fertile territory depending on the final result of the conflict. It appears to have been entered upon by the Dutch in a bungling way, which did no credit to either their civil or military sagacity, and which, in fact, might well enough remind one of the vein of truth running through Washington Irving's satirical sketches of the administration of New Amsterdam. The Dutch have had the subjugation of Acheen in view for several years. Thus, it is well known, that in handing over, eighteen months ago, their possessions on the coast of Guinea to Great Britain, they were purchasing the withdrawal of the protectorate which that power had long exercised over the northern part of Sumatra. And yet when the time arrived for the long meditated expedition against the Sultan of Acheen, they were quite unprepared to strike an effective blow. In the first place, the ships conveying the troops reached the coast of Sumatra at the very season of the year when the change of the monsoon made it perilous for them to stay, and might make it impossible for them to get away; and in the second place, only a few of the soldiers were furnished with breech-loaders, and many of the cartridges provided were unadapted to the guns. The fact is said to be that the Dutch were confident that the mere appearance of their flag on the coast would suffice to frighten the Sultan into surrender, and if he should prove obstinate, they expected that his subjects, known to be disaffected, would rise up and compel him to accept whatever conditions the invaders might choose to impose. How egregiously the Dutch were deceived in all these agreeable anticipations is already known to the world. The Acheenese, divided among themselves and dissatisfied with their Sultan, were of one mind in resisting the foreigners. And after their defeat the invaders saw reason to congratulate themselves on its early occurrence, as if the fight had been postponed only two or three days, the setting in of the monsoon would have confined the troops on the edge of the island without either food or water.

We have alluded to the Knickerbocker caricature of Dutch officers and administration. We may add that, according to the report of intelligent travelers, Dutch rule in the East Indian Islands presents a rather striking contrast to the preconceptions which the amusing narratives of the American humorist would suggest. Even Hollanders who visit their colonial possessions in the East sometimes represent the Dutch government there as stern, and relentlessly cruel. Such statements made by transient observers ought to be taken with considerable allowance. It is, however, certain that by their occupation and rule of the southern part of Sumatra, the Dutch have not awakened in the people of the northern part any desire to have the Dutch flag extended over them, and there need be no surprise if the efforts which the Sultan of Acheen is putting forth to stir up rebellion in the section of the island already held by them should be successful. Holland evidently sees that the enterprise undertaken so confidently is one of real difficulty, and the difficulty is increased by the fact that Germany and Switzerland, both of which countries used to furnish soldiers to the Dutch East Indian service, no longer permit foreign enlistment. However, whatever the Dutch may lack, they are deficient neither in bravery nor perseverance, and with Orientals for an enemy, they can not but be victorious in the end.

Some Italian silk cultivators recently obtained permission from the Japanese authorities to visit and prospect the mode of raising silk in that country. The result of their visit is interesting. They found that instead of mulberry trees the Japanese plantations consisted of hedges of mulberry trees in rows, separated by sixty or seventy centimetres, and a short distance from trenches filled with water. These bushes were well watered and manured up to their fifth year. The Japanese consider the leaves of the four or five year old bushes the best food for silkworms of the last brood. In addition to the manure put on the soil from time to time, a few spoonfuls of fine fish guano is put on each bush. The color and size of the cocoon is influenced by the quantity and kind of manure put on and around the mulberry bushes. The great care expended on the bushes, whose leaves nourish the silkworm, is a remarkable feature in Japanese silk culture, and accounts for the fine quality of the Japanese silks.

A few weeks since the members of the Canadian government were charged with bribery and fraud in connection with the contract for building the Pacific Railroad, and a Commission was appointed to investigate, with authority to examine witnesses under oath. The officials objected that the swearing of witnesses would be contrary to precedent, and the British government refuses permission to have them sworn. Now the Commissioners say they have no authority to examine the witnesses, except under oath, and the investigation is likely to fall through, though there is little doubt in the minds of intelligent Canadians that there is foundation for the charges.

Japan has just negotiated a loan in England of $12,500,000, issuing for it twenty-five year seven per cent. bonds, for the payment of which the faith and revenues of the government are pledged. These bonds were issued at 92½, and were all subscribed for in three days, the quotation having since risen to 98½. The proceeds have nearly all been sent to Japan in gold, silver and Mexican dollars, and are to be devoted to the completion of the Yeddo and Osako Railway, a line of about two hundred and fifty miles, and to the improvement of various public buildings.

The latest method of consuming coal dust has been proposed by a New Jersey projector. It is more particularly designed for locomotives, and consists in throwing the anthracite dust upon a fire started, and to the extent of one-half the fuel required, kept up with bituminous coal. The tender is to be made in two parts for the two kinds of fuel; the fire is to be made at first wholly with the bituminous, and so maintained until the steam-gauge shows 100 pounds pressure in the boiler. The anthracite dust is then thrown into the furnace with a shovel in instalments alternate with the other.

The crop in some sections of the West—for instance in Southern Indiana and Illinois, Missouri, Kansas, Kentucky and Southern California—is already either being harvested or is ripe for the reaper. From all these States a uniform report is received that no crop ever looked better or possessed a better yield than the one now ripening.

CALDWELL OF SPRINGFELD.

New Jersey—1780.

Here's the spot. Look around you. Above on the height
Lay the Hessians encamped. By that church on the right
Stood the gaunt Jersey farmers. And here ran a wall—
You may dig anywhere and you'll turn up a ball.
Nothing more. Grasses spring, waters run, flowers blow
Pretty much as they did ninety-three years ago.

Nothing more did I say! Stay one moment; you've heard
Of Caldwell, the parson, who once preached the word
Down at Springfield? What, No? Come—that's bad, why he had
All the Jerseys aflame! And they gave him the name
Of the "rebel high priest." He stuck in their gorge,
For he loved the Lord God—and he hated King George!

He had cause, you might say! When the Hessians that day
Marched up with Knyphausen they stopped on their way
At the "Farms," where his wife, with a child in her arms,
Sat alone in the house. How it happened none knew
But God—and that one of the hireling crew
Who fired the shot! Enough!—there she lay
And Caldwell, the chaplain, her husband, away!

Did he preach—did he pray? Think of him as you stand
By the old church to-day;—think of him and that band
Of militant ploughboys! See the smoke and the heat
Of that reckless advance—of that straggling retreat!
Keep the ghost of that wife, foully slain, in your view—
And what could you—what should you, what would you do?

Why, just what *he* did! They were left in the lurch
For the want of more wadding. He ran to the church,
Broke the door, stripped the pews, and dashed out in the road
With his arms full of hymn books, and threw down his load
At their feet! Then, above all the shouting and shots,
Rang his voice—"Put Watts into 'em—Boys, give 'em Watts!"

And they did. That is all. Grasses spring, flowers blow
Pretty much as they did ninety-three years ago.
You may dig anywhere and you'll turn up a ball—
But not always a hero like this—and that's all.

—*Bret Harte in New York Tribune, July 4.*

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

About two thousand years ago Ptolemæus Philopater built a ship at Alexandria 420 feet long, 57 feet broad and 72 feet high. Tonnage, 6,445 tons.

The catch of salmon in Oregon this season is very large, and all the fisheries are employing large numbers of men. One Portland man will send away 28,000 cases before the close of the season, which will be about the 1st of August.

A St. Louis paper says that all that once stamped Jeff. Davis's features as those of a man of great intellect and strong will has disappeared, and to the casual observer of to-day he might pass for a retired physician or a superannuated lawyer.

The miners in Relief District, Oregon, recently went almost wild with joy over the birth of the first baby in camp. The blacksmith's forge was transformed into a battery, anvils were made answer the purpose of ordnance, and a keg of blasting powder was consumed in firing salutes in honor of the stranger.

Although built fifteen centuries ago, the walls about Constantinople are still perfect. Originally there were forty-three gates, now only seven exist.

The river Clyde, in Scotland, on which Glasgow and its great shipyards are situated, has been made safely navigable almost entirely by artificial means. On a section of that river, not more than thirty miles in length, the "Trustees for the Improvement of the River Clyde" have during a few years past expended nearly thirty-six millions of dollars, and such has been its effect in fostering the business interests of Glasgow and its environs that the people there think the money has been well spent.

A steady tide of travel has set in the direction of Switzerland, and the indications are that the season of '73 will be memorable among guides and hotel proprietors thereabouts. The American element, of course, is a large one in the throng of tourists.

An old silver mine worked by some "unknown race of the past," has been found in Sevier county, Tenn.

Telegraphic communication with Put-in-Bay was established Monday, 30th ult.

A Western paper says: "A short, thick, striped, star-spangled-banner sort of a bug is beginning to look after the tomato crop."

The City Counsellor of Detroit gives the opinion that the Constitution of the State does not permit any language but English to be taught in the schools. Therefore German will probably be excluded, unless some special provision can be made for it.

"Hot weather, cholera and hard times" have produced a cessation in the issue of marriage licenses in Pulaski county, Tenn.

There have been 8,569 deaths in Philadelphia during the past six months, a decrease of 2,443 as compared with the first half of 1872.

A Lynchburg carpenter, while planing a board, struck a knot, which developed into an accurate representation of a fox's head of life size. He trimmed the board and framed it.

A citizen of Connecticut, recently introduced to a newly married man, congratulated him warmly, and said: "Ah, these Litchfield county girls make clever wives; I've had three of them."

There are over 10,000 watering place hotels and summer boarding houses in the Northern and Eastern States.

Cumberland county, Kentucky, is said to be full of Indian mounds, from which legions of curiosities have been taken, many of which indicate a great deal of ingenuity in their conception, and exhibit marvelous skill in their execution.

A single flash of lightning dispatched sixty-six sheep for a Michigan farmer lately.

Good Templar lodges are now being opened in England at the rate of ten per day, and 150,000 people have joined in twelve months.

A New York saloon keeper sells "Irish lager bier."

PERSONAL.

The Boston *Traveler* is gratified to learn that recent statements concerning the alarming condition of the health of the Vice President are incorrect. Mr. Wilson was in the city yesterday, attending to some matters of business, and visited his physician, who is confident that the needed rest and recreation will restore him to his wonted vigor. The greatest difficulty in the case seems to be Mr. Wilson's natural incapacity for idleness.

The woman who is annually killed by the bite of a spider, expired this season at Knoxville, Tennessee. Her gifted sister, who works out the road tax, had, when last heard from, completed grading a section of road in Maine. The remaining sisters plow eighty acres and plant it in corn this year in Kansas.

The birth-year of Marshal MacMahon, 1808, ought to be noticed for the benefit of astrologers and students of occult coincidences in general. In the same year were born no fewer than five men who, not being born to the purple, raised themselves either to a throne or to a position equivalent to royalty. One is the new President of the French Republic, and the other four were the late Emperor Napoleon III., the ex-President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, the ex-President of the Confederate States, Jefferson Davis, and some time Triumvir of Rome, Giuseppe Mazzini. Fanny Elssler, the Queen of the Ballet, and Signor Mario, the King of Tenors, were also born in 1808.

The death is announced, in Nijni-Novgorod, Russia, of a man born in 1746, and consequently aged 127. He had been a cook to the great Empress Catharine II. and, notwithstanding his rather old age, had made, in the ranks of the Russian army, all the campaigns from 1795 to 1814. The Emperor Nicholas had granted to this venerable soldier a life pension of 500 roubles per year. The eldest of his sons is not quite a young man, having been born in 1777.

A Quaker maiden died recently at Philadelphia who had been for eighty-six years a servant in one family. Her age was ninety-nine.

Joseph G. Wilson, member of the Forty-third Congress, from Oregon, died on July 1st, at Marietta, Ohio, where he had gone to deliver an address at a College Commencement in that town. He was born in New Hampshire in 1830, but at an early age removed to Ohio. After graduating at Marietta University he studied law, and in 1852 removed to Oregon. He was reporter of the Oregon Supreme Court for many years, and on the admission of that Territory to the Union as a State, he was made Associate Justice of the supreme Court and Circuit Judge. He held these positions for eight years, and in 1870 he was nominated for Congress by the republicans, and reduced the Democratic majority to such an extent that in 1872 he was elected to Congress. He leaves a wife and four children, residing at Georgetown, D. C. He was a brother-in-law of Senator James K. Kelly, of Oregon, and a cousin of Senator James W. Nye, of Nevada.

Ex-President Johnson has been attacked by cholera. Old "Asiatic" got the worst of the encounter.

A startling tombstone was erected to the memory of "Tabitha, beloved wife of Joseph Wright, Thomas Andrews, Eben Halsted, Charles Dean and Edwin Murray, by her devoted husband, Cyrus Morgan.

The Richmond (Va) *Enquirer* describes Hiram Powers' zeal for the Union during the war as almost fanatical.

In the new issue of the New York City directory, just published, there appear some singular names. There are 15 Frames, 2 Pickups, 1 Pickles, 1 Ship, 3 Crews, 45 Hale, 3 Hearty, 5 Sick, 1 Tosick, 2 Well, 8 Weller, and 1 Twogood. Then are there 3 Noahs and 1 Ark, 3 Furs, 1 Feather, 26 Shepperds, 13 Flocks, and 43 Lambs, 3 Pilgrims with 6 Staffs, 1 Car and 6 Drivers, 2 Mean and 2 Lovely, 5 Constables with 1 Club, 3 Jurys and 6 Foreman, 6 Pastors and 40 Churches. There may also be found 9 Canarys and 30 Singers, 1 Dollar and 3 Shillings, 1 Bowels, 15 Houses, 1 Roof and 3 Leaks, 2 Lawyers, 5 Learned and 5 Nott, 80 Parsons, 2 Fast, 2 Slow, 1 Sly, 1 Fatt and 10 Loud, 2 Hens, 1 Chick, and 1 Duck, 3 Clocks, and 3 Hands, 18 Christians, 3 Sinners and a Devil, 1 Scow and 4 Sailers. The Smith family are very well represented, as that favorite name appears over 2,300 times, while that of Jones is printed over 800 times. The Mcs occupy 100 columns, and the O's 20 columns. The name of Washington appears 9 times, Andrew Jackson 7 times, John Hancock and John Q. Adams each twice. There may be found 5 Pitchers and 22 Bowles, 3 Redheads, 29 Whiteheads, 5 Widdows, only 2 Maids; Kings, Queens, Dukes and Barons are abundant. There are 211 Butlers, with 1 Spoon, 3 High, 36 Low, 82 Rich, 10 Poor, 2 Negroes, 2 Books, 64 Pages, 13 Blank, 1 Gentleman, 2 Shoemakers, 2 Shiners, 30 Herrings and 2 Suckers. One of the shortest names is Ey, and of the longest, Schammlueffel.

A funny man "spoke out" in the Ohio Constitutional Convention the other day, giving notice that he should introduce an amendment to the Constitution forbidding horses to be driven on Sunday faster than a walk; specifying the number of times daily in which a husband might kiss his wife; the number of times a parent might thresh the young ones; fixing a bill of fare for the people at breakfast, dinner and supper, and forbidding the converting of fruit into wine or cider, even for the purpose of making it into vinegar.

Beneficial Effect of Vegetable Perfume.

An Italian Professor has made some very agreeable medical researches, resulting in the discovery that vegetable perfumes exercise a positively healthful influence on the atmosphere, converting its oxygen into ozone, and thus increasing its oxidizing influence. The essences found to develop the largest quantity of ozone are those of cherry, laurel, cloves, lavender, mint, juniper, lemons, fennel, and bergamot; those that give it in smaller quantity are anise, nutmeg, and thyme. The flowers of the narcissus, hyacinth, mignonette, heliotrope, and lily of the valley, develop ozone in closed vessels. Flowers destitute of perfume do not develop it, and those which have but slight perfume develop it only in small quantities. Reasoning from these facts, the Professor recommends the cultivation of flowers in marshy districts, and in all places infested with animal emanations, on account of the powerful oxidizing influence of ozone. The inhabitants of such regions should, he says, surround their houses with beds of the most odorous flowers.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

PRESIDENT JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
HON. THOMAS EWING, Pittsburgh.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
HON. J. W. F. WHITE, Sewickley.

STATE SENATE,
HON. GEORGE H. ANDERSON, Pittsburgh.

ASSEMBLY,
First City District,
HENRY H. McCORMICK, Pittsburgh.
Second City District,
S. J. WAINWRIGHT, Pittsburgh.
County Districts,
J. C. NEWMYER, Wilkins.
A. B. YOUNG, Robinson.
A. C. HAYS, Pittsburgh (South Side).
B. C. CHRISTY, Sewickley.
HENRY GERWIG, Allegheny.

PROTHONOTARY,
B. F. KENNEDY, Pittsburgh.

COUNTY TREASURER,
Capt. SAMUEL KILGORE, Pittsburgh.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
AUGUSTUS BECKERT, Allegheny.

JURY COMMISSIONER,
Capt. JOHN McCLELLAND, West Deer.

CORONER,
WILLIAM McCALLIN, Pittsburgh.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
THOMAS VARNER, Baldwin.

GERMANY'S ATTITUDE.

Another Invasion of Lately Evacuated French Territory—Troops Ready to Move—"Austria Must Forbear or We Shall Have to Break Her Up."

William Howard Russell, L.L. D. (Bull Run Russell), writing from Berlin under date of June 1st, thus speculates as to the present attitude of Germany: Prince Bismarck in his uniform of Major of Cuirassiers (landwehr of Coburg Magdeburg Regiment No. 7), went to the Palace and had a long interview with the Shah in the forenoon; but I regret that I cannot say what transpired, although it is not very likely the relations of Prussia and Persia were alluded to. The Prince may know Persian, for there are few languages he does not know; but he is not acquainted with it, he was not tempted to depart from his distrust in the secrecy of any matters which are discussed through interpreters. Just now there is in the relations of France with the Empire of Germany a good deal to occupy his attention. If my information is correct, and I have reason to believe it is, the Reserves are warned, and those in Posen and Silesia are actually ready to move. There is a considerable display of troops in Berlin. I attributed this to preparations for a military spectacle, but I am told that it refers to the relations I have spoken of, the complications in which have led to demands for categorical explanations from the President of the French Republic of his reference to "the army" in his expression of a hope for the speedy liberation of the territory. The story goes that the Prussian Minister has asked what that meant, and that a distinct reply must be given by next Wednesday. Marshal McMahon cannot hesitate to disclaim warlike intentions, but it cannot be denied that there is intense distrust and much uneasiness in Germany. The preparations in Austria and Hungary, the introduction of new arms and armaments, the attention paid to military subjects, the speech of the Archduke to the Poles, the attitude of the non-German Press, all cause distrust, and the suggestion that Austria is afraid of Russia is met with by expressions of entire disbelief. And what would Europe do in the face of a new invasion of France by North Germany? It is not easy to see what Austria could do. It is almost certain that a perfect understanding exists between Russia and Prussia, that the former will not permit Austria to assume an offensive attitude if the latter feels called upon to direct her troops into the French provinces lately evacuated. The policy of England under the present administration is [illegible]. So we may yet witness a renewal of the territorial disturbances which marked the creation of the First French Empire. The very earth groans under the weight of armies—in Prussia and Northern Germany the evil is felt, and is declared to be intolerable, but it is accepted as inevitable so long as Austria and France are arming. Austria declares her organization is intended for defensive purposes, and looks to the east and not to the north or west, but it would need a very small provocation indeed to induce Prince Bismarck to demand explanations at Vienna also. In fact I have been told "things cannot go on as they are. Austria must forbear or we shall have to break her up." Education is dying out in the schools and in the universities. There are 4,000 schools for which masters are not forthcoming. Chairs in the universities and colleges are vacant, the learned professions, the church, the law, find no recruits. The laurel bears a bitter fruit after all. These things are pondered over by thoughtful Germans and even some very liberal men do not approve of the policy which at such a moment alienates the sincere Catholics by the new civil marriage law. Certainly the Catholic and Radical Press speaks out, and from very widely opposite points denounces that policy, and the new Press law promised by Prince Bismarck can scarcely be intended to give larger license to those who now write just what they please and appear to possess complete immunity in Berlin, at all events, from government interference.

Discipline the Liver.

The liver is truly an "unruly member." Sometimes it is torpid and secretes too slowly, at other times it is unnaturally active and sends forth a perfect freshet of bile. Regulate this organ with Hostetter's Bitters, not with calomel or blue mass. Mineral excitants, in stimulating the liver, poison the blood, and their ultimate effect is terrible. The Bitters, on the other hand, have a vitalizing and purifying, as well as a stimulating effect. They regulate not only the flow of bile, but infuse new life into the whole system. A good appetite and perfect digestion, a regular, natural habit of body, a sound condition of the nervous system, vivacity of spirits, increased bodily strength and power of endurance, and refreshing sleep are among the blessings they promote. The temperature of summer is a severe tax upon the digestive and secretive organs, and the Bitters are never more indispensable than at this period of the year.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
ASSETS JANUARY 1, 1873....$778,251 56.
Chartered in 1862.
Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per Cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
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GEO. A. BERRY, President.
JOHN SCOTT, JAS. PARK, Jr., Vice Presidents.
D. E. McKINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
John H. Bailey, Solicitor.

BANK STATEMENTS.

STATEMENT OF THE Smithfield Savings Bank,

(LATE WYLIE AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,)
PITTSBURGH, JULY 1, 1873.

ASSETS.	
Bills Receivable	$274,193 57
Bonds and Mortgages	112,152 33
Real Estate	3,209 01
Revenue Stamps	20 00
Expenses, Interest and Taxes	4,591 71
Furniture and Fixtures	1,414 83
Due from Banks	78,967 38
Cash on Hand	54,884 22
	$529,463 08
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock paid in	$147,601 00
Pr fit and Loss	19,021 57
Dividends Unpaid	379 27
Due Depositors	362,461 24
	$529,463 08

W. W. SCOTT, Cashier.

We, the undersigned, Auditing Committee have this day examined the Accounts, Bonds, Mortgages, Bills Receivable and other securities and counted the cash on hand, and find the above statement correct.
ANDREW BURNS,
L. S. DAVIS,
A. G. CUBBAGE.

STATEMENT OF THE PENN AVENUE TRUST COMPANY, Pittsburgh, June 30th, 1873:

ASSETS.	
Notes and Bills Discounted	$250,953 96
Cash on Hand and in Bank	29,438 28
Furniture and Fixtures	2,628 35
Expenses and Taxes	3,171 99
	$285,892 68
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock	$100,000 00
Depositors	171,180 56
Unpaid Dividends	613 50
Contingent Fund	1,926 36
Interest due Depositors	2,317 79
Profits	9,514 47
	$285,892 68

EDWARD F. McELROY, Cashier.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I have this day associated with me in partnership, in my Lumber and Planing Mill business, in McKeesport, WILLIAM A. NEEL and W. P. WAMPLER, and will hereafter do business under the firm name of
NEEL, WAMPLER & CO.
JAMES NEEL.
McKeesport, July 1, 1873.

THE BECKWITH $20
Portable
FAMILY SEWING MACHINE
On 30 Days' Trial,
With strength and capacity equal to any, regardless of cost. This Machine does away with all complications, and with the movement of ONLY TWO PARTS (the Needle Arm and Looper), both simple and strong, it makes the Stitch, feeds the Goods, half guides the Cloth, fastens the Seams, sews on Braid, Gathers and Tucks, Hems and Embroiders. REMEMBER, the movement of only two parts does away with all this, which entirely do away with all the complications so liable to get out of order, besides the ruinous expenditure of force in propelling them. Our Semi-Guiding Feed requires the assistance of only one hand or even one finger, thus leaving the right hand entirely at liberty to ply the wheel, which runs easy and even as a well balanced wheel, with
No Toilsome Tread of the Treadle.
Orders promptly filled on receipt of $20. Beckwith Sewing Machine Co., 862 Broadway, New York. MWF

COUNTRY SEAT,
Thirty-five minutes' ride from the city, at Fair Oaks Station, Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, containing 3 Acres of Ground, on which is a handsome Dwelling of 8 Rooms, stable, Henery, and abundance of delicious Water, and nearly every description of Fruit and Shrubbery common in this latitude, in actual bearing. Property at the Station and suitable for business men. Will be sold low. Apply to O. H. LOVE, 121 Fourth avenue, or A. O. PATTERSON, 158 Fourth avenue. MWF

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, SS: At Pittsburgh, June, 1873. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of ROBERT B. EDGAR, of the borough of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.
WM. HENRY, Assignee,
Fallston, Beaver county.
June 20, 1873.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE — LETTERS of Administration on the estate of EDWARD DITHRIDGE, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, have been granted to the subscribers, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent, will make known the same to us without delay at the Freehold Bank, Pittsburgh, or Bayne & Magee, Attorneys, 64 Grant street, Pittsburgh.
JARED M. BRUSH,
GEORGE O. REIS,
Administrators.

DRY GOODS.

AT
McKEE'S
(Old Barker's Establishment),
GREAT ATTRACTIONS
IN
LOW PRICES
AND
NEW GOODS.
50 Pieces New Grenadines.
100 PIECES NEW LAWNS.
10 Cases Polka Dot Prints.
FINE NEW SWISSES.
NEW NAINSOOKS
ALSO FRESH SUPPLY OF
SUMMER SUITS
AND
MOSQUITO BARS.
ALL GOODS NEW AND OF
LATEST STYLES.
A. D. M'KEE,
Successor to J. W. Barker and M'Kee, Murphy & Co.,
59 Market Street.

CHOICE STOCK OF
Summer Goods.
Jas. Caldwell & Co.
HAVE NOW ON HAND A CHOICE
Stock of Seasonable Goods
WHICH THEY ARE SELLING
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
Ladies' Braided, Embroidered and Plain Linen Suits.
Polonaise and Redingotes.
White Lawn Suits and Polonaise.
Llama Lace Sacques
Talmas and Shawls.
Guipure Lace Capes and Berthas.
Black Grenadines, Hernanis, Florentines.
Tamise Cloth, De Laines, Cashmeres.
Henrietta Cloths, Alpacas, Mohair Lustres and Brilliantees.
Black Dress Silks of all the best makes.
Summer Silks, in stripes and checks.
Foulard Silks, spotted and plain colors.
Marseilles Quilts.
Nottingham and Tambourd Lace Curtains.
118 and 120
Federal Street Allegheny.
MWF

SUMMER RESORTS.

RUSH HOUSE,
Ursina, Somerset County, Pa.
This fine and entirely NEW SUMMER RESORT is now open for the entertainment of Guests for the season. The RUSH HOUSE is delightfully situated on the North Fork of the Youghiogheny river, in the Allegheny Mountains. [illegible] The House has thirty-five desirable Rooms, elegantly furnished. [illegible] Railroad in between four and five hours. Terms moderate and satisfaction guaranteed. For particulars address
SCOTT RUSH,
Ursina, Somerset county, Pa.
WFM

THE
Columbia House,
At Cape May,
Will be Ready for Guests JUNE 28th.
The location of the Columbia is a full ocean view, and as a family resort it has no superior at the sea side.
Mr. BOLTON, who has the Washington Hotel on Chestnut street, Philadelphia, and Bolton's Hotel at Harrisburg, has the Columbia. MWF

SHAKSPEARE HOUSE,
EAST END.
This Hotel, which has recently been refitted and elegantly painted throughout by Mr. Wm. Stoughton, is now ready for patrons. It is situated in a beautiful and cool spot, surrounded by a large and commodious yard, with shade trees, croquet grounds and everything that could be desired for parties that wish to spend the warm months where they can get pure air and tip-top meals.
WM. STOUGHTEN,
PROPRIETOR.

Frankfort Springs
HOTEL.
Situated about 25 miles from Pittsburgh and 7 miles from Burgettstown, on the line of the Panhandle Railroad, is now open for Boarders. [illegible] The medical properties of the springs [illegible] to convey guests to the hotel on the arrival of each train, fare $1 00.
A. A. McGINNIS,
Frankfort Springs, Beaver county, Pa.

UNITED STATES HOTEL—
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.,
SELFRIDGE & DAVIS, Proprietors,
WILL OPEN FOR THE SEASON, THURSDAY, JUNE 26, 1873.
For rooms apply to GEORGE FREEMAN, Superintendent, On the Premises.
MWF

ADAMS HOUSE—
M. S. ADAMS, Proprietor,
Formerly Continental, LAWRENCEBURG, PA. This House has recently been Refitted and Refurnished with New and Elegant Furniture, and is now open for the accommodation of the public.
A Hack will be run from the House to the Railroad, connecting with all day trains, affording free passage to all patrons of the House.

Do You Remember the Old Favorite,
THE CELEBRATED
Golden Atlantic Navy,
Manufactured from
CHOICE OLD KENTUCKY STOCK,
RICHMOND, VA.
For Sale by Wholesale Dealers everywhere.
MWF

MERCHANT TAILOR.
B. TIEGEL,
No. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET.
Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, for Spring and Summer Wear, AT LOWEST PRICES.

NEW CHROMO—
"The Heathen Chinee,"
Illustrated, put up in Oleomo, No. 1 of four series of original Pictures illustrating Bret Harte's Poem of "The Heathen Chinee," will be given to every purchaser of [illegible]
The Atlantic and Pacific Tea Co.,
26 FIFTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.

DRY GOODS

WM. SEMPLE.
Unusual Bargains
LADIES' UNDERWEAR in great variety.
MISSES' UNDERWEAR, all sizes.
BOYS' UNDERWEAR, for all ages.
GENTS' UNDERWEAR, some great bargains.
GENT'S COLLARS, in large assortment.
GENT'S CUFFS, prices very low.
GENT'S TIES, all kinds.
GENT'S HANDKERCHIEFS, all prices.
GENT'S WHITE SHIRTS, full assortment.
GENT'S COLORED SHIRTS, Cheviot styles.
LADIES' HANDKERCHIEFS, Hemstitched and Embroidered.
LADIES' HANDKERCHIEFS, Tape Borders, all prices.
CORSETS, all sizes, 37½c up.
PARASOLS, PARASOLS,
PARASOLS, PARASOLS,
PARASOLS, PARASOLS,
PARASOLS, PARASOLS,
PARASOLS, PARASOLS,
PRICES MARKED DOWN!
REMNANTS OF CARPETS.
REMNANTS OF CARPETS.
REMNANTS OF CARPETS.
REMNANTS OF CARPETS.
To Clean Them Out.
To Clean Them Out.
To Clean Them Out.
To Clean Them Out.
Hats, Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers,
TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS,
FANCY GOODS,
REAL HAIR GOODS.
A Full Stock at Very Low Prices.
165, 167 and 169
Federal Street, Allegheny

DRY GOODS:

WM. SEMPLE.
Unusual Bargains

LADIES' SUITS	at	$ 3 50
LADIES' SUITS	at	4 00
LADIES' SUITS	at	4 50
LADIES' SUITS	at	5 00
LADIES' SUITS	at	5 50
LADIES' SUITS	at	6 00
LADIES' SUITS	at	6 50
LADIES' SUITS	at	7 00
LADIES' SUITS	at	7 50
LADIES' SUITS	at	8 00
LADIES' SUITS	at	9 00
LADIES' SUITS	at	10 00
LADIES' SUITS	at	11 00
LADIES' SUITS	at	12 00
LADIES' SUITS	at	13 00
LADIES' SUITS	at	14 00
LADIES' SUITS	at	15 00
LADIES' SUITS	at	16 00
LADIES' SUITS	at	18 00
LADIES' SUITS	at	20 00
LADIES' SUITS	at	22 00
LADIES' SUITS	at	25 00
LADIES' SUITS	at	27 50
LADIES' SUITS	at	30 00
MISSES' SUITS	at	3 00
MISSES' SUITS	at	3 50
MISSES' SUITS	at	4 00
MISSES' SUITS	at	4 50
MISSES' SUITS	at	5 00
MISSES' SUITS	at	5 50
MISSES' SUITS	at	6 00
MISSES' SUITS	at	6 50
MISSES' SUITS	at	7 00

165, 167 and 169
Federal Street, Allegheny.

AT HORNE & CO.'S,
Market Street,
Large Lines of New Goods Now Opening.
Embroideries,
Neck Ruching,
Parasols,
Sun Umbrellas,
Gauze Underwear,
White and Percale Shirts,
Gloves,
Hosiery,
White Goods,
Victoria Lawns,
Striped, Barred and Plain Nainsooks,
Swisses, Organdies,
Linen Lawns,
Piques, Striped Victoria Lawns,
Table Linens,
Napkins, Doylies,
Corsets, Hoop Skirts,
Domestic Dry Goods,
New Styles Prints,
Dress Goods, at low prices to close
Millinery and Straw Goods, at closing prices.
Men's and Boys' Straw Hats,
Ladies' and Children's Trimmed Hats.
77 and 79 Market Street.

GREAT
Closing Out Sale
AT
ERWIN'S,
172 and 174
FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.
Bargains, Bargains, Bargains
IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.
All Summer Goods to be Closed Out.
EVERYTHING REDUCED.
25 cent Goods Reduced to 12½ cents.
30 cent Goods Reduced to 15 cents.
50 cent Goods Reduced to 20 and 25 cents.
This is a Bona Fide Clearance Sale,
And it will offer some Bargains that will have to be seen to be appreciated.
Call and See Our Goods and Prices.
We have so many GOOD BARGAINS that we can hardly particularize any. A few specialties we mention:
12½ cent BROCADE POPLINS, Reduced from 25 cents.
12½ cent WOOL PLAIDS Reduced from 28 cents.
12½ cent Striped WASP POPLINS, Reduced from 20 cents.
25 cents, Good Styles STRIPED ALPACAS, all [illegible]
12½ cents One of the Best Makes of 4-4 SOFT FINISH LONG CLOTH.
[illegible] cents. An extra Good Quality of BLACK STRIPED HERNANI.
Suits, Suits, Suits, Suits
At Reduced Prices! At Reduced Prices!
TO CLOSE OUT THE BALANCE OF THE STOCK.
[illegible]
All New and Very Elegant Styles.
Good Goods! Good Bargains!
Immense Stock and one of the handsomest in either city.
A. W. Erwin & Co.,
172 and 174 Federal Street.
CALL SOON AND SECURE SOME OF THE BEST BARGAINS.

CARPETS.

OIL CLOTHS!
The Largest Stock, in all Widths, of
American Manufacture
EVER OPENED IN THIS MARKET.
SPECIAL NOTE.
American Oil Cloths have long been conceded as excelling all Foreign Makes, and are EXPORTED TO ENGLAND on account of their superiority in Elegance of Finish and Beauty of Design.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

CARPETS!
SUMMER STOCK.
LOW PRICES!
GOOD STYLES.
Mattings,
Oil Cloths,
Shades,
Stair Rods, &c.
Bovard, Rose & Co.
21 FIFTH AVENUE.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
OIL CLOTH, WINDOW SHADES, &c.
Green Shade Cloth a Specialty.
Also, Agents for the BOSTON BELTING CO.'S RUBBER BELTING HOSE, STEAM PACKING, &c.
Dealers in LEATHER BELTING, LACE LEATHER and RUBBER GOODS GENERALLY.
PAINTING, GRAINING AND GLAZING.
Nos. 26 and 28 SIXTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, P

Strength is Security!
ASSETS $10,000,000 GOLD.
Royal Insurance Company,
OF LIVERPOOL.
COFFIN, KELLOGG & CO., Agents,
Cor. Third avenue and Wood. Pittsburgh, Pa.
MWF

INSURANCE.

German American Ins. Co.
OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Office, Fifth Avenue Bank Building,
No. 195 FIFTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
Capital Stock - - $100,000.
G. H. MEYER....President.
H. H. NIEMAN....Vice President.
J. H. KAERCHER....Treasurer.
ROBT. ABEL....Secretary.
WM. MAZET....General Agent.
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Wm. Mazet, Dan'l Kinzer, J. H. Demmler.
J. A. Kaercher, Edwin Bindley, H. Frease,
F. D. Geist, James Lippincott, Jac. Keebler.

JAS. I. BENNETT....President.
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JAS. M. KENNEY....Secretary.
AUGUST AMMON....General Agent.
Manufacturers' AND Merchants' Insurance Company,
87 WOOD ST, PITTSBURGH, PA.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
Capital, - $250,000.
Assets $343,600 18, Jan. 1, 1873.
Directors:
James I. Bennett, John Wilson,
A. K. W. Painter, Henry A. Weaver,
John W. Chalfant, W. A. Reed,
Robert Lea, Jos. Walton,
I. C. Pershing, C. W. Batchelor,
William Walker, S. F. Von Bonhorst.
Mark W. Watson.

People's Insurance Company
OF PITTSBURGH,
Office, N. E. Corner Wood street and Fifth avenue.
Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
DIRECTORS.
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Jared M. Brush, Wm. Vankirk,
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Samuel McCrickart, C. B. Shea.
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WM F. GARDNER....Secretary.
GEO. S. SWARTZ, Jr....General Agent.

Western Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED APRIL, 1849.
CAPITAL....$225,000.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.
Office—First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.
DIRECTORS:
Alex. Nimick, Reuben Miller, Jr.,
Alex. Speer, Andrew Ackley,
Wm. Morrison, David M. Long,
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Wm. S. Evans, D. Inmsen,
Philip Reymer, Joseph Kirkpatrick.
B. Sellers McKee.
ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
GEO. NEELD, Agent and Surveyor.

Monongahela Insurance Co.,
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED 1854.
CASH CAPITAL....$175,000.
Insures Against Fire and Marine Losses.
Office—NORTHEAST CORNER WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE, Second Floor, entrance on Fourth avenue.
WM. A. CALDWELL....President.
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George A. Berry, Robert Dalzell,
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James Woodburn, Geo. W. Dilworth,
Charles Atwell, David McCandless,
R. H. Palmer, D. S. H. Gilmore,
James McCandless.

Citizens' Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office—No. 131 Smithfield street, second door from City Hall.
WM. BAGALEY....President.
JOHN REA....Secretary.
Insures Steamboats and Cargoes. Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.
Insures against loss or damage by fire.
DIRECTORS:
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B. F. Jones, J. Caldwell, Jr.,
Samuel Rea, Thos. J. Burchfield,
Capt. Thos. Snowden, George Bingham,
Barclay Preston, Alexander Moore,
S. M. Kier.
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WM. M. M'COMBS,
Real Estate and Insurance Agt
No. 110 Smithfield Street.
Property Bought and Sold all parts of the county.
Money to Loan on Bond and Mortgage and Commercial Paper.

KINDER BLAIR,
Practical Confectioner
AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN and DOMESTIC FRUITS.
Ice Creams of all Flavors, Nuts, Canned Goods, &c.
62 Fifth Ave. Pittsburgh Pa.

DRY GOODS.

WM. SEMPLE.
WE OFFER THIS WEEK AS
Unusual Bargains
BLACK SILKS, $1, $1 25, $1 50, $1 75 and $2.
COLORED SILKS, for Dresses, in selected colors and shades.
COLORED SILKS, for Bindings and trimmings.
JAPANESE SILKS, in checks, stripes and plain.
BLACK SILKS, colored stripes.
REAL POPLINS, various makes, choice colors.
BLACK DRESS GOODS, in great variety.
HALF MOURNING DRESS GOODS, cheap.
BLACK MOHAIR, 50c to $1.
BLACK ALPACAS, 25c to 75c.
HERNANIS, 12½c, best colors.
HERNANIS, 15c, stripe, choice styles.
HERNANIS, 25c, all black, satin stripe.
HERNANIS, 37½c, 50c, 62½c and 75c.
FONTAINES, satin stripe, new.
PONGEES, a rare assortment of these.
WOOL DELAINES, Mignonette shades.
ORGANDIES and LAWNS, plain and printed.
CHINTZES, Imported and Domestic.
LINENS, for Dresses.
LINENS, for Boys' Wear.
SUITINGS, all colors and kinds.
PERCALES, Plain and Printed.
P. K., White and Colored.
WHITE DRESS GOODS, all prices and kinds.
PLAIN POPLINS, beautiful styles for Children.
COLORED ALPACAS, in good assortment.
MIXED GOODS, for Dresses, 11c.
STRIPE POPLINS, 12½c, greatly reduced.
CHECK POPLINS, 12½c, very desirable goods.
DELAINES, 12½c, Beautiful Styles.
PERCALES, Best and Newest Styles, 12½c.
PRINTS, 8c, 10c and 12½c, Beautiful Styles.
SHIRT FRONTS, only 6¼c.
SHIRT FRONTS, Embroidered, 12½c.
SHIRT FRONTS, Embroidered, 20c.
SHIRT FRONTS, Embroidered, 25c.
165, 167 and 169
Federal Street, Allegheny.

NEW YORK.

TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS.
A large and desirable contract is about to be let. First-class parties, with large capital, may learn particulars as below; no others need apply. Address
CHARLES H. ROBBINS,
P. O. BOX 3370, NEW YORK CITY.

PHILADELPHIA.

THOMAS M. DROWN
ANALYTICAL CHEMIST AND CONSULTING METALLURGIST,
1,123 Girard Street, Philadelphia.

MEDICAL.

Speedily Cured!
ALL FORMS of Venereal, Private and Nervous Diseases at the old established Girard Medical Institute, No. 172 Second avenue, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
NO CHARGE UNTIL CURED.
Spermatorrhea, or Seminal Weakness or Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth or excess in mature years, and which produce some of the following effects: as emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and rendering marriage improper, [illegible]
GIRARD MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
No. 172 Second avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays by appointment. D&*

MANHOOD WOMANHOOD!
"Books for the Million!" Why may marry, who not. Why? Impediments, causes and cure. Every father, mother, young man and young woman should read them. 100 pages. Sent in Sealed Envelope, 25 cents each; both for 25 cents. Address
Dr. WHITTIER,
296 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
d*

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA, PA.
An institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill. Acting Surgeon, J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D. Essays for Young Men sent free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa.
MWF

PRIVATE DISEASE—OFFICE NO. 194 PENN STREET, near 9th St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days. [illegible] Office hours from 8 A. M. till 7 P. M.

Pittsburgh Trunk Manufactory.
W. J. Gilmore, Agt.
REMOVED
TO
No. 38 FIFTH AVENUE,
FOUR DOORS FROM WOOD,
MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN
Trunks, Valises,
Traveling Bags,
Ladies' Satchels, &c.
We have constantly on hand a Large Assortment of these Goods, of First-class Material, and at the MOST REASONABLE PRICES.
All orders promptly attended to.

Mosquito Bars,
LACE CURTAINS,
DRAPERIES,
CORNICES,
TURKISH FOLDING SPRING BEDS,
METROPOLITAN SPRING BEDS.
Upholstering of all Kinds.
E. EDMUNDSON & SON'S,
55 MARKET STREET.

J. M. GAZZAM....A. O. COCHRAN.
Gazzam & Cochran
Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices, Diamond Street, cor. Cherry Alley,
PITTSBURGH.
Practice in all the Federal, State and County Courts. Legal business transacted and Collections made through responsible correspondents in all parts of the United States, Canada and Europe.

JOS. SPENCER. JAS. M'KAY. ROBT. LIDDELL
Phoenix Steam Brewery,
SPENCER, McKAY & CO.
MALTSTERS AND BREWERS,
Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ROBT. WATSON, Manager.

PEARL WHEAT
IS WITHOUT DOUBT THE MOST
Delicious, Wholesome and Nourishing
Preparation of nature's great food ever produced. Essentially consisting of the whole kernel of wheat, [illegible] Ask your Grocer or Druggist for a Package.
Pearl Wheat Manufacturing Co.,
185 to 195 FIRST AVE., Pittsburgh, Pa.

WILLIAM BOYD....T. BOYD
WILLIAM BOYD & SON,
Builders and Contractors
Office, 214 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

Use Sawyer's Barbers' Soap.

MANUFACTURERS.

BRASS
CASTINGS
AND
BABBIT
X BABBIT
METAL,
OF EXTRA QUALITY,
For Machinery of Every Description,
MANUFACTURED BY
Bailey, Farrell & Co.
167 Smithfield Street.

KEYSTONE BRIDGE CO.
BUILDERS OF
Iron and Wooden Bridges,
Wrought Iron Turn-Tables, Roofs, &c.
OFFICES:
Cor. Fifty-first and Harrison Sts., Pittsburgh
No. 426 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.
No. 211 Washington avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

BOLIVAR
UNION FIRE BRICK WORKS.
REESE, HAMMOND & CO.,
Manufacturers of the best quality of
BOLIVAR BRICK.
Capacity of Works, 2,000,000 Per Annum.
Works—At Bolivar, Westmoreland county.
Office and Yard—No. 371 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.
Orders filled promptly.

Star Fire Brick Co
Corner Twenty-second and Railroad Sts.
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
MANUFACTURE THE CELEBRATED
Clarion Star Brick
FOR ROLLING MILLS, FOUNDRIES, STEEL WORKS, BLAST FURNACES, GLASS WORKS, COKE OVENS, &c.
TILES, STOVE LINING AND FIRE BOX ARCHES, A SPECIALTY.

Anchor Nail and Tack Works
CHESS, SMYTH & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
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SEVEN PER CENT.

Water Loan Bonds

At Par and Interest,

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At Par and Accrued Interest, Free from Taxation.

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FINANCE AND TRADE.

SATURDAY EVENING, July 5, 1873.

It is not three months since we were experiencing one of the most stringent money markets ever passed successfully through; money in this city commanded almost any rate the lender chose to ask, and in New York rates ran up to 300 per cent. per annum and it seemed almost impossible that in a few weeks money would settle here to the nominal rates and in the East be worth but 3 to 5 per cent. per annum, but such is the case.

The tight money market of the winter and spring caused quite a number of large manufacturing concerns to curtail their business and some to suspend operations altogether. The fact that they were ready borrowers at high rates set a price on money for all other borrowers, and as a result all lines of business had their profits cut down by the increase of their interest account.

The business public may congratulate themselves that the number of this class of borrowers is materially diminished, by a healthy weeding out of overstrained credits and that they cannot demoralize the market during the coming season by setting the standard of high rates. Locally one great cause of a tight money market during the winter is removed and with the large increase of banking capital in our midst, we may hope for more comfortable times in the future.

As to the general market, the course of our foreign trade has changed, and now our exports largely exceed our imports, and, although gold is kept up by the manipulations of a clique of speculators, it is not possible that while we are sending abroad so great a quantity of our domestic fabrics and foreigners are investing so heavily in our bonds that gold can be kept up to its present high point.

In stock circles it is reported that Jay Gould, representing the old Northwest clique, which cornered the stock last autumn and in whose hands a large majority of the stock has since rested, has disposed privately of this stock to parties who have a double purpose of completing a railroad extension west of Chicago and also of making a stock speculation, and the Pennsylvania Central people are said to be the buyers. The Central has now a through line from New York to Chicago, and wants to reach the grain and iron regions of the Northwest, and as the New York Central and Lake Shore are now under the same management, giving Commodore Vanderbilt a line from New York to Chicago, it is likely that both of these parties are reaching out for the control of Northwest and St. Paul. In the light of these facts the report has plausibility and significance. Pacific Mail is said to be entirely under the control of the clique interested and that they move the stock as they see fit, entirely independent of the rest of the market.

—A Washington dispatch says of the new dollar and of coinage matters:

A telegram was yesterday received by Dr. Linderman, Director of the Mint, from the Superintendent of the San Francisco mint, saying there are numerous inquiries for the new trade dollar, large quantities being wanted for shipment to China on the 15th of July. The director has replied that the dies cannot be sent to San Francisco before the 6th or 10th of July, and therefore the demand for the dollars cannot be immediately supplied. He expresses his regret that the preparation of the dies has been delayed, notwithstanding the efforts in that direction.

The gold coinage at the San Francisco mint for the months of July and August will, according to the information from the Superintendent, be $6,000,000, or $3,000,000 each month. Three or four millions of double eagles will be recoined during this month at the Philadelphia mint. They will be sent to the New York Sub-Treasury to be paid out as interest on government bonds.

The yield of the Crown Point and Belcher mines continues at the rate of $3,000,000 a month, in equal parts of gold and silver. These metals are sent to San Francisco, where the gold is coined into double eagles and the silver shipped to England in bars. This year there will be coined at the three mints about $40,000,000 in gold, independent of recoinage. The recoinage is for the purpose of making the coin conform to the recent law of Congress. Where there is an abrasion of more than one-half of one per cent., there must be a recoinage.

The export of gold coin is very trifling—not more than $200,000 this month.

The Director of the Mint has received replies to the circular sent to all our foreign ministers, for the purpose of ascertaining the standard of coinage in the respective countries to which they are accredited. These replies contain valuable information not hitherto possessed by the mint. They relate to coinage generally, including the limit of abrasion, and values in money and account.

—William Ward, No. 22 Broad street, quotes stock privileges as selling for 1 per cent. cash bonus on 30 days' time, and 1½ to 2 per cent. bonus on 60 days, at points varying from the market price of the securities named as follows:

	Puts.	Calls.
Central & Hudson	¾ to ¾ below	1 to 1¼ above.
C. C. & I. C.	1½ to 2	3 to 3½
Consolidation Coal	— to —	1½ to 2
Erie Railway	2 to 2	3 to 3½
Han. & St. Jo.	2 to 2½	2½ to 3
Harlem R. R.	5 to 6	3½ to 4
Lake Shore	¾ to 1	1½ to 2
N. J. Southern	— to —	1½ to 2
Northwestern	1 to 1½	— to —
Ohio & Mississippi	¾ to 1	1 to 1½
Pacific Mail	2 to 4	4 to 5
Rock Island	1 to 1½	2 to 2½
St. Paul	1½ to 2	1 to 1½
Union Pacific	1 to 1½	1½ to 2
Wabash	1 to 1½	2 to 2½
Western Union	1½ to 1½	3 to 3½
Gold ½ for 30 days, ¾ for 60	1 to 1½	1 to 1½

The above rates imply first class names.

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, July 5, 1873.

REMARKS.—Yesterday being the "glorious Fourth of July," little business was transacted, and it seemed that sellers and purchasers had mutually concluded to "see it out" to-day, as there was but a light trade transacted.

There has been a sudden rise in the rivers, which will let out much of the coal which has been awaiting water for some time. This will be good news to all concerned.

The markets generally show little or no change in prices, nor do we look for an improvement in business for some weeks to come.

Below will be found the rulings of the market, the quotations being wholesale unless otherwise noted:

ASHES—Common soda ash 4¾c; refined 6c; pots 9@9½c; pearls 11c; arsenic 3½@4½c; nitrate soda 4¾@5c; black lead 6c.

APPLES—Receipts 20 bbls. Sales at $4 50@5 60 ℔ bbl.

ALES—X $9; XX $10; porter $10; India ale $11 ℔ bbl. Bass English ale, kilderkins, 25 gals, $24; bbls, 45 gals, $44; hhds, 68 gals, $65.

APPLE BUTTER—Sales at 45@50c ℔ gallon, as to quality.

BUTTER—Receipts 29 packages; sales of prime to choice at 15@17c; common to medium 9@12c.

BACON AND PROVISIONS—Market moderately active. We quote as follows: Sugar cured canvassed hams 15c; canvassed sugar cured shoulders 10c; plain shoulders 9c; rib sides 10c; clear rib sides 10½c; clear sides 11c; breakfast bacon 13c; dried beef 19½c; mess pork, ℔ bbl, $17; leaf lard, in tierces, 9½c; refined lard, in tierces, 9½c; refined lard, in half bbls, 10½c; refined lard, in kegs and buckets 11c. Receipts bacon 41 tierces.

BEESWAX—Sales at 31@33c ℔ lb, as to quantity and quality.

BANNER BAKING POWDER—¼ lb cans, ℔ doz, $1 60; ½ lb cans $3; 1 lb cans $5 50; 5 lb cans $21; 10 and 25 lb cans, wood boxes, ℔ lb, 40c.

BROOM CORN—Hurl 8½@9c; green 5c; red top 4½c.

BEANS—Sales at $2 75@3 00 ℔ bush.

CHEESE—Receipts 143 boxes. The market remains unchanged. Factory 11½@12c for round lots; jobbing lots 1c better; dairy 7½@8c.

COUNTRY MEATS—Hams 9@11c; shoulders 5@6c; sides 7½@8c.

CRANBERRIES—Sales of Sackett's and Carey's at $12@13 ℔ bbl; lower grades $8@10.

CARBON OIL—We quote car lots, f. o. b., at 15½@15¾c.

CEMENT—Beeson's hydraulic $2 00@2 25; Louisville $2 25@2 50; Rosendale $4 00@4 50; white lime $2; calcined plaster $4 50@5 00; light plaster $3 00@3 50.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Sales at $7 70@8 00 ℔ case.

DRIED FRUITS—Peaches, halves, 6@6½c; mixed 5½@6c; peeled 16@18c. Apples 3@3½c. Blackberries 10@12c. Pitted cherries 15@19c; unpitted 6@7c ℔ lb.

EGGS—Under light receipts prices have advanced, and we now quote strictly fresh at 17@19c ℔ doz.

FISH—Lake shore, No 1, $25 ℔ bbl; medium shore, No 1, $23; bay, No 1, $21; for half barrels, quarters and kitts 32c more; lake herring, quarters, $3 15; white fish $8.

FEATHERS—Sales of strictly prime at 78@83c; mixed and old 40@60c.

GROCERIES—There are no changes to note in this line of trade. We quote as follows:

Coffee—Choice Rio 25c; good to prime 22½@23½c; Old Government Java 31c; other Javas, 26@28c; Roasted Rio, 1 lb packages, 28c; loose 27½c; roasted Java 33½c.

Sugar—Patent cut loaf 12½c; crushed granulated and powdered 11½c; standard A, 10½c; B, 10½c; extra C, 10½c; yellow, 10½c; cider colors 9½c; lower grades 9@10c.

Syrups—White drips 65c; other grades running 60 to 40c, according to quality.

Rice—Choice Carolina 9c; prime 8½c; Patna 8c; Rangoon 7½@8c.

Tea—Oolong, 35c to $1 10; Souchong 30 to 75c; Japans 50c to $1 15; Imperial 60c; to $1 10; Young Hyson 40c to $1 45; Gunpowder $1 00 to $2 30.

FLOUR—Receipts 1801 barrels. The demand for choice western brands continues active, and city mills report orders for all the choice brands they can manufacture. We quote Mills at $8 50@8 90@9 60 per barrel. Western brands from $6 35 up to $11 00.

GRAIN—Receipts since our last foot up as follows:

Wheat, sacks.........510 | Oats, sacks.........310

Corn, sacks.........510 |

The market shows no signs of improvement. We quote red winter at $1 55@1 60; white, $1 65@1 70. Oats in little demand at 46c for prime white, in sacks; mixed 43, in elevator. Corn is dull, sales at 58@59c. Rye 75@80c. No demand for barley.

HAY—The market is dull and prices weak. We quote baled at $18@24; loose, $23@29.

HOMINY—Sales in a small way at $4@4 25 per bbl.

HOPS—Market firm at 55@60c for 1872. Market dull.

LARD OIL—Extra No. 1, 75c; No. 2, 63@65c.

MILL FEED—Middlings $1 40@1 50 ℔ 100 lbs; seconds, $1 20@1 35 do; shorts 85c do; chopped corn and oats $1 35 do; chopped corn $1 30.

POULTRY—Spring chickens 62@75c per pair by the coop.

POTATOES—The ruling rates of the market are $1 50@1 75 ℔ per bush, and new crop $5@6 ℔ bbl.

PEANUTS—Per lb 5@5½c; ℔ bushel 85@90c.

RAGS—Sales at 4½@4¾c ℔ lb.

TALLOW—7½@8c ℔ lb.

WHISKY—Highwines 93@94c ℔ per gallon.

WOODEN WARE—Two hoop pails $2 30; three hoop do $2 75; No. 3 tubs $9; No. 2 do $10; No. 1 do $11 50; wash boards, IXL, $2 50; do Lucas $2 75; do Acme $2 75.

IRON MARKETS.

BOSTON.

July 5.—The market for refined bar iron is dull and weak, and sales are made at very low prices, in some cases at even less than cost for the sake of getting orders. The manufacturers of bar iron complain of low prices, which they say are not remunerative. Some have already closed their establishments. The New England rolling mill at Readville is closed on account of a strike of the puddlers, who would not consent to a reduction in their wages. The market is badly depressed. Pig iron is very quiet, and prices of American tend downward, while Scotch is also easier. We hear of an offer to sell a 1,000 ton lot of Eglinton at $46, but small lots bring from $48 to $50.

We quote yard lots of American pig iron at $47a51 per ton, including No 2 extra at $47a48, and No 1 at $50a51. We quote Eglinton at $48a50, Coltness at $58 a60, Gartsherrie at $57, and Charcoal at $60a62.

American and English refined bar are selling at $93 a100 per ton for the ordinary sizes, and $110a125 for extra sizes, according to size. Cast steel is selling at 17c for English, gold, 20a21c in currency, and 16a18c for American, currency, with fancy brands of English selling at 18a19c, gold.—*Commercial Bulletin.*

NEW YORK.

July 5.—The market for both Scotch and American pig is without a shadow of change from previous reports. As the season advances there seems to be less business, and importers are only moving jobbing parcels at about our quotations; a sale of 100 tons Glengarnock is reported at $43. New English and American rails are in without transactions; old English are quiet, and we only hear of 200 tons T in Philadelphia, at $49, 3 mos. and interest; and 200 do second hand street, at a private price. Scrap is very dull. There appears to be a shadow of more firmness on the part of manufacturers, but the jobbing trade is very dull.

Import of iron into New York, from January 1 to June 30, 1873:

	Bar, Tons.	Pig, Tons.	Sheet, &c., Bdls.
From foreign ports	5,294	35,883	114,413
Coastwise	1,635	79	9,051
Total	6,929	35,962	123,464
Same time 1872	8,006	49,647	167,523

—*Shipping List.*

CLEVELAND.

July 3.—Sixty and ninety days ago the dullness of the pig iron market was attributed largely to the backwardness of the season, and the general unfavorable prospects occasioned thereby; later it became apparent that the tight money market had made it impossible for the railroad companies to negotiate the bonds necessary to enable them to carry on construction; and now, dealers in and producers of pig metal are fully realizing what consumers have threatened for the past year—that the inflated prices of pig iron would sooner or later force it from many uses to which it has heretofore been applied. Instead of the lively trade that it was predicted would accompany the approach of settled weather, the iron market still labors under a ruinous depression. Although prices cannot be said to have declined within the past fortnight, yet indications are that some parties holding large quantities are only waiting for an opportunity to sell, at almost any price. Some of the Mahoning Valley furnaces not already shut down, are intending to run only long enough to consume their present stock, unless matters change for the better. Quotations may be fairly named as follows:

LAKE SUPERIOR CHARCOAL FOR CAR WHEELS AND MALLEABLE USE.

No 1	$ @57 50	—4mos
No 2	@57 50	—4mos
No 3	62 50@	—4mos
No 4	64 50@	—4mos
No 5	65 50@66 50	—4mos

COLD BLAST CHARCOAL.

No 1 Tennessee	$60 50@	—4mos

ANTHRACITE.

No 1 Onondaga	$48 50@	—4mos

BITUMINOUS IRON FROM ALL LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

No 1 F'ndry, according to brand	$45 50@50 50	—4mos
No 2 F'ndry, according to brand	43 50@45 50	—4mos
Gray forge	40 00@	—4mos

BLACKBAND IRON FROM WARE HOUSE.

SCOTCH.

No 1 Glengarnock	$55 50@	—4mos
No 1 Eglinton	55 50@	—4mos
No 1 Ayersome	55 50@	—4mos

AMERICAN.

No 1 Massillon	$50 50@	—4mos
No 1 Volcano	50 50@	—4mos

IRON ORES.

Lake Superior specular	$10 00	½ cash,
Forsythe	9 00	bal. 4 mos.

—*Commercial Review.*

New York Hop Market.

July 5.—The market is very quiet. There are reports of vermin in the principal growing sections of this State, but, as yet, not enough to create any uneasiness. Sales about 75 bales American, 1873's, at from 40 to 50 cents.

Export from New York from Jan. 1 to June 30:

	1873.	1872.
Hops, bales	6,555	3,334

The following is from the circular of Mr. Emmet Wells of the 3d instant:

	Bales.
Domestic receipts for the week	253
Total receipts since September 1, 1872	22,289
Total receipts for same period in 1871	27,955
Total receipts for same period in 1870	58,410
Total receipts for same period in 1869	100,070
Imports for the week	153
Total imports since September 1, 1872	20,834
Exports for the week	509
Exports since September 1, 1872	9,146

The Oneida (N. Y.) *Union* says: "During the past week we hear complaints of hop vines suffering from the dryness of the earth, and in some localities we hear that the hop louse at this early day has made its appearance, though as yet to no great extent. Hops in Madison county cannot be a full or average crop unless rain in bountiful quantity visits these parts soon. One peculiar feature of the crop thus far is the unevenness of the growth. The cultivation in many yards has been sadly neglected on account of the ground being too dry to work to advantage.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE OIL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, MONDAY, July 7, 1873.

The following are the receipts of crude oil for the past week, with a comparison table with previous years; also the exports of refined, together with the week's transactions:

	Receipts Crude per River & Rail.	Exports per Penn. R. R.	Exports per A.V. R. R.
Monday, June 30	6,008	......	......
Tuesday, July 1	5,748	......	8,539
Wednesday, July 2	8,459	......	5,516
Thursday, July 3	4,365	2,368	......
Friday, July 4	1,166	......	......
Saturday, July 5	....	Holiday.	
Total for week	25,755	2,368	14,055
Since January 1	916,352	25,783	374,148
To July 5, 1873	942,107	28,151	388,203
Same time 1872	542,148	79,861	267,525
Same time 1871	528,441	50,396	250,466
Same time 1870	564,306	82,087	241,791
Same time 1869	422,395	54,599	177,552
Same time 1868	614,276	75,073	217,766

BUSINESS.

The market since our last ruled altogether in favor of buyers, prices having further declined, having touched the lowest point for many years—the decline in crude for the week being 15c per bbl, with sales as low as $1 85 at Parker's. The receipts continue liberal, with an ample supply in the market. Refined was in sympathy with the raw material, prices have further declined, and round lots were offered at 15c per gallon. At the same date last year crude was sold at Parker's at $3 65 per bbl nearly double the present prices, and refined was sold at 19¾c per gallon. One thing is very certain—prices can't go much lower, or else it will not pay the cost of handling.

CRUDE RECEIPTS.

The following are the crude receipts from all parts for the past two weeks:

	Last week.	This week.
Crude received, bbls	46,890	25,755

The following are the crude receipts from all points by river and rail, for the past nine years, from January 1st to

July 5th, 1873, bbls	942,107
Same time 1872	542,148
Same time 1871	528,441
Same time 1870	564,306
Same time 1869	422,395
Same time 1868	614,276
Same time 1867	639,319
Same time 1866	650,017
Same time 1865	189,060

EXPORTS OF REFINED.

The following are the exports of refined oil East for the past two weeks by the Pennsylvania and Allegheny Valley Railroads:

	Last week.	This week.
Pennsylvania Railroad	2,416	2,368
Allegheny Valley Railroad	19,081	14,055
Total	21,497	16,423

The following are the exports of refined oil East by the various railroads for the past five years, from January 1 to July 1, 1873:

	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.
Penna R. R.	54,599	82,087	50,396	50,396	28,151
A. V. R. R.	177,552	241,791	250,466	267,525	388,203
Total	232,151	323,878	300,862	317,921	416,354

Saturday.

CRUDE.

So far as we could learn, there were no transactions on Saturday. Prices ruled about the same as last reported, viz: Parker's $1 85 per bbl.

REFINED.

Dealers appeared to have absented themselves on Saturday. They were not on hand—as trade was dull we suppose they concluded to wait until Monday.

OIL BARRELS

are reported firm with a good demand. City make $2 25; country $2 15.

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

TIDIOUTE, July 5.—Market very weak; sales as low as $1 70.

TITUSVILLE, July 5.—No market this morning; nothing doing.

PETROLEUM CENTRE, July 5.—Market dull at $1 85.

OIL CITY, July 5.—Market quiet at $1 95a2 00.

ROUSEVILLE, July 5.—No market.

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, July 5, 1873.

Cattle.

The receipts of cattle since our last report have been fair of through cattle, and light of stock intended for sale in this market. This being a holiday week, toward the close very little business was done, and to-day the yards have a deserted appearance. Cattle, as usual, were in supply fully up to the demand, and trade ruled slow at low prices. Some dealers assert that at the first of the week cattle sold lower than at any time since the year 1862. Good cattle are hardly in supply as wanted, and of course were more readily sold than common stuff. Following are the rates current:

Extra 1,400 to 1,500 lb, fine and smooth, $6 25; extra 1,300 lb $6; prime 1,200 lb $5 75 to $5 90; fair 1,100 lb $5 25 to $5 50.

Hogs.

The run of hogs fair. Not much doing in the yards since Thursday, though the feeling is a shade better. A few hogs have changed hands at $4 85 and $4 90, an advance of from 5c to 10c over our last quotation. The supply fully up to the demand, and market steady at about the following rates:

Extra Philadelphia $4 85; prime Philadelphia $4 75; prime Yorkers $4 50 to $4 65.

Sheep.

The run of sheep toward the close of the week light, as well it might be, for none were needed. Market slow and prices very low. Feeling anything but encouraging, and trade winds up dull at the following rates:

Extra, 100 lbs, fine wool, $5; prime, 90 to 95 lbs, $4 50 to $4 75; prime, 80 to 85 lbs, $4 to $4 20.

WOOL MARKETS.

BOSTON.

There has been no material change in the condition of the wool market since our last report. The week has been, on the whole, a quiet one, though some lines of wool have moved fairly. The receipts of the new clip have been light, and there has been very little demand for what has come forward. Choice new Ohio and Pennsylvania is quoted nominally as high as 52c by some dealers, but it would be difficult to make sales at above 50c. The receipts will undoubtedly increase rapidly for the next two weeks, and manufacturers will find ample stocks to select from in a few days.

What little activity there has been seems to have been concentrated on California wool, of which there have been large sales at about the prices of last week. Very choice Northern wool will bring 35c.

Pulled wool has sold fairly active, both for foreign and domestic. Prices are about as last reported, but they vary widely, and quotations would convey little idea of the course or condition of the market.

Foreign wools have sold in a quiet way. Cape is held at about 34 cents, but a very choice lot would bring 35 cents. The stocks of foreign wool are very large, but as importers are losing money they are unwilling to meet the market.

Receipts of wool for the five days ending July 2 have been 4,514 bales domestic and 717 bales foreign.

Sales for the week have been 860,000 lbs domestic and 120,000 lbs foreign. Included in the former we note the following sales of fleece: 75,000 lbs Ohio and Pennsylvania sold on private terms; 4,000 lbs Ohio X at 45c; 4,000 lbs Michigan X at 47c; 5,000 lbs new Michigan at 50c; 10,000 lbs Georgia at 34c; 12,000 lbs New Hampshire at 48c. There has been a sale of 10,000 lbs unwashed at 33½c.

The sales of pulled wools have been 5,000 lbs extra at 45c; 4,000 lbs do at 45a47c; 8,000 lbs do at 48c; 2,000 lbs do at 50c; 37,000 lbs do at 53c; 2,500 lbs super at 36c; 10,000 lbs do at 40a48c; 1,500 lbs do at 42½c; 5,400 lbs do at 47a47½c; 10,000 lbs do at 50c; 5,000 lbs low do at 26c; 2,600 lbs No 1 at 23½c; 105,000 lbs, mostly pulled, on private terms.

In scoured and tub washed wool the sales have been 2,600 lbs scoured at 71½c; 8,000 lbs do pulled at 56a60c; 6,000 lbs tub at 52c; 5,000 lbs do at 54c.

In combing wool we note sales of 20,000 lbs Kentucky on private terms; 2,500 lbs washed at 52½c; 1,000 lbs unwashed at 37½c; 1,000 lbs do at 38c; 1,000 lbs do at 42c; 2,200 lbs do at 42½c.—*Commercial Bulletin.*

NEW YORK.

July 5.—The volume of trade has been light, owing to the reappearance of the national holiday; that, together with the oppressive weather, will cause an almost total suspension of business until Monday, 7th inst. New fleece continues to arrive very slowly, and prices are firm owing to the advices from the interior. In Pennsylvania farmers are demanding 35a40 cents, in Ohio 42c for fleece, and 43a45c for combing do, with sales at those figures, and in Michigan 35a38c is asked. Accounts from Philadelphia state that "the past month has witnessed a market devoid of animation, all parties preferring to await the establishment of a definite range of prices for the new domestic clip before entering into any contracts; the ideas of buyers seem to be settling down to about 40a42 cents in the country for choice Ohio and Pennsylvania, at which figure some purchases are being made." The sales here comprise 5,000 lbs Oregon at 35a37 cents; 43 bags X pulled, 46a47½c; 2,500 lbs do, 42½c; 2,500 lbs heavy State fleece, 45c; 1,200 lbs Western unwashed, 28c; 1,000 lbs scoured, 60c; 25,000 lbs Oregon, 25,000 lbs Ohio fleece, 25,000 lbs Western Texas and 50 bags X pulled, on private terms.

Import of wool into New York, from Jan. 1 to June 30, 1873—

From Foreign Ports	bales	31,100
From Coastwise Ports		8,591
Total	bales	39,691
Same time, 1872		7,150

—*Shipping List.*

Coal at New Orleans.

The following is the amount of coal on hand at the Willow Grove Coal Landing, New Orleans, July 1, 1873:

Owners.	Boats.	Barges.
N. J. Bigley	7	0
T. Fawcett	27	1
Grand Lake Coal Co.	3	3
John A. Wood & Sons	21	1
Simpson, Horner & Son	23	4
Biddle, Coleman & Co	28	0
R. & J. Watson	38	0
M. D. Peterson	1	0
McGowan & Connell	3	0
W. Neal	2	0
H. H. Collins	3	0
H. & C. Tyler	2	0
Owens & English	3	0
Wm. Lee	2	0
J. M. Prather	2	0
C. M. Daugherty	1	0
Louisiana Ice Manufacturing Co	1	0
Towboat Association	3	0
New Orleans Gas Light Co	29	0
Morgan Line Steamers	1	0
Mississippi Valley Transportation Co	6	0
Total	208	9

The following was the consumption during June: 4 boats and 7 barges, and the arrivals were 22 boats.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, July 5.—Flour dull; trebles $6a7; family $8 50a9 50. Corn advancing; mixed 56c; white scarce at 60a61c. Oats dull at 40½c. Bran easier at 65a66c. Hay quiet; prime easier at $20a21. Pork firmer at $17 12½a17 25. Dry salt meats firm; shoulders 7½a8½c; clear rib sides 10½c; clear sides 10¾c. Hams 15a15½c. Lard—Refined 8¾c. Sugar and molasses—No movement. Whisky dull at 93c. Coffee dull at 18a18½c. Cotton quiet; sales 1,900 bales; good ordinary 15¾c; low middling 17¼c; middling Orleans 18¼c; middling upland 18¼c.

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, July 5.—Limited business in wool owing to small stock. The excitement in consequence of the recent purchases at the West caused a withdrawal of some of the leading buyers, and the prospect of an immediate improvement in prices is not encouraging. Sales of Ohio, Michigan and Indiana fleeces at 45a50c; unwashed Kentucky combing 42a45c; tub 52a54c; scoured 55a55½c; unwashed 32½a35½c; superfine and extra pulled 35a55c.

Nashville Market.

NASHVILLE, July 5.—Cotton dull and nominal; good ordinary 15½c; low middling 17c. Flour firm at $7 50. Wheat $1 25a1 30. Corn steady at 58a60c. Oats steady and in moderate demand at 45a48c. Bulk meats—Demand active and prices advanced; shoulders 8c; clear rib sides 9½c; clear sides 9¾c. Bacon active; shoulders 8¾c; clear rib sides 10c; clear sides 10½c. Sugar cured hams 15c. Lard active at 9¾a11c.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, July 5.—Petroleum—Refined 18¾c; crude 12½c. Flour quiet and weak; superfine $3 75a4; extras $4 25a4 50; State, Ohio and Indiana extra family $7 25a7 75. Wheat very dull; red $1 60a1 68; white $1 67. Rye unchanged. Corn firm; yellow 56a57c. Oats active; white 44a48c. Whiskey dull at 92½a93c. Wool quiet and steady.

Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, July 5.—Cotton quiet; low middling 17¼a18c. Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn 54a55c. Oats 28a29c. Hay dull; no sales. Mess pork steady and in moderate demand at $17 00a17 37½. Lard—Demand fair and market firm at 9c. Bacon unsettled; shoulders 8c; sides 10¼c.

New York Finance and Trade.

NEW YORK, July 5, 1873.

BANK STATEMENT.

The bank statement shows a considerable gain in reserve, but the gain is entirely in specie; legal tenders showing a decrease of $951,000; the percentage of reserve to total liabilities is 31 77-100 per cent. for National banks, 29 41-100 per cent. for State banks and 31 47-100 per cent. for banks as a whole. The Assistant Treasurer paid out to-day $590,000 on account of interest and in redemption of five-twenty bonds.

The following is the bank statement:

Loans, increase	$5,399,200
Specie, increase	5,889,900
Legal tenders, decrease	951,000
Deposits, increase	8,328,600
Circulation, decrease	35,200

Chicago Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, July 5.—Cattle—Receipts 437 head. Market dull and prices nearly nominal; few good to choice steers sold at $5 30a5 80; shipments 897 head. Hogs—Receipts 329 head. Market fairly active but 10c lower; $4a4 60 for common to choice; shipments 4,589 head.

Detroit Market.

DETROIT, July 5.—Flour—Demand fair and market firm at $9 45. Wheat steady, with a moderate demand; extra white $1 83a1 86; No 1, $1 72½a1 73. Corn dull and prices declined to 39a40c. Oats—Demand fair and market firm at 56a44c.

Oswego Market.

OSWEGO, July 5.—Wheat dull; No 1 Milwaukee club $1 45a1 50. Corn dull; high mixed in lots at 53c.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

Date of Departure from New York.

Cuba	July 9	Liverpool.
Pembroke	July 9	Cardiff.
Alabama	July 9	Liverpool.
Idaho	July 9	Liverpool.
Arragon	July 9	Bristol.
Trinacria	July 9	Glasgow.
City of New York	July 10	Liverpool.
Holsatia	July 10	Hamburg.
Samana	July 12	Liverpool.
Celtic	July 12	Liverpool.
City of London	July 12	Liverpool.
St. Laurent	July 12	France.
Greece	July 12	Liverpool.
California	July 12	Glasgow.
Scotia	July 16	Liverpool.
Caledonia	July 16	Glasgow.
Minnesota	July 16	Liverpool.
City of Baltimore	July 17	Liverpool.
Silesia	July 17	Hamburg.
Abyssinia	July 17	Liverpool.
Oceanic	July 19	Liverpool.
City of Chester	July 19	Liverpool.
Egypt	July 19	Liverpool.
India	July 19	Glasgow.
Humboldt	July 19	Havre.
Algeria	July 23	Liverpool.
Pennsylvania	July 23	Liverpool
Lapland	July 23	Bristol.
Olympia	July 23	Glasgow.
Manhattan	July 23	Liverpool.
Frisia	July 24	Hamburg.
Batavia	July 26	Liverpool.
Ville de Paris	July 26	France.
Canada	July 26	Liverpool.
Australia	July 26	Glasgow.
Columbia	July 26	Glasgow.
Montana	July 30	Liverpool.
Glamorgan	July 30	Cardiff.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Wheeling, W. Va.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WHEELING, W. VA., July 6, 1873.

River six feet seven inches and falling. Arrived—Exchange, from Cincinnati, 4 P. M.; will depart for Pittsburgh 9 P. M. Pleasant. M.

For Latest River Dispatches see Fourth Page

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrivals.

E. Bennett	Carmack	Geneva.
Elector	R. R. Abrams	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Messenger	Cock	St. Louis.
Mallie Ragon	Williamson	Wheeling.
Exchange	Shuman	Cincinnati.

Departed.

West Virginia	Donaldson	Geneva.
E. Bennett	Carmack	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Geneva	Phillips	Geneva.
Juniata	Brennan	Cincinnati.

MONONGAHELA—Eight feet ten inches, and rising slowly.

Boats to Leave this Day.

Wheeling....Mallie Ragon....Williamson.....2 P. M.

THE mark last evening indicated eight feet ten inches and rising slowly. The weather during the day was decidedly pleasant. The rise in the Monongahela caused a good deal of activity on the landing.

THE Iron Mountain is coming round with 1,300 tons iron ore.

THE boat stores had a busy time yesterday in fitting out coal boats.

AMONG the first boats due is the Wild Duck and barges, loaded with ore.

AMONG the first boats due are the Mollie Ebert, Exchange and Messenger.

THE steamer Arlington is being lengthened thirty-three feet at Cincinnati.

BOAT hands were scarce yesterday. The towboats in some instances experienced a good deal of difficulty.

THE towboat Charley McDonald was sold on Saturday by Marshal Hall for $24,000, Thomas W. Briggs was the purchaser.

THE steamer Juniata, Captain C. L. Brennan, left for Cincinnati with a fair trip and engagements below. Pilots, Joseph and David Alexander.

THE Hornet No. 2 had the misfortune to sink a coal barge near the lower ferry. Another one was procured and she proceeded on her way rejoicing.

THE Arkansas is down to 3½ feet at Little Rock, above which point the farm stock have drank it dry. White river has 4½ feet to Jacksonport and is falling.

THE fine passenger steamer Andes, Captain Muhleman, takes her departure from Bellair for Cincinnati on the arrival of the 1:28 P. M. train from Pittsburgh.

THE new and handsome steamer Exchange, Capt. S. Shuman, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville on Tuesday. A fine opportunity for passengers and shippers.

THE bar that is forming in front of Osceola, Arkansas, compels the packets to go almost directly across the river when going up stream after leaving that landing.

CAPTAIN ROBINSON, in charge of the work of removing the obstructions at Vevay, has discovered a coal barge sunk at that place, containing 10,000 bushels of coal.

THE fine steamer Messenger, Captain Cock, is announced for Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis. She will have quick dispatch. Our attentive friend, John T. Fisher, will be found in the office.

CAPTAIN STRONG, of the Tarascon, relates as a singular fact that in forty years of steamboating he had never heard of but one single instance in which a steamboat had been struck by lightning.

THE steamer West Virginia, Capt. Donaldson, left for Geneva with a good trip. She will arrive to-night, and leave on her return trip on Tuesday at 7 A. M. Freight will be received by A. S. Fry, on the new wharfboat.

THE fine packet Mallie Ragon, Captain Williamson, takes her departure this day at 1 P. M., for Wheeling and intermediate ports. Passengers and shippers will be pleased to learn this fact. Mr. D. Voeghtly will do the honors in the office.

ST. LOUIS, July 5.—While the steamer Great Republic was conveying a moonlight excursion party down the river last night, when just below the Arsenal a heavy gust of wind struck her, throwing her chimneys overboard, which in falling stove in her Texas and did considerable damage to her cabin. Nobody hurt.

ONE corner of the hull of the barge Eliza, which capsized last winter at the elevator above Cairo, is just visible at the surface of the water. The barge is bottom upward, badly twisted apparently, and has a lot of logs and drift over and around it. The job of righting and saving it, if attempted, will no doubt be attended with some difficulty.

ISHAM HENDERSON is the lowest bidder for removing the reef of rocks at the head of the canal. The work will be commenced shortly.

The work on the dam at the head of the falls will also be resumed.

The outlet below the new locks will be completed this season, as will also the guide-walls. With a low stage of water, the improvements on the canal will be finished this season.

LOUISVILLE, July 3.—Two deaths from cholera occurred on the James D. Parker on her present trip. William Ebert, second steward, died Monday night, and was buried on the Missouri bank between Cairo and Columbus. William Arthur Secon, the engineer, died last night, and the body was sent to Cincinnati by the Adams Express Company this morning. Both men lived in Cincinnati or vicinity. There were other cases on the boat, but none fatal.

THE Alps has delivered her cargo of ice at Vicksburg, Delta, Bayou Sara and New Orleans. Captain Thomas R. Smith died last Wednesday, at Bladon Springs, Alabama. He had been steamboating for over a quarter of a century, and during the days of the old Magnolia and other packets of that day, was mate of them. During the past five years he took up his avocation as levee contractor, the business of discharging boats, together with truck hire at New Orleans. He was aged fifty-four years.

THE inspecting of the steamboat Ida Stockdale costs the government a good round sum. The two Inspectors went to Bismarck, on the upper Missouri, where the boat was lying, and made the necessary inspection. Distance of the round trip is said to be 3,600 miles. Mileage at ten cents per mile for two inspectors amounts to $720; salary, fourteen days, $154. Probably the boat wouldn't sell for more than three times what her inspection cost the government; but no blame is attached to Inspectors or any one else for the facts just stated.

CIRCLEVILLE, O., July 5.—The Scioto river has overflowed the extensive broom corn fields in this vicinity, probably ruining from five hundred to one thousand acres of broom corn.

The dam near Williamsport was washed out by one of the highest floods ever known in Deer creek. The corn is flattened down, and the dirt washed on top of it so that much cannot be raised.

The damage to the crop is heavy. Streams are so high that the roads are impassable between here and Columbus. No trains have arrived from the East since Thursday.

[From the Sioux City Journal, June 28.]

THE stage of water here is still high, and a three feet rise is reported as on the way down. Telegraphic advices from Sully report a rise of two inches in the river there, and the stream still rising steadily. The Hiram Wood pulled out yesterday morning for Whetstone Agency. It took her over two hours to get around the bend in the Missouri, just above the mouth of the Big Sioux. Upon the arrival of the Western at Yankton, the crew was paid off, and some of them started for home. Eight of them thought they could get a Mackinaw and come down this far cheaper than by rail. They started from Yankton on Thursday and everything went well until they got to near the mouth of the Big Sioux, yesterday, when their craft upset, spilling them all into the river, with their baggage, which was not recovered.

Steamer Mountaineer Wrecked in a Storm on the Missouri.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., July 5.—A terrific wind storm, amounting almost to a tornado, passed over the city last evening between seven and eight o'clock. The steamer Mountaineer was lying at the bank above the bridge, secured to the railroad track and other fastenings by eight cables, two of which were new and four and one-half inches in diameter. At the first big blow the lines parted, after tearing up a portion of the railroad track, and the steamer turned head stream. The wind kept her close to the St. Joseph shore, and she drifted down and struck the east end of the bridge draw. Several of the iron guys of the bridge were sprung from their bolts, and the damage done to the bridge is from $8,000 to $10,000. It will require twenty days to make repairs. The Mountaineer was terribly wrecked in her forward parts. The upper works and hurricane deck are smashed up clear to her cabin. The freight hoister is ruined and chimneys knocked down. The loss to the vessel is about $20,000; no insurance. At the time of the accident the first mate, first clerk, first engineer and steward, with a number of the deck crew, were on watch, but none injured. The Mountaineer belonged to the Missouri River Packet Company, and was built in 1866 at a cost of $51,000. The steamer Elkhorn, moored below the bridge, broke loose and floated five miles down the river, where she lodged and was brought up this morning. She was damaged to the extent of five hundred dollars.

Another Mammoth Smelting Furnace.

The St. Louis *Dispatch* says: A company, mainly composed of Eastern gentlemen, with valuable Missouri ore beds under their control, have purchased ground in St. Louis for the erection of a large blast furnace, to cost about $300,000. The company is composed of S. E. Blair and J. L. Ames, of New Jersey; H. M. Norton, of Pennsylvania, and two silent partners from Illinois. The erection of the furnace will be commenced at once.

The First July Run of Coal.

The June run was postponed during this year, but in order to make amends and assist the coal men to supply the lower cities with fuel, we have a large run early in July. The water is rather scant, but nevertheless the boats named below have and will endeavor to reach the lower ports. The run is a barge one altogether, as coal boats will not venture out unless there is at least two feet more water. If the water holds out we expect to add considerable to the following list during the next twenty-four hours:

FOR CINCINNATI.

Towboats.	Barges.	Bushels.
Hornet No. 2	9	130,000
Hornet No. 2	1 do coke	10,000
My Choice	7	100,000
Wm. Stone	7	75,000
Leopard	7	75,000
Lion	8	90,000
Lion	1 do coke	13,000
Samson No. 2	9	100,000
Coal Valley	9	100,000
Coal City	12	135,000
Venture No. 2	7	75,000
Stella	10	110,000
Bengal Tiger	9	100,000
Resolute	7	70,000
Storm	10	110,000
Total	115	1,293,000

MADISON.

Tiger	6	60,000

FOR LOUISVILLE.

Towboats.	Barges.	Bushels.
John Dippold	9	100,000
Niagara	9	100,000
Diamond	9	100,000
Fred. Wilson No. 2	10	110,000
John A. Ward	12	135,000
Mary Ann	9	100,000
Hyena	7	75,000
Reindeer	6	65,000
Fair Play	5	55,000
John F. Dravo	7	75,000
Hawke	6	65,000
Boaz	12	150,000
Grand Lake	9	100,000
Total	110	1,230,000

ST. LOUIS.

Fearless, 10 barges coke.................215,000

IMPORTS BY RAIL AND RIVER.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railway.

J Holms, 100 bbls flour; P Larman, 1 car lumber; Frazier, M & Co, 132 bdls paper, 20 sks rags; J Hoppley, 139 bags s stuff; Singer, N & Co, 6 springs; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 10 bbls eggs, 1 bx beeswax; 1 kg lard; F Sellers & Co, 150 tres hams; Geo A Kelley & Co, 5 bbls alcohol; P Hamberger, 25 bbls spirits; Kice & R, 140 sks s stuff; A Speer & Sons, 1 car p beams; Arbuckles & Co, 8 bbls eggs; Watt, Lang & Co, 200 bbls flour; S Lindsay & Co, 100 do; J McKay, 50 bbls whisky; Hostetter & S, 50 bbls spirits; Casey & F, 25 do; John McCullough, 25 bbls spirits, 3 do alcohol; W Meek, 4 cars oats; T C Jenkins, 8 sks flour, Schomaker & Co, 200 bbls do; Flemming, A & Co, 20 c kettles; Hershey & Co, 25 bbls flour; Atwell & Lee, 20 sks fl ur, 6 bbls do; J A Deitz, 20 bbls flour, 99 sks shorts; Marshall Bros, 10 bbls spirits; J K Lanahan, 10 do; Voight, M & Co, 10 bbls onions, 12 do eggs 13 kgs butter; 84 sks rags; D Ewert & Co, 25 cases tobacco; 16 pails do; Dasher & L, 15 bbls spirits; Whitmore, W, L & Co, 6 bdls handles; Hubbard, L & Bo, 1 case saws; Beckert & Gerwig, 177 sks oats; Houck, McC & Co, 100 bbls flour; J & W Fairley, 1 car hay; Greff, B & Co, 1 car limestone; B H Rubie, lot couplings; Zug & Co, lot old iron; Atlantic Glass Co, 35 bxs glassware; A Kirkpatrick & Co, 30 doz brooms; J B Canfield, 5 bbls pearl ash; W D Rinehart, 50 tobacco kegs; John Megraw, 1 car stone; Jas McKay, 1 car lumber; Anderson Wood & Co, 1 car brick; E Mayo & Co, 3 bbls eggs; A L Murphy, 25 harvesters; A Kirkpatrick, 20 doz brooms; P D Duff & Son, 278 bdls paper; L & J Blanchard, 3 bbls apples; W H Graff & Co, 15 bags potatoes; H Riddle, 2 bxs meat, 4 bbls eggs; Watt, Lang & Co, 58 do vinegar; A S Bricker & Sons, 8 sks rags; B Pflaum, 7 bbls potatoes; Braden & P, 40 bxs cheese; N Welker, 1 car stone; W Gibson & Co, 200 bbls lime; W W Wallace, 1 car lime.

PER ELEVATOR.—Owner, 4 cars oats, 2 do corn; J A Gault, 4 cars oats.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—W Beiler, 5 bdls sheep hides; Wm Flaccus & Son, 20 bbls glue; F Altvater, 2 cars stone; Harbaugh, M & O, 2 do lime stone; Holmes & Co, 2 do lime; J H Lotz, 2 do staves; Young & B, 250 bags malt; Jas McBrier, 1 car shingles; W F Dill, 421 pcs pipe; J Heippley, 30 bags flour; F Stouffer, 4 bbls cider, 5 bbls eggs; Hack & Schwebel, 30 sks meal; various consignees, 68 bbls eggs, 102 pkgs butter, 24 bbls cider; Gilmore & Co, 1 car wheat; Geo F Peters, 1 do stone; H Cordier, 1 do staves; Heckman & Co, 1 do malt; R Knox & Son, 100 bbls flour.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad.

Elwood & McCracken, 25 bbls and 100 sacks flour, 18 bbls soap, 99 sks wheat; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 3 bbls eggs; Hines, Noble & Co, 10 bbls pickels; K & O Maguin, 50 half bbls pickels, 25 do; Lob & Cooley, 3 pails butter, 3 tubs do; Shellback & H, 61 bags chop; Lang & McK, 140 bbls cement; W H Graff & Co, 1 car b corn; McHenry and Hood, 175 bags corn; H J McCracken & Bro, 1 car e corn; McKroy & Co, 1,379 bdls paper; Citz Pass R. C., 43 bales of hay; N. J. Steele & Co., 2 cars potatoes; W. H. Nautker & Son, 100 barrels flour; Voight, Mahood & Co., 20 bbls. onions and 15 bbls. potatoes; Louis Schmidt, 40 kegs beer; James O'Brien, 20 bbls. onions; Reese, Owens & Co., 20 tcs. dried beef; Jas. H. Parker, 10 bbls. lard oil; B. D. Moore, 73 empty bbls.

Brownsville and Geneva.

PER STEAMER WEST VIRGINIA.—A. S. Fry, lot sundries; W. D. Cooper & Bro., 225 gallons stone ware; Palne, Albert & Co., 6 empty bbls.

Receipts of Blooms, Pig Metal and Ore.

Following are the receipts of blooms, pig metal and ore for the past twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, P. R. R. CO. LESSEE.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	5	Wm Smith, m	1
J W Porter, m	4	Lewis, O & P, m	1
J Reamer, m	2	Loomis & C, m	3
Reese, G & Co, m	3	Carnegie, K & Co, m	10
Total	[illegible]		

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	4	J Reamer, m	1
Caughey & Hallman, m	2	J Moorhead, m	1
Canebey & Hallman, b	1		
Total	[illegible]		

PROPOSALS.

Improvement of the Great Kanawha River.

DAMS AND DIKES.

U. S. ENGINEER'S OFFICE, No. 4 PUBLIC LANDING, CINCINNATI, O., June 19, 1873.

Sealed Proposals

In duplicate will be received at this office until noon on MONDAY, the 28th day of July, 1873, for furnishing and putting in place the necessary Stone and Brush for the repair and construction of the following Riprap Dams and Dikes on the Great Kanawha River:

DISTANCE FROM CHARLESTON.	PLACE.	CUBIC YDS. STONE.
16 miles above	Cabin Creek Shoals	3,000
Half Mile below	Elk Shoal	3,000
2 Miles below	Two Mile Shoal	1,000

Brush will be used at the discretion of the Engineer in charge.

All the above mentioned work must be completed by December 1, 1873.

Specifications and printed forms for proposals will be furnished on application to the undersigned, or to A. M. SCOTT, Civil Engineer, Charleston, W. Va.

WM. E. MERRILL,
Major Engineers.

Bedford Avenue Improvement.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

SEALED PROPOSALS—Indorsed Proposals for Grading, Curbing and Paving of Bedford avenue, from Erin street to Thirty-third street, will be received at the City Controller's Office until

THURSDAY, JULY 16, AT 12 M.

Each bidder will state the kind of pavement proposed to be used by him, with a full and accurate description of the same.

Proposals will be received for the whole of the work proposed, or each separate part thereof.

Plans and Specifications can be seen, and blank forms of proposals obtained, on application at the office of the City Controller, Municipal Hall.

The Commissioners reserve the right to accept or reject any part or portion of any proposal, or reject all proposals should they deem it for the best interests of the city.

Bidders must accompany their proposals with bonds as required by the city.

C. H. LOVE,
H. W. OLIVER, JR.,
SAMUEL MEARS,
R. PARKER,
WM. KANE,
Board of Commissioners.

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PITTSBURGH, PA., July 3, 1873.

Notice to Butchers and Bakers.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this Office, directed to the Board of Inspectors of Allegheny County Prison, until the 10th inst., inclusive, for furnishing the County Jail with good Boiling Beef, free from bone, for six months, beginning on the 15th inst., to be delivered in such quantities, daily, as the Warden or his Agent may direct.

Also, Sealed Proposals will be received at this Office until the 10th inst., inclusive, directed as above, for furnishing the County Jail with good Wheat Bread, for six months, beginning on the 15th inst., to be delivered in such quantities, daily, as the Warden or his Agent may direct.

HENRY WARNER, County Controller.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

SEALED PROPOSALS, indorsed Proposals for the Grading, Curbing, Paving and Masonry of Carson street, from the Monongahela Suspension Bridge to city line, and Main and Chestnut streets, from Carson street to line of Thirty-sixth ward, will be received at the office of the Chief Engineer, at Municipal Hall, until FRIDAY, July 11th, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Each bidder will state the kind of pavement to be used by him, with a full and accurate description of the same.

Proposals will be received for the whole of the work proposed, or each separate part thereof.

Plans and Specifications can be seen and Blank Forms of Proposals obtained on application at the office of the Chief Engineer at Municipal Hall.

The Commissioners reserve the right to accept or reject any part or portion of any proposal, or reject all proposals, should they deem it for the best interests of the city.

JAMES I. BENNET,
WM K. NIMICK,
WM. PHILLIPS,
PARK PAINTER,
B. C. SAWYER,
Commissioners.

MORRIS P. MILLER, W. H. FORSE, O. B. FORSE

Miller, Forse & Co.,

SUCCESSORS TO

WM. MILLER & CO.,

LATE MILLER & RICKETSON,

221 AND 223

Liberty Street, Corner of Seventh,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies and Very Superior Old Cabinet,

BRANDIES, WINES, CIGARS, &c.

Moet & Chandon's Dry Imperial, Green Seal and White Dry Sillery.

Chas. Heidsick and Piper Heidsick.

G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry Champaigne.

Burton Bass Ale in hhds. and bbls.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

193 LIBERTY ST.,

FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF

Marbleized Mantels,

Of Various Designs, Sizes and Colors.

HOT AIR FURNACES, for Burning Anthracite or Bituminous Coal or Coke.

COOKING RANGES, New and Desirable Patterns.

CHEAPEST FIRE GRATE, saving 30 to 40 Per Cent. of Coal.

STOVES—Cooking, Parlor and Office Stoves, good assortment. HOT AIR REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS, FRONTS, GRATES AND FENDERS. Wholesale and Retail Prices Low. Give us a call.

JAMES OLD.

LAING & McKALLIP,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GRAIN, FLOUR, FEED.

BALED HAY,

HYDRAULIC CEMENT, WHITE LIME,

CALCINED AND LAND PLASTER AND ANTHRACITE COAL,

NOS. 347, 411 AND 413 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

Allegheny Homestead Bank,

244 Beaver Avenue, Allegheny.

CAPITAL..................*$200,000*

☞ Stockholders individually liable.

Discount days Monday and Thursday. Six per cent. interest paid on Time Deposits. Deposits received from one dollar and upwards.

J. D. STROUS, President.
D. W. RIGGS, Vice President.
W. H. SMITH, Cashier.
WM. BLAKELEY, Solicitor.

Directors.

J. D. Strous, D. W. Riggs, M. D., C. Deitrich, Thomas Jones, Jr., Danl. Daub, Jas. A. Thompson, Wm. Rowbottom, Gus. Langenbeim, Isaac Stewart, Esq.

MWS

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK

Of Pittsburgh.

Capital...............$300,000.

INCORPORATED 1866.

OFFICE NO. 83 FOURTH AVENUE.

In Safe Deposit Company's Building.

President—HENRY LLOYD. Vice President—WM. REA.

TRUSTEES—Henry Lloyd, Wm. Rea, Edward Gregg, Thos. Wightman, R. P. Jones, Hiram Stowe, R. H. Hartley, G. W. Hallman.

Secretary and Treasurer—SIDNEY F. VON BONNHORST.

Six per cent. interest allowed on time deposits. Investments made in Government and Real Estate securities. Bank open daily, except Sundays, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M., and on Saturday evenings from 6 to 9 o'clock.

BANK OF INDUSTRY,

No. 110 FIFTH AVENUE.

CAPITAL, - - - $100,000.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

DIRECTORS.

Joseph Hastings, James McLain, John Kelly, H. Darlington, Peter O'Neil, Matthew Mawhinney, George Wilson, John Kaiser.

JOSEPH ROSS, President.
M. HANRAHAN, Cashier.

N. Holmes & Sons,

BANKERS,

57 MARKET STREET, PITTSBURGH.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN PAR FUNDS AND CURRENCY.

Collections made on all the Principal Points of the United States and Canadas.

STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

☞ Particular attention paid to the Purchase and Sale of UNITED STATES SECURITIES. MWF

STEAMSHIPS.

INMAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS

To and From Liverpool, Calling at Queenstown.

CITY OF LIMERICK, THURSDAY, July 3rd, at noon.
CITY OF PARIS, SATURDAY, July 5th, at 1 P. M.
CITY OF WASHINGTON, THURSDAY, July 10th, at 2 P. M.
CITY OF LONDON, SATURDAY, July 12th, at 7 A. M.
CITY OF NEW YORK, THURSDAY, July 17, at 11 A. M.
CITY OF CHESTER, SATURDAY, July 19th, at 1 P. M.

And every following THURSDAY and SATURDAY, from Pier 45, North River, New York.

Rates of Passage:

CABIN—$70, $80 and $90, gold.

EXCURSION TICKETS at Reduced Rates.

STEERAGE—To Queenstown, Liverpool, Glasgow, Londonderry, London, Cardiff or Bristol, $30 currency. PREPAID CERTIFICATES from above ports $32 currency.

SIGHT DRAFTS on Great Britain and Ireland for sale. Drafts in sums to suit.

Apply to JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or to WM. BINGHAM, 113 Smithfield street, or to T. H. MURRAY, 7 Ninth street, THOMAS H. RATTIGAN, 47 Smithfield street, MAX SHAMBERG, 163 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Where plans of Cabin can be seen and every information given.

White Star U. S. Mail Line,

THE FASTEST FLEET AFLOAT

Between New York and Liverpool,

Calling at CORK HARBOR both ways. Booking Passengers to and from all parts; Sailing every THURSDAY from Liverpool and every SATURDAY from White Star Wharf, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City.

OCEANIC..........Capt. Bristow.
BALTIC..........Capt. Kennedy.
REPUBLIC..........Capt. Gleadell.
CELTIC..........Capt. Thompson.
ADRIATIC..........Capt. Perry.

Passenger Accommodations Unrivaled.

Saloon, $80 Gold; (Sailings after April 1, $100 Gold). Steerage, $30, Currency. Prepaid Certificates, $32.

J. H. SPARKS, Agent, 19 Broadway, N. Y.

MAX SCHAMBERG,
163 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh.

RIVER PACKETS.

MORGANTOWN AND PITTSBURGH.

For all Points on the Monongahela River.

THE NEW AND LIGHT Draught Passenger Steamer

WEST VIRGINIA,

PETER DONALDSON..........Commander.

Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 7 A. M., for Morgantown and intermediate ports. Returning leaves Morgantown for Pittsburgh EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.

For further particulars inquire of A. S. FRY, Agent.

FROM BELLAIR.

For Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Huntingdon, Ironton, Portsmouth and Cincinnati.

EVERY TUESDAY, 6 P. M., on arrival of the 1:28 P. M. train from Pittsburgh.

THE STEAMER

ANDES,

CHARLES MUHLEMAN..........Commander,

Will leave as above.

PARKERSBURG.

For Wheeling, Marietta and Parkersburg.

EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY AT 1 P. M.

THE FINE STEAMER

MALLIE RAGON,

J. W. WILLIAMSON..........Captain
A. W. VOEGHTLY..........Clerk.

Will leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply to FAIRMAN & HENDERSON, Wharfboat, foot of Wood street.

CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati.

WEDNESDAY, July 9.

THE SPLENDID PASSENGER Steamer

EXCHANGE.

SAMUEL SHERMAN..........Captain.

Will leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

LOUISVILLE.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.

TUESDAY, 8TH INST.—4 P. M.

THE STEAMER

EXCHANGE,

S. SHUMAN..........Commander.
J. M. VANDERGRIFT..........Clerk.

Will Leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

ST. LOUIS.

For Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.

WEDNESDAY, 9TH INST.—4 P. M.

THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER

MESSENGER,

T. F. COCK..........Commander.
JOHN C. FISHER..........Clerk.

Will leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Cairo and St. Louis.

On TUESDAY—4 P. M.

THE STEAMER

Fearless and Barges

J. M. BICKERSTAFF..........Commander.
I. M. SCOTT..........Clerk.

Will leave as announced above.

The Fearless will give through receipts for Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.

For Freight apply to GEO. H. GHRIEST & CO., or FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents. No. 99 Water Street, 2d floor.

O. P. THARP, Superintendent. JOS. P. ROGERS, Cashier.

THE MARINE RAILWAY AND DRY DOCK COMPANY of Cincinnati, O., are prepared to take out the Largest Class of Tow and Passenger Steamers, and have large facilities in Material and Machinery for Repairing in short time and fair rates.

Owners and Captains favoring us with their business may rely on our best efforts to give satisfaction in time, workmanship and cost.

WM. HOLMES..........JAMES IRWIN

JAMES IRWIN & CO.

OIL OF VITRIOL, MURIATIC ACID, NITRIC ACID, ENGLISH CAUSTIC SODA, And AQUA AMMONIA.

Office—No. 15 Market Street, Pittsburgh

BANKS AND BANKERS.

METROPOLITAN BANK,

OF PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Corner Butler and Forty-third Streets,

Seventeenth Ward.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - - $100,000.
PRIVILEGE, - - - 250,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Security to Depositors over $2,000,000.

Deposits of $1 and upwards received.

Six Per Cent. Interest paid on Time Deposits.

Special Attention Given to Savings Accounts.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers, Merchants and individuals solicited. Collections made on all parts of the United States and proceeds promptly remitted.

Open on Saturday Evenings from 6 to 8 P. M.

Discounts DAILY.

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C. A. DRAVO, President.
WM. BURNS, Vice President.
JAMES WETTACH, Cashier.

Gibson & Wier, Solicitors.

Odd Fellows' Savings Bank,

No. 63 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

Chartered by Legislature of Pennsylvania, March, 1872

CAPITAL..................$100,000
PRIVILEGE..................$500,000.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

Money Loaned on Mortgages, Bonds and other good Securities.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Books of By-Laws furnished at the Bank. Collections and Returns promptly made.

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President—HENRY LAMBERT.
Vice President—ANDREW MILLER.
Cashier—W. J. SCULLY.

Open for business from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturday Evenings from 6 to 8.

Board of Directors meets daily at 11 o'clock.

GERMAN SAVINGS BANK,

206 Ohio Street, Allegheny City.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

Assets January 1, 1873, - $961,031 10

Capital Represented, over $5,500,000 00

Open daily from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., also on Saturday Evening, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received in sums of One Dollar and upwards. Six per cent. interest paid on time deposits, which can be drawn without previous notice.

Drafts issued on all the principal cities of Europe, and collections promptly made.

Directors.

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A. WIESE, President.
L. WALTER, Vice President.
JOS. STRATMAN, Cashier.

Masonic Deposit Saving Bank

No. 135 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh.

CHARTERED BY LEGISLATURE.

Capital, $200,000. Privilege, $500,000.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

Collections Made on all Points in the United States and Canadas.

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ALFRED SLACK, of Slack & Shoies.
ROBERT PITCAIRN, Superintendent Pennsylvania Railroad.
JOHN CHISLETT, Superintendent Allegheny Cemetery.
DR. A. H. GROSS, President Select Councils.
GEORGE C. SHIDLE, of James Shidle & Son.
WM. SCOTT, Contractor.
WM. F. LANG, of Watt, Lang & Co.
RALPH BAGALEY, Secretary Westinghouse Air Brake Company.
J. J. LAWRENCE, Superintendent Allegheny Valley Railroad Company.
AARON FRENCH, of Pittsburgh Cast Steel Spring Company.
J. L. PIPER, Superintendent Keystone Bridge Company.
C. L. GOEHRING, President Consolidated Gas Co.

CHAS. W. BATCHELOR, President.

GEO. C. McLEAN, Cashier.

CENTRAL BANK,

No. 35 Bank Block, Pittsburgh.

CAPITAL..................$100,000.

Bank of Discount and Deposit.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

Collections made on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS:

THOMAS FAWCETT, MADISON BAILEY, D. W. C. CARROLL, J. F. DENNISTON, JAMES H. HOPKINS, GEORGE BINGHAM, JULIUS ADLER, ABRAM HAYES, JAMES BOWN, PAUL H. HACKE, J. H. WALTER, JAMES LYONS.

THOMAS FAWCETT, President,
J. W. DAVITT, Cashier.
M. HUNNINGS, Assistant Cashier.

MWF

THE NATIONAL TRUST CO.,

No. 423 Penn St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL, - - $100,000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

Deposits of $1 and upward received. Deposits received and 6 per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections, and proceeds promptly remitted. Discount Days—Tuesdays and Fridays.

DIRECTORS—Robert Dickson, Jacob Ahl, James M. Taylor, Edward Miles, Wm. B. Brickell, Chas. H. Armstrong, Wm. Smith, Wm. J. Friday, James Taylor, M. Graver, P. Kane, C. Van Buren, H. Gerwig.

President—ROBERT DICKSON.
Vice President—JAMES M. TAYLOR.
Cashier—ROBERT J. GRIER.

PRODUCERS' BANK OF BUTLER COUNTY,

AT BUTLER, PA.

CAPITAL, - - - - $100,000,

J. E. RAY, Cashier. J. W. IRWIN, Prest.

Directors:

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A General Banking Business transacted. Correspondence solicited.

Allegheny National Bank,

OF PITTSBURGH,

No. 33 Fifth Avenue.

Capital Stock, $500,000.

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R. W. MACKEY..........Vice President.
W. McCANDLESS..........Cashier.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,

14 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL..................$200,000.

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BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT

SIX (6) PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on Time Deposits.

Money Loaned on Mortgages, Bills of Exchange, Notes and all good Securities.

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Board meets for Discount daily, at 11½ o'clock.

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No. 1203 Carson St., Birmingham.

CAPITAL STOCK, - $100,000.

Deposits of $1 00 and upward received.

Six Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

Particular attention given to Collections, and proceeds promptly remitted.

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Board meets every day at 1 o'clock P. M.

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Tradesmen's National Bank,

WOOD STREET, CORNER SECOND.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

MONEY LOANED

ON

UNITED STATES BONDS COLLATERAL

Accounts Solicited.

A. BRADLEY..........President
W. VANKIRK..........Vice President
CYRUS CLARKE, JR..........Cashier

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

CORNER FOURTH AVE. AND WOOD ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.,

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Dealers in Exchange, Coin, Coupons, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Purchase and Sale of GOVERNMENT BONDS.

☞ SIGHT DRAFTS ON LONDON.

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T. H. NEVIN & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

White Lead, Red Lead & Colors,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

We guarantee our strictly pure WHITE LEAD to be what its name represents. See printed notice attached to each keg, with offer of $30 in gold for every ounce of adulteration.

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A. GARRISON & CO.

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CHILLED AND SAND

ROLLS,

Of Acknowledged SUPERIOR QUALITY, at the Lowest Current Prices.

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ROLLING MILL CASTINGS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

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MANUFACTURERS OF THE

WAYNE AND "U. S." BRANDS OF

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Office and Works—COR. TENTH STREET AND DUQUESNE WAY, (near Union Depot,)

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Corner Liberty and Twenty-third Sts.

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Have on hand and for sale LOCOMOTIVE and TUBULAR OIL BOILERS, and make to order STEAM BOILERS of all kinds. Also, SHEET IRON WORK of all descriptions.

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STEAM PUMPS.

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HAVE IN STORE A FULL STOCK OF

Deane's Steam Pumps,
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DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Scrap Iron, Metal and Steel.

Also, Rolling Mill and Forges supplied with IRON OUT TO ORDER or FAGGOTED, as I have Two (2) Sets of Rolling Mill Shears constantly running, cutting Iron for Faggoting and other purposes. OFFICE AND YARDS, Cor. Eleventh Street and Duquesne Way, PITTSBURGH.

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Hazard Powder Company's

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I am now prepared to supply this very superior Powder to Sportsmen, Furnacemen, Contractors and Dealers by KEG OR CAR LOAD,

AT LOW PRICES.

SAFETY FUSE constantly on hand.

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No. 19 Seventh street, (late Irwin street), PITTSBURGH.

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English Asphalt

FELT,

A well tested article of good thickness, suitable for Steep or Flat Roofs. Can be applied by any handy laborer. Send for samples. Roofing Materials of every variety for Sale.

Wm. B. Lupton & Co., 354 Penn Ave.

Hugh Woodside,

ROOFER AND DEALER IN

SLATE!

Office, 370 PENN STREET, opposite Fort Wayne Freight Depot,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

All Orders promptly attended to. Work done by Experienced Workmen.

AIKEN & CO.,

DEALERS IN

NORTHAMPTON, VERMONT and PEACH BOTTOM ROOFING

SLATE

Also, Slating Nails and Felt, Corner Eleventh and Liberty Streets,

Opposite the Grain Elevator, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ SLATE ROOFS put on by experienced workmen.

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ELKINS, BLY & CO.,

REFINERS OF

Carbon and Head Light Oils,

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LUBRICATING OILS,

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Commission Merchants and Broker in Petroleum and its Products:

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ESTABLISHED 1808.

BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO.,

Factory BINGHAM STREET, Birmingham. Warehouse 31 and 32 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh.

J. P. PEARS, B. BAKEWELL, JR., E. B. CAMPBELL. J. W. PAUL.

TAGS DENNISON'S PATENT SHIPPING TAGS.

Over 200 millions have been used within the past ten years, without complaint of loss by tag becoming detached. All Express Companies use them.

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Use Sawyer's Barbers' Soap.

MANUFACTURERS.

To Coal Operators.

We Manufacture and Keep in Stock

FLAT RAIL,

Punched and Counter Sunk, all sizes.

Flat Rail Spikes,

Pit Car Bolts,

Nuts and Washers.

Best Quality

Assorted Iron

For Blacksmiths' Use.

ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY.

Lewis, Oliver & Phillips,

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MANUFACTURERS OF ALL GRADES

Anti-Friction Metals.

Also Journal Bearings of

DISMAN'S PATENT SILICATED COPPER

The Most Durable Composition now in use for any kind of Machine Boxes or Bearings.

No. 13 SECOND AVE., Pittsburgh, Pa.

SEMI-STEEL

ECLIPSE

SAFETY

STEAM

GENERATORS,

2 to1,000 Horse Power

Stationary, Portable and Marine, Sectional and Self-Cleaning

STEAM

BOILERS

AND FITTING OF ALL KINDS.

Eclipse Steam Manufact'ng Co

GENERAL OFFICE:

87 Wood Street,

PITTSBURGH PA.

☞ Illustrated Circular and References furnished on application.

Wm. Smith & Sons

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Pipe Foundry,

Twenty-third St., near Penn Ave.

Orders solicited for all kinds of

FLANGE AND BOWL PIPE

AND ALSO

RETORTS.

We earnestly request all Gas and Water Works Superintendents to call on us.

Hubbard, Lippincott, Bakewell & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

AXES, SAWS and SHOVELS

Emerson's Inserted Toothed Saw.

Particular attention paid to the manufacture of SHOVELS for FURNACES, MILLS and COAL WORKS.

Office—At the Works, Dinwiddie street, near Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PHOENIX ROLL WORKS.

BAGALEY, YOUNG & CO.

PATENT SEMI-STEEL, and CAST IRON

CHILL ROLLS.

SAND ROLLS AND PINIONS,

Haskin's Patent Double Spiral Pinions,

Cast and Finished to Order, at Lowest Current Rates.

41st, 42d and Valley Railroad, Pittsburgh.

ALEX. NIMICK, President. SAML. H. JACOBUS, General Manager and Treasurer.

Jacobus & Nimick Manuf'g Co.

PROPRIETORS OF

Pittsburgh Novelty Works,

Formerly J. K. Moorhead & Co., founded A. D. 1833, and

Pittsburgh Variety Works,

Formerly Jones & Nimick Manufacturing Co., founded A. D. 1855. Manufacturers of the well known J. & N. and Novelty Brands of Locks and Latches, Fairbanks' Patent Platform and Counter Scales, Paint and Coffee Mills, Builders' and Domestic Hardware generally.

DIAMOND STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

NATIONAL

Locomotive and Machine Works.

DAWSON & BAILY,

MANUFACTURERS OF

LOCOMOTIVES,

Machinists, Boiler Makers and Founders

OFFICE AND WORKS

AT CONNELLSVILLE, PENNA.

TOTTEN & CO.

Fulton Foundry,

Cor. Twenty-fourth and Railroad Sts.,

Twelfth Ward, Pittsburgh.

ROLLING MILL CASTINGS.

Blast Furnace Engines,

PLAIN AND GROOVED

CHILLED ROLLS

SHEARS AND PUNCHES.

NAIL MACHINES, Ernest's Patterns.

ORE PULVERIZERS

OF IMPROVED CONSTRUCTION.

Mills for Grinding Brick Clay

CASTINGS MADE OUT OF GUN IRON WHEN ORDERED. ROLLS TURNED

DUQUESNE

Brass Works and Foundry.

S. CADMAN & SON,

Brass Founders and Manufacturers, and Steam Pipe Fitters.

AGENTS FOR COPE & MAXWELL'S

BOILER FEEDERS

AND

Steam Pumps.

FITTING UP MILLS, FURNACES, REFINERIES, COKE OVENS, &c., promptly attended to. BRASS AND BRONZE CASTINGS AND ANTI FRICTION METALS A SPECIALTY.

Corner Duquesne Way and Sixth Street, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Iron City and Siberian Iron Works.

ROGERS & BURCHFIELD,

MANUFACTURERS OF

SHEET IRON

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Office and Warehouse, No. 108 WATER STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

EVERSON, GRAFF & MACRUM,

Manufacturers of all Descriptions of

Sheet, Bar, Band and Small Iron.

Office and Works, Second Avenue,

Immediately above Upper Monongahela Bridge, PITTSBURGH

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO FINE SHEETS

THE VERY LATEST.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Vigorous Measures to Suppress the Insurrection in Spain.

MADRID, July 5.—The government has decided to employ every resource to crush the Carlist insurrection. A proclamation will be issued giving the insurgents five days to surrender to the Republican forces, after which time cordons will be drawn around the insurrectionary districts and a decisive campaign commenced. In consequence of the interruption of railways in the north, mails are now sent from Spain by sea in war vessels.

MADRID, July 6.—The vigorous measures taken by the government have prevented the Declaration of Independence which the Irreconcilables were intending to issue at Barcelona.

Trial of Marshal Bazaine.

LONDON, July 5.—A Paris correspondent telegraphs that the trial of Marshal Bazaine will probably take place at Compiegne the latter part of September.

Fourth of July at Madrid.

MADRID, July 5.—The anniversary of the independence of the United States was celebrated at the American Legation yesterday by a grand banquet. Among the distinguished guests of Minister Sickles were Senor Castelar, members of the Cabinet, foreign representatives in Madrid and the President of the Cortes.

The Vienna Exposition—Number of Visitors Increasing.

VIENNA, July 5.—The number of foreign visitors to the Exhibition is increasing daily. The great majority are from England. The juries are now hard at work, and it is generally thought that a considerable number of prizes will be awarded to American exhibitors. A severe rain storm passed over the city to-day, considerably damaging goods in the United States department of the Exhibition, and ruining the silks in the French section. Jackson S. Schultz has left Vienna. Carl Schurz and Mr. Adams are here. General Van Buren has gone to Voslauer, twenty miles from this city.

The Shah of Persia Departs from England for France.

LONDON, July 5.—The Shah of Persia left this city to-day for France. He proceeded to Portsmouth, where he embarked on the British steam sloop Rapid, which sailed immediately for Cherbourg. An immense crowd gathered at the railway station and loudly cheered the Shah. As the Rapid steamed out of Portsmouth harbor, a parting salute was fired by the vessels attached to the channel squadron.

CHERBOURG, July 5.—The Shah arrived in this harbor this afternoon on board the British steamer Rapid. In the evening numerous bonfires were lighted on the shore and the shipping in the harbor was hung with Chinese lanterns, making a very brilliant spectacle. His Majesty will disembark on Sunday.

The Shah in Paris.

PARIS, July 6.—The train bearing the Shah of Persia and suite entered Passy Station at 6:30 this morning, where the distinguished visitor was received by President MacMahon and Duke De Broglie. At the Arch of Triumph the Shah was met by the Prefect of the Seine and municipal councellors. M. Van Train made an address of welcome, to which the Shah briefly replied. His Majesty was then escorted to the Palais Bourbon, where he was received by M. Buffet, President of the Assembly. The crowds of spectaters were immense, and the Shah had a warm popular reception.

The Khan of Khiva and His Ministers Surrender to the Russian Commander.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 5.—It is officially announced that the Khan of Khiva and all his Ministers, who fled the capital upon the approach of the Russian troops, have returned and submitted to Gen. Kaufmann, beseeching his clemency and imploring his merciful consideration. The General, pending his disposition of their cases, has placed them under guard.

American Newspaper Men Sentenced for Libel.

PARIS, July 5.—Duke De Bremonts' libel suit against the proprietors of the *American Register* of this city and the New York *Herald* has been decided in favor of the plaintiff. The *Register* is condemned to pay 5,000 francs damages and a fine of 1,500 francs, and the proprietor of the *Herald* to pay 6,000 francs damages and 1,000 francs fine.

American-German Fourth of July Banquet at Vienna.

VIENNA, July 4.—The Americans here, with a number of invited guests, went on a picnic to-day. On their return a banquet was given at Blumenhalle in honor of the day. The dining room was finely decorated with bunting and flowers. American and Austrian flags were displayed and portraits of President Grant and Emperor William were hung on the walls. About two hundred ladies and gentlemen were present. At the first table sat Minister Jay, Rev. Dr. Chapin, Barons Schwartz and Gogern, Messrs Jacobson, Schultz Garrettson and McElrath; also the Burgomaster of Vienna, Consul General of Germany and a Russian Chancellor of State. Dr. Ruppener presided at the second table. President Lawrence Smith opened the proceedings with a congratulatory address, and Rev. Dr. Chapin said grace. After the cloth was removed Minister Jay offered the first regular toast, "To the health of the President of the United States," coupling with it a sentiment of perpetual friendship between Austria and America. Mr. Smith followed with a toast to the Emperor of Germany, which was warmly cheered. Baron Gogern responded, thanking the company for the cordial manner in which the toast had been received. Success was drunk to the exhibition of Vienna, to which Baron Schwartz replied by proposing the success of the Philadelphia exhibition in 1876. Dr. Ruppaner offered the sentiment: "Vienna, the bulwark of European culture against the Turks," and spoke of the metropolis as the seat of literary, scientific and commercial developments. The Burgomaster of Vienna replied with a suitable acknowledgment of the compliment. The festival terminated with a beautiful display of fire works in the gardens around the hall.

Miscellaneous Dispatches.

LISBON, July 5.—There was no banquet here yesterday in the celebration of the Fourth of July. The Representative of the United States was absent and there was no American vessel on the Tagus.

LONDON, July 5.—A Dispatch from Bombaiz gives intelligence of a rising among the Hindoo peasants in the district of Poonah. They refuse to pay rents, and plundered and burned several houses. Two bands had been dispersed by police.

LISBON, July 5.—The Customs authorities have fined the captain of the steamship Murillo, which ran into and sunk the emigrant ship Northfleet, in the English channel, 200,000 reis for failing to come to Lisbon when he had a cargo for this port.

ROME, July 5.—Count De Cambray Digny has failed to form a Cabinet and the crisis in the Ministry continues. The Pope walked in the Vatican grounds to-day unsupported by attendants.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 6.—The Sultan intends to make a long visit to the Khedive of Egypt.

ROME, July 6—Fresh shocks of earthquake were reported this morning in Bellano and vicinity. The Shah of Persia has accepted an invitation to visit Italy.

Marine News.

LIVERPOOL, July 5.—Arrived out, steamships Russia, from New York, Lady Lycett and Alexandria, from New York, and Baltimore, from Baltimore.

European Markets.

LONDON, July 5, 6 P. M.—Consols for money 92¾; for account 92¾. American securities unchanged. Refined petroleum 13½d. Linseed oil £33 15s a £34.

PARIS, July 5.—Rentes 56 francs 35 centimes.

LIVERPOOL, July 5, 6 P. M.—Cotton quiet and steady; uplands 8¾d; Orleans 9½d; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000 bales; American 6,000 bales; cotton to arrive dull; September and October delivery from Savannah and Charleston 8 15-16d; July and August do, not below low middlings, 8 9-16d; September delivery from New Orleans 8⅞d; sales of new crop shipped from Savannah and Charleston July were made yesterday at 8 7-16d. Pork 63s. Cheese 64s. Lard 38s 3d. Bacon 39s 6d for short rib middles. Spirits of petroleum 10d.

THE CHOLERA.

The Disease on the Decrease—Number of Deaths.

NASHVILLE, July 5.—There were fourteen interments in this city to-day, four of which were from cholera.

MEMPHIS, July 5.—Only ten interments to-day from all diseases and two only from cholera. All excitement in regard to it has ceased.

MEMPHIS, July 6.—There were fifteen interments for all diseases and six from cholera, five of whom were colored.

WHEELING, W. VA., July 5.—Wm. Clohan, an old resident of this city, was taken suddenly ill to-day. The physicians pronounce the disease genuine Asiatic cholera.

CINCINNATI, July 5.—Nine deaths from cholera were reported to the Health office to day.

CINCINNATI, July 6.—Five deaths from cholera were reported to-day.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 6, 8 P. M.

PROBABILITIES FOR MONDAY.

For Middle States and New England rising barometer, northeast and northwest winds and generally clear and cool weather.

For Eastern Gulf and South Atlantic States generally clear and very warm weather with light winds, mostly from the north and northeast. For Lower Lake regions partly cloudy and clear weather with light winds, generally from the north and east. For Ohio valley partly cloudy weather with occasional local storms in West Virginia. For Upper Lake region falling barometer, northeast and southeast winds, higher temperature and partly cloudy weather.

Discovery of a New Comet.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 6.—The new comet discovered at Vienna, Austria, as announced by cable through the Smithsonian Institution, was really found at the Dudley Observatory in this city at two this morning by Prof. Hough. As seen through the comet seeker it appeared as a faint nebulous mass. Its position is seven minutes right ascension and four degrees thirty-four minutes south declination.

Earthquake Shocks at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 6.—There were three distinct shocks of earthquake this morning, one quite strong, another about seven, and a third quite strong, at 9:30, causing considerable alarm by the rocking of buildings and shipping in the harbor.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., July 6.—River thirteen feet and rising. Fair and cool weather.

Evansville.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 6.—Cloudy with light rains this morning, and clear and pleasant since noon; mercury 80. River has risen four feet to-day. Port list. Up—Ripadan, Arkansas Belle and Iron Mountain. Down—Robert Mitchell, Morning Star and Bowling Green. No business.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, July 6.—River falling, with seven feet in the canal and five feet in the chute. Clear and warm. Business dull. Arrived—Jennie Howel, Cincinnati. Departed—Nashville, Cincinnati.

Cairo.

CAIRO, ILL., July 6.—Arrived—City of Vicksburg, Vicksburg; Belle of Shreveport, Red river; Colorado, St. Louis. Departed—Belle Memphis, Memphis; City of Vicksburg, St. Louis; Richmond, New Orleans; Belle of Shreveport, St. Louis; Sam Brown, Grand Tower; Colorado, Vicksburg. River has risen three inches. Weather intensely hot this morning but cooler since eleven A. M.; mercury 84 to-night.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, July 6.—Arrived—Johnson, Keokuk; City of Chester, Memphis; Fannie Lewis, Missouri river; Rock Island, St. Paul; City of Vicksburg, Vicksburg. Departed—Babbage, Memphis; Minneapolis, St. Paul; Gate City, Upper Mississippi. River falling slowly. Very heavy rain early this morning.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, July 6.—Cloudy and threatening; mercury 95. The Belle Vernon did not get away last night and lays over till to-morrow.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, July 6.—Arrived James Howard, Mary Alice and barges from St. Louis with heavy cargoes and Western produce.

A Successful Minister.

Some time since, the First Presbyterian church of Cohocksink, Philadelphia, located at Columbia avenue and Franklin street, called to their pulpit the Rev. Wm. C. Greenough, formerly of Penn avenue, this city, who has met with marked success in his new field of labor, and ranks as an eloquent and able minister. All the members of the church are delighted with him, and he labors the more zealously knowing that his services are so highly appreciated. His salary has been fixed at $4,000 per annum, and he earns it all.

CITY MATTERS.

PATRONS of the COMMERCIAL leaving the city for the summer months, can have the paper mailed regularly to them by leaving word at the counting room.

Letters Held for Postage.

PITTSBURGH, July 5, 1873.

	Cents.
Rev. T. F. Shanfer, Wilkinsburg, Pa.	2
Dr. W. S. Hunter, Turtle Creek, Pa.	1
James Leech, Duncan P. O., Pa.	3
Mrs. Kate E. Nicholson, Brookville, Pa.	1
Geo. Bailey, Hadenuil P. O., Pa.	3
Rev. T. J. Barkley, Allegheny, Pa.	3
Rev. T. H. Hoffnens, Allegheny City, Pa.	2
Jno. W. Tunney, Greensburg, Pa.	1
O. I. Craig, New Brighton, Pa.	1
Mrs. E. Ogden, Sewickly, Pa.	1
J. S. Custer, Son & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.	3
M. Sloughton, Molini, Ills.	3
Jno. Cocoran, New Lenox, Mass.	3

J. H. STEWART, P. M.

The Grading of Fifth Avenue.

Rev. Father Hickey, after his sermon at the Cathedral yesterday, took occasion to refer to the proposed cutting down of the grade of Fifth avenue at Grant street. He expressed the opinion that it would do irreparable damage to the Cathedral building, and that it ought not to proceed. He proposed that a mass meeting in opposition be held next Sabbath evening in the basement of the church to be attended by all Catholics and Protestants who believe the work to be impracticable and dangerous.

Summer Encampment of the Greys.

As has already been repported, the Duquesne Greys having had an invitation from the authorities at Steubenville to make their summer encampment near that place, sent a committee to examine and report as to the location and prospects. The committee visited Steubenville on Thursday evening last and were cordially received by officials and prominent citizens. They, on return, reported unanimously in favor of accepting the invitation, so that it may be taken as settled that our crack military organization will summer on the banks of the Ohio.

Drowned.

Coroner West held an inquest on the Fourth over the body of John Cairn, an Irishman, thirty-two years of age, who was accidentally drowned in the Monongahela river near the Clinton Iron Works. Mr. Cairns lived near by and had gone down to the river to take a bath. Not returning within reasonable time his wife went in search of him. She found his clothing on a flat moored near the shore, and fearing that something had happened to him, she called several neighbors to assist in the search. The river was dragged, and about eleven o'clock at night the body was recovered. The deceased could not swim. It is supposed that he got beyond his depth, and being alone, was drowned.

The Edgewood Railroad Injunction.

This cause, which was to have been heard in the Supreme Court at Philadelphia, on Wednesday morning last, was duly called as fixed by the Chief Justice, before a full bench. Messrs. Sol. Schoyer, Jr., of this city, and ex-Judge Wm. A. Porter, of Philadelphia, late of the Supreme Court, represented the complainants, and Messrs. Robert Woods and John Dalzell, of this city, appeared for the respondents—Mr. Schoyer objecting that they had barely received the printed argument, and so had no time to prepare a proper reply, and the majority of the Court being evidently not anxious to dispose of this or any other business before them, on account of the heat and personal discomfort, all business of the Court was postponed in a body, until its session in this city in October.

A Young Girl Outraged.

On Friday evening last three of the camp followers and three of the animal keepers of Barnum's great show, it is alleged, enticed a young girl, aged sixteen, into the woods near Corry, where the show exhibited on that day, and there severally outraged her person. The girl was found by her father and others at daylight the following morning, in an insensible condition, and nearly dead from the treatment she had received. Chief Furlong, of the Allegheny Valley Railroad detective force, hearing of the occurrence, induced the girl to visit the show at Titusville on Saturday, and there she identified three of the men, who were arrested and committed for trial. The others escaped. Chief Furlong also arrested several pickpockets, who were committed in default of bail.

The Coal Question.

It appears that the coal operators have failed to meet the Miners' Committee of seven, although appointments were made for several occasions. On the third instant it was expected that some step would be made toward the adjustment of the difficulty between the employers and the employed, but again there was a disappointment. On the same day it was ascertained that a meeting of the operators by railroad had been held and that they had appointed a committee to consider the question at issue. This committee is not understood to be empowered to consult with the miners. We are informed that most of the miners are "out," not on a strike, however, but practically so. It is further stated that their leaders—men in whom they have confidence—have advised all to go to work, to await negotiations.

Railroad Building Knocked Down.

An accident occurred on Saturday afternoon between four and five o'clock resulting in the almost entire demolition of the new "Round House" of the Connellsville Railroad, which is located in the yard near the foot of Try street. It appears that an engine was being backed into the building from the turn table when the latter became disarranged and the locomotive ran off the track, struck the center support of the roof and knocked it out of place. A portion of the wall was also knocked down and the roof in a few moments gave way and came down with a terrible crash. The engineer and fireman escaped just in time, while, fortunately, no workmen happened to be in the building. There were two or three locomotives in the building at the time, but the damage done to them was comparatively small. The building cost about eight thousand dollars.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

In this Court, on Saturday, the rule on the assignees of Stadley & Sicklesmith, of Lawrence county, bankrupts, to show cause why they should not pay to Emily Stadley, wife of Mahlon Stadley, one of the said bankrupts, the sum of $300, claimed as exempt under the bankrupt act, was made absolute.

T. B. Murphy, of Fayette county, was adjudged a bankrupt on petition of J. H. Borland et al., of this city, creditors, and the matter was referred to Register Shafer.

The assignees of Joseph Hacke, of this county bankrupt, presented a petition for leave to sell real estate, divested of liens and encumbrances, except the unpaid purchase money, and the same was granted.

An injunction was granted against certain creditors in the bankruptcy matter of the Dunbar Iron Co., against which a petition for adjudication in bankruptcy was filed by Messrs. Woodwell & Co., creditors.

J. Willard Grubs, of this county, was allowed to file an intervening libel against the steamboat "A. J. Baker."

On motion of Hon. H. B. Swoope, John L. Gow, Esq., of Washington, and J. Erastus McKelvey, Esq., this city, were sworn as members of the bar of this court.

The Commissioner appointed to distribute the fund in the case of the steamboat Lioness No. 2 filed his report.

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

In addition to the verbal decision in the Butler street injunction case, elsewhere reported, a large amount of routine business was disposed of in this Court on Saturday.

A bill in equity was filed between Harvey Childs and William Semple, plaintiffs, and William Dean, defendant. The plaintiffs leased the defendant the Union Woolen Mills, in the Fourth ward, Allegheny, for two years, from April, 1873, at the annual rental of two thousand dollars, with the understanding that any machinery erected by the defendant would not be removed until the rent for the whole term had been paid. The plaintiffs allege that the respondent is about to remove, and, in violation of the contract, is removing the machinery. They therefore ask for an injunction restraining him from so doing until the rent for the whole term is paid. Saturday next was fixed for the hearing of the application.

In the case of Byers et al. vs. Boisall, tried at the April term of Court, 1872, Judge Kirkpatrick rendered a decision that judgment be entered for the plaintiffs, upon the questions of law reserved, and overruling the motion for a new trial, made by defendant's counsel. Our readers will recollect this is one of the famous "Oil Ring" suits of 1869.

Common Pleas—Judges Sterrett and Stowe.

Upon petitions presented viewers were appointed in several cases to assess damages to property by the construction of the Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railroad.

On motion of the counsel in the case, Saturday next, at ten o'clock, was fixed for the hearing of the application for the injunction to restrain the Wildwood avenue Commissioners from proceeding with their work.

A preliminary order was made granting a charter of incorporation to St. Luke's congregation of the Reformed church in Shaler township.

Final orders were made granting charters to the Zion's congregation of the Reformed church, Highland avenue, and the Young Men's Library Association of Sewickly.

The viewers appointed by the court presented their report of the appraisement of the farm of John McGinniss, situated near Wall's Station, Patton township, which the Pennsylvania Railroad Company desire to acquire for depot grounds, &c. They find that the farm contains one hundred and twenty-five acres and thirty-seven perches, and value it $575 per acre or $72,009 65 for the whole farm. The report was ordered to be filed, and be confirmed absolutely unless exceptions are filed within the next ten days.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Collier.

Mary Helsted, of the Thirtieth ward, who plead *nolle contendere* to illegal liquor selling, was fined $50 and costs.

Thomas Grafton, indicted for illegal liquor selling, and who also entered a plea of *nolo contendere*, was fined $100 and costs.

John W. Reynolds, indicted for false pretences and found guilty, was sentenced to seven months' imprisonment in jail.

William Gibbons, who plead guilty to embezzlement and larceny, by bailee, of sewing machine funds, was sentenced to jail for three months.

John Robinson, William Speelman and Alben Stehle, convicted of malicious mischief and cruelty to animals, were sentenced to pay the costs and to undergo sixty days' imprisonment in the County Work House.

Mary Winn, who plead *nolo contendere* to an indictment for larceny and receiving stolen goods, was sentenced to the Workhouse for six months.

A number of unimportant desertion and abandonment cases were heard.

A rule was granted on John M. Hallett, deputy constable of the borough of Elizabeth, to show cause why the appointment should not be vacated.

In the matter of the opening of Sylvan avenue, on motion of George T. Oliver, attorney for W. J. Lewis, Esq., the Court appointed M. W. Rankin, T. J. Craig and John Wilkinson as new viewers in this case.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

Commonwealth vs.

John A. Kohrson,	Thos. Grogen,
Adam Hohn,	Carist Auday,
Louis Renner,	John Jones,
John B. Herman,	Isaac Richey,
Andrew Link et al.,	George Roner,
John Braddon,	Peter Auberger,
B. Brede,	Kate Paul,
Wm. Mehell,	Michael Flaherty et al.
Alex. Harper,	

ROBBERY.

A Wholesale Establishment Entered—Escape of the Thieves.

About nine o'clock last evening two young men passing along Seventh avenue, below Grant street, discovered two boys in company with other parties through a broken pane of glass in the wholesale store of Schonaker & Co. They were about taking out some articles when the young men, believing them to be in the act of robbing the place, seized them. The boys, who were very young, made a great outcry, denounced their captors as thieves, and by their expostulations attracted the sympathy of persons coming from church, and were, indeed, rescued by them. The captors had, however, taken from them a can of mustard, a diamond with which to cut glass. Before leaving they notified the engineer of the Vigilant Fire Company, and the store was again visited and entered. A light was procured, police officers sent for, and a search was made by Officers Pender, Herron and others, without success. It was found that the boys had removed a half pane of glass in one of the doors, and had gathered a miscellaneous stock of goods at the opening for the purpose of taking them out. It further appeared that they had been in the house for some time, as they had enjoyed a lunch in the office. The interference of outsiders prevented the arrest, as stated above, of the young thieves. It is said that Wm. Oyler, who appears to have obtained bail in the Allegheny lock-up, was seen in the metal yard opposite Messrs. Schonaker & Co.'s store about the time of the discovery of the robbery. It is hoped that the young criminal will not be left much longer to prey upon the public. There are now three or four Court cases against him, but from all of which he managed to escape.

BUTLER STREET IMPROVEMENT.

Decision of Judge Kirkpatrick on the Application for a Preliminary Injunction—The Injunction Refused—Important Suggestions as to the Powers of Commissioners Under the Penn Avenue Act

Judge Kirkpatrick on Saturday rendered a decision on the application for an injunction to stop the work on the Butler street improvement. The case was that of W. W. Wallace et al., vs. O'Neill, Flynn & Co., contractors, and Messrs. Smith, Erny and Bendel, Commissioners. The application for a preliminary injunction was refused. His Honor stated that whatever might be the fate of an application for a final injunction, in regard to which he had no opinion to intimate, much less express, it was clear that the case as presented would not justify the allowance of a preliminary injunction. In the first place, all material facts alleged in the bill were emphatically and flatly controverted by the respondent's answers and affidavits. In the second place, the meeting of the 18th of June did not, in his judgment, suggest itself as being irregular, as claimed by counsel for plaintiff. But even admitting that it was, there was nothing really done upon that day which could in any way affect the contract. That in his judgment it was clear from the minutes kept by the Secretary, Mr. Breed, himself a member of the Board, and one of the minority Commissioners, that the contract was fully considered and awarded at the regular meeting on the 9th of June, and all that was done at the alleged irregular meeting of the 18th, was to direct the City Attorney to prepare the contract, which action, of course, could only be predicated upon the contract already made, and could only be considered as auxiliary to and in furtherance of what had been done at the previous meeting of the 9th. It was further evident that the contract was not signed on that day, as it was not then prepared. This further appeared from the fact that at the regular meeting on the 21st, it was read for the information of the minority, who refused to have anything to do with it. It could not, therefore, possibly have been "signed, sealed and delivered" prior to the 21st. A third objection might possibly be urged, but this the Court did not attach much importance to, inasmuch as it was possibly amendable, and that was that the city of Pittsburgh, although a party to this contract, is not a party to this proceeding, and does not, by herself or her attorney, ask any revision of this contract.

His Honor further stated that fraud, which could of course vitiate this or any other contract, was not alleged in the bill, and so of course was not the subject of consideration; and even if it had been alleged, there was not a particle of proof in the case, so far as it had been presented, to justify such an allegation. He further stated that the fact that "nineteen-twentieths" of the property holders were opposed to this kind of pavement, was not in the case, and so not the subject of consideration; that the selection of the pavement, the supervision and control of its laying, was, by the organic law—the Penn avenue act—left wholly to the judgment and discretion of the Commissioners, or a majority of them, and that neither this Court nor any other could interfere with their selection; that the fault, in this particular, lay with the property holders themselves, who had selected Commissioners whose judgments did not correspond with that of their constituents, and who had acted in a manner contrary to that in which it was intended. They should, these Commissioners, having been regularly chosen, and their selection of a pavement having been made—whether wisely or otherwise, it was not for this Court to say—and the contract having been entered into pursuant to such selection, the facts presented such a case that this Court could not, in his judgment interfere. For these reasons thus briefly suggested, and many other which might be enumerated, it was clear to his Honor that a preliminary injunction must be refused; that if, and when an application for a final injunction should be made, and other and fuller testimony doubtless developed, it might compel a wholly different conclusion; and in regard to such a possible contingency, he would only say that he would not allow his impressions of the case, as now presented, to interfere in any regard with his judgment of the case as the law and the facts might then present themselves.

THE PRISON BOARD.

Action in the Case of Ambrose E. Lynch.

A meeting of the Prison Board was held on Saturday, Judge Kirkpatrick in the chair *pro tem*, Judge Hampton, the regular President, being absent. A large amount of routine business, including the passage of a number of bills, was acted upon.

Judge Sterrett offered a resolution, which was adopted, to the effect that the strict rules of the prison, as applicable to prisoners convicted of murder of the first degree, be suspended in the case of Ambrose E. Lynch, in view of the fact that a writ of error to the Supreme Court is pending in his case, which may postpone its ultimate decision for some time; and the further fact that, owing to the extreme heat and his necessarily close confinement, his health is suffering very materially.

On motion, adjourned.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

P. T. Barnum's World's Fair.

Mr. Barnum is so well known to every man, woman and child in the country, that the mere announcement that he is to offer something to the public is amply sufficient to attract crowds of people. And these crowds, be it remembered, embrace the best classes of the population. This simply because the prince of showmen always brings with him the greatest possible attractions in the world. To-day the great World's Fair, embracing animals of every rare species, and a museum of animate and inanimate curiosities of such extent and variety as has never been got together, will enter the city. The street parade is said by our exchanges to be the finest ever seen; and the descriptions given of the great show itself are such as to almost challenge belief. Dr. James L. Thayer, a showman of many years' experience, and not one easily carried away by his feelings, telegraphs us from Corry, under date of July 4th, in the following significant language: "Barnum carried everything in Corry to-day. The show is a great success." What more effective indorsement could the affair receive? Read the following, taken from the Utica *Herald*, concerning the unrivalled attractions offered by the Washington of showmen:

Once beneath the tents, there was enough to interest the curious for the entire day. The calliope, the automaton trumpeter and organ-grinder, automaton bell ringers, mechanical Napoleon and sleeping beauty, the glass blowers, the grotto scenes, the Barnum train in constant motion, relics, animals of all climes and characters, the two-story cage of monkeys, rare aviaries, the happy family, "Zip," "Admiral Dot" and other natural curiosities, were fairly bewildering, so urgent were their calls upon the attention. The main tent under which were the ring performances, capable, it is said, of seating 14,000, was twice crowded to its fullest seating capacity, in the afternoon and evening. The morning performance was visited by probably 5,000 people. The audiences on each occasion embraced the best people of city and country. Everybody found a great deal to his liking. The great majority cared little for clown performances and very little of clown was offered in the two rings. Tumblers, contortionists, jugglers, acrobats, gymnasts, trapeze performers, riders, etc., gave every witness a chance to see his favorite performance. Mr. Barnum has secured the best of performers in each specialty. The *grand entree* was a brilliant spectacle and attested the art of Mr. Castello in arrangement. Under the leadership of Mr. Whittaker everything moved regularly and in order. Lazelle, Millson, the Matthews family, the Gregorys, Mr Bushnell and Madame, M'lle. Watson, Castello, and a score of other expert artists deserve the highest praise for the excellence of their performance.

The talking machine, invented by Prof. Faber, was the object of much wonder, marvel and interest. It is operated by Mde. Faber, and repeats letters, words and sentences after the Professor, clearly and with great distinctness. Those sitting farthest from the ring doubted the faculty of the machine, and some nearer by thought the lady uttered the words. The *Observer's* reporter had a private interview with the machine, and pronounces it a genuine dispenser of chin music. He is rarely mistaken in a lady's tones, and he assures us that Mde. Faber said not a word. The *Herald* reporter found Prof. Faber quite ready to explain the construction of the machine, which is certainly a marvel of ingenuity and intricacy. It is constructed on the plan of the human organs of speech, and its utterances have the perfection of mechanism.

The establishment which Mr. Barnum has now before the public excels anything he has ever before attempted. From the manager down to the teamster and ring attaches every man and woman have Barnum before their eyes. If a man be found addicted to liquor he is discharged. Two were so found Saturday. Their connection with the company was severed, and yesterday they stopped on Mohawk street. Most of the ladies in Mr. Barnum's employ are married, and the unmarried are accompanied by brother or mother. The quiet manner in which the hundreds of employees passed the two days in Utica will go far to confirm these assurances. Thorough system is observed in every department; polite attention is met on every hand. During the three visits made on Saturday, our reporter bears testimony to hearing no profanity from any employee. With so worthy an offering to the public, with his forces so thoroughly organized, performers so excellent and attendants so gentlemanly as Mr. Barnum presents to the public, his march through the country cannot fail to continue to be an ovation and a financial success.

The new giraffes, ostriches, dromedaries, and other curiosities which arrived at New York last week, will be on exhibition.

The city of tents which covers the numerous attractions offered by Barnum, will be spread on Union Park, Allegheny—a locality refused to ordinary shows. It is by all odds the most eligible ground in this vicinity. The route of the street display will be about as follows:

The procession will form on Union Park, and will cross the Suspension bridge about eight o'clock, passing up Sixth street to Market, thence to Water, to Smithfield, along Smithfield to Fifth avenue, to Federal, thence to Wylie, to Fifth avenue, to Market, to Sixth street, and over the bridge to Allegheny city, and back to the park. The first exhibition will take place at one o'clock.

LIBRARY HALL.

The leaders of the King of Saxony's Band, under the leadership of Prof. Hans Girod, Musical Director at the Court, are announced to give concerts at Library Hall on this and to-morrow evenings.

The programme, which we produce elsewhere, is rich in its choice selections, and, judging by the encomiums bestowed by the Eastern journals, will be performed in such a manner as to satisfy the most exacting. It would be difficult to get together twelve numbers so all-satisfying to the lovers of choice music.

The sale of tickets will begin at the box-office, Library Hall, at nine o'clock this morning, and continue during the day.

Supreme Court Decisions.

The Judges of the Supreme Court have rendered the following decisions in cases from Western counties, heard at the recent session in Harrisburg:

In re, road from Somerset borough to Stoystown, Proceedings affirmed.

Buffington vs. the Summit Branch Railroad Company. Judgment affirmed.

Hill vs. Hill, Blair county. Judgment reversed.

Pennsylvania Railroad Company vs. Beale, Juniata county. Judgment reversed.

Commonwealth vs. the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company. Judgment affirmed.

Morgan vs. Neville, Somerset county. Judgment reversed.

Cowper vs. M'Neal. Judgment affirmed.

Waples vs. Foster, Centre county.—Writ of error quashed.

Waples' appeal. Order reversed.

American Life Insurance Company vs. Bell, Blair Company. Judgment affirmed.

Lenhart vs. Ream, Somerset county. Judgment reversed.

The Streets of Allegheny.

The street committee of Allegheny City has disposed of the following business:

The following contracts for paving and grading were let: Page, Wilkins and Howard streets, F. Gwiner: A street, Peach and Relief alleys, A. Fney: Manhattan street, James Orr: McKurdy alley, Vernon & Carson.

Sewer contracts were let as follows: Madison avenue, Martin Joyce: Chartiers street and West Park, D. O. Discoll; Palmer alley, Thos. Smith; Poplar street and Margaret alley, Wm. Haslett.

The following ordinances were ordered to be drawn: Ordinance for the opening of Preble avenue from Spruce street to Elm street, at a width of fifty-six feet, and the widening of said avenue from Elm to Wilkins streets to fifty feet, property to be taken from west side according to plan. Viewers, Joseph Craig, Arthur Hobson and John E. Park.

The High School.

The High School Committee met on Saturday afternoon, and decided to recommend the election of Mr. B. H. Patterson as Professor of Belles Lettres. From the report of the Principal it appears that one hundred and twenty-one applicants for admission reached the required standard in the examination, and sixty-one will be recommended for re-examination.

In view of the fact that early in August the State Teachers' Association will meet in this city, and that the High School building will be an object of interest to many, the committee ordered a thorough cleaning of the rooms to be completed before the time mentioned.

Howe's Circus.

After a very successful series of exhibitions, notwithstanding the unavoidable accident of Thursday evening last, Howe's Circus and Menagerie left on Saturday night for Freeport. Mr. Hughes, the attentive advance agent, leaves here to-day for Youngstown, Ohio. The Howe show is a good one, and possesses several features that are very attractive. The French equestrienne, M'lle Dockrell, and Morgan, the daring bare-back rider, cannot be excelled.

AQUATICS.

Saturday's Single Scull Race—Other Races in Prospect.

The single scull race between Denmarsh and Herbster, fixed for Friday, the Fourth, did not come off until Saturday. Two attempts were made on Friday, but in both cases "foul" was claimed and allowed, and then the race was postponed until Saturday. At five o'clock the parties appeared and made a successful start. There was a considerable crowd in attendance, and, while no great amount of money changed hands, satisfaction was expressed as to the conduct of the race. Denmarsh took the lead at the start, and continued to hold it throughout, coming in some three hundred yards ahead.

Denmarsh now challenges Patrick Louther to row a three mile race for two hundred dollars a side. He proposes to make the arrangements this evening. He says he is not satisfied with his defeat at Toronto, and therefore wants to try Louther alone. No doubt he will be accommodated.

The Pittsburgh Barge Club held a meeting on the Fourth and fixed upon blue as their color, the shirts to be of navy pattern. The following officers were elected: President, Alexander Nimick; Vice President, C. C. Montooth; Secretary, Fred. Rinehart; Treasurer, W. D. Wilkins; Coxwain, H. Denny McKnight; Finance Committee, John A. Harper, W. G. McCandless and one of the two promising young oarsmen, James Laughlin, Jr.; Boat-house Committee, Thomas P. Day, H. M. Long, W. D. Wilkins; Membership Committee, C. C. Montooth, H. B. Wilkins, Jr., T. C. Clarkson.

A. Seibert of the Clipper club challenges Frank Denmarsh of the McKee club to row a three mile race for two hundred dollars or more a side. These are two promising young oarsmen.

Eph. Morris of the Clipper club, this city, won the first prize in the single scull race, at Boston, on the Fourth.

On the Fourth, the four oared crew of the Howard club of this city beat the Oil City crew at Oil City. The challenge had originally been sent to the Fisher club, but as they were unable to accept, the Howard club took up the gauntlet. The race was over a course of three miles, for two hundred dollars per side.

Gathering of Teachers.

The fifth annual meeting of the Pittsburgh Teachers' Institute will be held on Monday, August 11th, at Ralston School Hall, Penn avenue. On the three succeeding days the annual session of the Pennsylvania State Teachers' Association will be held at the Pittsburgh Opera House, when the city teachers will unite in the exercises. At the time stated there will, likely, be the largest gathering of teachers ever had here, and much interest is felt in the deliberations.

Accidentally Shot.

Between eight and nine o'clock on Friday morning a distressing accident occurred on Albion Hill, in the Eighteenth ward, which may result in the death of a lad named McCready. A Mr. Force was handling a shot gun, when the weapon went off and the boy was shot in the chest. Drs. Bruvinger and Clark were immediately sent for, and the wound was properly dressed. It is feared, however, that the boy may not survive.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

OUR friend Wm. J. Friday, Esq., contemplates a trip to Europe soon.

THE new time table of the Connellsville Railroad went into effect yesterday.

ALDERMAN STRAIN did a lively business on the Fourth with common cases.

JOHN SHIPTON, ESQ., of the third ward, will soon make another trip to Europe.

THE Incline as well as the street Passenger Railway did a good business the past three days.

CHRISTOPHER WILSON is charged before the Mayor with the larceny of clothing and a watch and chain.

ALICE WILLIAMS is charged before Mayor Black more with the larceny of $77 50, on oath of James Paul.

THE Fourth of July passed off pleasantly without any serious disturbances and with few serious accidents.

THE committee appointed to investigate and examine into the wooden pavements will hold a meeting this evening.

THE corner stone of the German Luthern church of Mt. Washington, was laid yesterday with appropriate ceremonies.

TROUBLE occurred on the Fourth at a pic-nic held on Troy Hill, and a number of arrests were made by the Allegheny police.

A YOUNG scamp forged the name of his father on a check a few days since to pay for a suit of clothes. He has departed the city.

WILLIAM RICHARDS, an Allegheny policeman, is charged before Alderman Smith, with assault and battery, on oath of James Cornelius.

AT A PIC NIC held on the Fourth at McKees Rocks, a desperate fight occurred, and it was reported that several persons were severely injured.

A LITTLE child residing opposite the Pleasant Valley car stables was badly though not dangerously scalded, accidentally, on the Fourth.

THE heavy rains of the past few days did much good in the way of cleansing the streets, and as a result the Street Commissioners are happy.

POSTAL cards can now be had at the Postoffice; 2,000 were received on Thursday evening, and have been selling rapidly since.

THE Committee on Appeals from city assessments are behind in their work although they have labored faithfully. They will have to stick closely to it this week.

SUBSCRIPTIONS for music in the Allegheny Park come in slowly. It is said that the Councilmen have not yet responded to the invitation to put up the stamps.

A BUNDLE of educational papers wrapped in a newspaper, was lost on Smithfield street Saturday evening. They should be left at the office of the COMMERCIAL.

ON THE Fourth a little boy named Good, son of Louis Good, of Mt. Washington, accidentally shot a ball through one of his hands while firing a pistol. He is about ten years of age.

JOHN HUGHES and Charles Coymers, strangers, having been detected by officers Hyer and Scott attempting to steal from the St. Lawrence Hotel, have been held as professional thieves.

THE first annual pic-nic of the St. Paul's Total Abstinence and Benevolent Association, on Saturday, was a grand success. The attendance was quite large, and everybody enjoyed themselves.

THE Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railroad Company will have to improve in their management before another holiday comes on. On the Fourth the road failed to accommodate their patrons.

DURING the storm on Thursday evening the steamer Blue Lodge was blown from its moorings, and the chimneys were shattered by coming in contact with the Allegheny suspension bridge.

A SLIGHT FIRE occurred on Saturday morning about half past two o'clock, in a frame dwelling on Elm street, in the Sixteenth ward. The fire was put out before any considerable damage was done.

MR. DAVID S. THOMAS, press agent for P. T. Barnum, is in this city. He is a man who fills the position perfectly, having learned by years of journalistic experience the ways of the newspaper world.

A BOY named Callahan, ten years of age, son of Hugh Callahan, residing on Craig street, Allegheny, while experimenting with a pop bottle full of powder, was burned considerably about the hands and face.

MR. WM. S. MEEK, of the *Evening Telegraph* composing room, has been elected by Typographical Union No. 7 as a delegate to the National Trades' Convention, which assembles in Cleveland on the 15th inst.

ON the Fourth, a horse drawing a buggy along the Troy Hill road was frightened by a shooting cracker and fell over an embankment. The horse was killed and the one occupant of the buggy was seriously injured.

ON Saturday some rags and rubbish lying in the cellar of the German Catholic school house on Penn avenue, took fire by means unknown. The flames were extinguished by the Niagara Engine Company without loss.

ON the Fourth during the storm the lightning struck a house on Penn avenue, occupied as a tavern by a man named McSwiggen. Several persons were shocked but none injured, and no damage was done to the building.

SEVENTY-SEVEN individuals who had seen too much Fourth of July were before the Mayor on Saturday morning. Yesterday morning there were over fifty cases to be disposed of. We may look for heavy receipts this month.

D. D. SMITH, Supervising Inspector General of Steamboats, will visit this city about the middle of the present month, and will examine into the steamboat service on Western rivers, and conduct experiments upon various grades of boiler iron.

THE notorious William Oyler, who we reported as having been arrested at Howes' circus on Thursday evening, made an attempt to dig out of the Allegheny lock-up. On Saturday Mayor Callow committed him to jail to answer the charge of larceny.

DANIEL and William Crowley and Thomas Gibbons are charged before Alderman Moreland with larceny, on oath of Thomas Heatherts. It is alleged that the defendants stole twenty three dollars from the vest pocket of the prosecutor while the article of clothing was hanging in his shop.

A PAIR of horses attached to a carriage and belonging to Mr. Johnson, of Wilkinsburg, ran away on the evening of the Fourth from grounds beyond Wilkinsburg where a picnic was being held. No person was in the vehicle, and but little damage was done, although the team was found two miles distant.

THE Tenth Pennsylvania Reserve Corps held a reunion at Newcastle on the Fourth. A permanent organization was effected, and Tuesday, the 31 of May, 1874, fixed for the next meeting, to be held at Mercer. Captain McConnell, of Company B, was chosen permanent President, and Adjutant McCracker, Secretary.

ALDERMAN SMITH of Allegheny, gave a hearing on Saturday to Richard Lamont, Frank Golding and James Brown, who were charged with placing croton oil in a bucket of beer which was being taken home by a man of family. The parties were held for trial, Brown being committed in default, and the others giving bail.

THE Pittsburgh Park Committee will meet next Thursday evening to decide whether to accept the Schenley property, on Fifth avenue, or not. Mr. Dempster, the City Engineer, is preparing a report to the Committee of the approximate cost of the conditional improvements invoked in the acceptance of the property as property as proposed.

AT THE risk of gratuitously advertising a private enterprise we reprint the following from the Johnstown *Tribune*: Twelve cottage houses will be erected at Scalp Level immediately, by the Pittsburgh firm that have purchased seventy-five acres of ground there. Towards fall they will commence building a large hotel, and design having it completed in time to receive guests for next season.

WILLIAM CARNES was arrested at the Union Depot on Friday evening on a charge of the larceny of a pocketbook from a fellow passenger from Dennison, Ohio. Mr. J. S. Wald, the loser, had reported the case to the officer upon arrival at the depot, and the pocketbook and contents, except a promissory note for $40, were recovered on the person of the accused. Carnes, after a hearing before the Mayor, was committed for trial.

THE receipts from fines, forfeitures and costs at the Mayor's office on the morning of the fifth, being the arrests of the evening of the Fourth of July, were as follows: Fines, $228 75; costs, $85 65; total, $314 40. Of the costs, it may be mentioned that officers when not on duty receive eighty-five cents for each arrest. When on duty this amount goes to the city. This gives a net return to the city for that hearing of $250 25.

A TROTTING match came off at the Pittsburgh Driving Park on the Fourth, between Hot Punch, Roxey and Lizzie. The race was for $400; $250 for the first, $100 for the second, and $50 for the third horse, and the best three in five. Hot Punch took the first two heats, Roxey the third, Hot Punch the fourth, and Lizzie the fifth—Hot Punch being declared the winner. The best time of the winning horse was 2.51. A pacing race will come off to-day.

WE are very sorry indeed to be called upon to record the death of Mrs. Mary Emma Dilworth McClelland, wife of Thomas S. McClelland, Esq., and daughter of the late John Dilworth. Mrs. McClelland was a most worthy woman in every walk of life, and had, by her many good qualities, endeared herself to a wide circle of friends. She was just in the zenith of life, when cut down by disease. A husband and three children are left to mourn an irreparable loss.

THE counsel for the Wildwood avenue Commissioners state that the act of incorporation was prepared after the decision of the Supreme Court in the Washington avenue case, and with a full knowledge of what was therein laid down—hence it cannot fall within the ruling of the court in that case. But it is alleged, nevertheless, to be unconstitutional. The counsel for the respondents, R. B. Carnahan, Esq., has filed a demurrer, and the case will be argued on Saturday next.

THE barbers of this city have recently inaugurated a movement against shaving their customers on the Sabbath day. It may interest them to know that in the case of nineteen barbers brought before him, Justice White, of Richmond, Va., has decided that shaving on Sunday has become a necessity by long usage and public opinion, and is an adjunct to that proper cleanliness—which is next to godliness—that is necessary for the proper attendance upon the church services, and a due observance of the Sabbath.

THE night express on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, arriving here at 6:30 yesterday morning, brought about twenty pickpockets who have been following Barnum's show. When unable to ply their vocation for reason of the vigilance of the detectives or other causes, they occasionally resort to selling bogus tickets of admission to Mr. Barnum's show, and while so engaged two were taken under arrest at Corry, on Saturday, and in default of bail committed for trial at the next term of the Criminal Court at Erie.

A BOLD attempt at robbery was made about one o'clock in the afternoon of the Fourth at the house of Mr. Linmeyer on Cabinet street, Allegheny. A son of Mr. Linmeyer aged twenty was asleep on a sofa in the parlor while all others of the family were out. He was awakened by parties in the room, one of whom seized him by the throat and threatened to blow his brains out. Notwithstanding the presented revolver the young man struggled and hallooed and the robbers ran away. No articles were missed after their departure.

YEARS OF LABOR.

No one has calculated with more accuracy what amount of labor it costs to introduce a new discovery than Doctor Keyser, of this city. His life has been one of constant and persevering toil in the application of medicine to the cure of disease; but more especially chronic diseases, and it is in these latter that he has become justly and widely celebrated. His Lung Cure is the product of years of study and experience: every herb and root that goes into its composition has some known and specific action on the living organism; each secretion of the animal body is acted on by some one of its ingredients, and each excretion which should be expelled therefrom is, as it were, plucked up by the roots and cast away. It is in this way that Doctor Keyser's Lung Cure has such wonderful power in the cure of consumption, and in the solution and expulsion of tubercle from the lungs; and in enriching the blood so as to prevent its future formation and lodgment.

Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure does this by a specific tonic and alterative power, and it is by this great agent that the Doctor has been enabled to make such astounding cures of consumption, bronchitis and asthma, and other chronic maladies. $1 50 per bottle or six bottles for $7 50. A treatise, with plates, furnished by addressing Dr. Keyser, at his medical office, 167 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DOING GOOD ALWAYS.

The introduction of a medicine for the cure of consumption, and those other diseases of the lungs which resemble consumption, is surely a matter of great value to all who are affected; and should be taken note of by consumptives and their friends. Dr. Keyser has ably discussed this subject in a treatise of some forty-eight pages of matter which is principally devoted to the demonstration of the fact that consumption, whatever has been its past fatality, is at present a curable disease The Doctor gives irrefragible proofs in confirmation of the plan of treatment pursued by him. These proofs are of such a character as to refute any mere allegations or doubts which may be entertained to the contrary, and there is hardly a man living, of unbiassed and unprejudiced mind, who will not at once accede to the reasonableness of the Doctor's method of cure. When we look upon the consumptive as one whose physical constitution is reduced to the lowest standard of health, in which all the secretions are depraved, and the blood, lacking that plastic property adapted to the renewal of the tissues, we need not wonder at the marvelous power of Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure, in eradicating disease and renewing the life. $1 50 per bottle, or $7 50 per half-dozen. Dr. Keyser's office for chronic diseases, 167 Liberty street. An illustrated treatise sent free on application.

WORKING WITHOUT PAY.

Those who have been the precursors in any great improvement, and who have conferred upon mankind the greatest amount of benefit, have generally had to wait a long time for the full fruition of their labors. There seems to be something radically wrong about all this. But never mind. Mankind are slow to make up their opinion, but when once made up upon an article of real merit, it is almost always sure to be lasting and substantial. This is the way with Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure. No one ever tries half a dozen bottles but becomes convinced of its efficacy, and its sure adaptation to the cure of all pulmonary and exhausting diseases. With steady pace has Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure, and his superlative method of treating consumption, gained upon public confidence that to-day it is conceded that when it fails no other plan need be looked to with the hope of success. Dr. Keyser has been a benefactor to the city of his adoption. He makes medicine—can write it and talk it—and has so made himself acquainted with the functions of the human body that no chronic disease can escape detection or elude his cure. Read his treatise, which may be obtained free of cost at his office, 167 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE VALUE OF MONEY.

That which concerns money is readily snatched up and eagerly read. How to get more money, at once attracts notice, and is seized on, by the mind with avidity. But how with health and life? They are of infinitely more value, and if they are, the man afflicted with a chronic disease needs to give it his most assiduous attention. No pottering or trifling work will ever cure the body long afflicted with a chronic disease, and those of the lungs are especially regarded as of difficult cure. Many people will tell you that consumption cannot be cured. Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure is the great tonic and alterative which renews the blood, the source of life, and fits it for the work of reparation. As it courses along the arteries it deposits the materials which add to the plastic forces of life, and strengthens every fiber, every nerve; and even the very filaments of the heart are strengthened and renewed. Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure is the most valuable medicine of modern times, and the Doctor's treatment of consumption has extorted the applause and wonder of every community wherever his name is known.

Let the chronic invalid read the Doctor's Treatise, to be had free at his Medical Office, 167 Liberty street. The well need it to keep well, and the sick need it to teach them how to recover the invaluable boon of health when it has been lost.

LOOK OUT FOR THE CHOLERA!

Be Prepared—Use the Carbolic Disinfectant

It purifies gutters, it purifies alleys, it purifies vaults, it purifies closets, it purifies stables, it purifies back yards. It thoroughly purifies the atmosphere and renders the introduction of an epidemic almost impossible. The cholera is now gradually working its way to our city, and it is the duty of every householder to examine his premises and eradicate bad odors and all the seeds of disease, and it cannot be done in a more thorough manner than by the Carbolic Disinfectant, which is undoubtedly the strongest and most complete disinfectant known. Price fifty cents per bottle. Sold only by McClarran & McKennan, 85 Market street. Branch store opposite the Postoffice.

Arrott & Lockhart, General Insurance Agents, No. 167 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

Do you want security against loss and damage by fire? Insure with Arrott & Lockhart.

Do you want your policies of insurance properly worded and arranged? Insure with Arrott & Lockhart.

Do you want your insurance business properly attended to? Insure with Arrott & Lockhart.

Do you want your losses promptly adjusted and paid? Insure with Arrott & Lockhart.

Arrott & Lockhart represents Fire Insurance capital to the extent of seventeen million dollars ($17,000,000), comprising the best Eastern, Pittsburgh and English companies. Give special attention to manufacturing risks. All losses promptly adjusted and paid. Apply to or address,

ARROTT & LOCKHART,
General Insurance Agents,
MTH No. 167 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

The Weber Piano,

At C. Retter's, 29 Fifth avenue.

For Hotel Use.

Double thick China and heavy white stoneware, with a complete stock in their line, for sale at low prices by R. E. Breed & Co., No. 100 Wood street.

For Moth Patches, Freckles and Tan,

Use Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion. Reliable and harmless. Also, for pimples on the face, blackheads and flesh worms, use Perry's Improved Comedone and Pimple Remedy, the great skin medicine. Sold by all druggists. Depot, 49 Bond street, New York. MWF

Cryptochylon Ice Pitchers,

At R. E. Breed & Co.'s, 100 Wood street.

Depositors in the Diamond Savings Bank

Of Pittsburgh have over $25,000,000 security.

Business Men and Capitalists

Will bear in mind the sale of property adjoining the Exchange National Bank, on Fifth avenue (between Wood and Market streets), this day at 3 o'clock P. M. Plans can be had at office of C. H. Love, real estate broker, 121 Fourth avenue.

Remember the Sale

Of valuable lots on Fifth avenue, adjoining the Exchange National Bank, this day at 3 o'clock P. M. The best business location in the city, plans at office of C. H. Love, real estate broker, 121 Fourth avenue.

The Most Desirable Business Location

In the city is Fifth avenue, between Wood and Market streets. Remember the sale of lots adjoining Exchange National Bank, this day at 3 o'clock P. M. Plans at office of C. H. Love, real estate broker, 121 Fourth avenue.

The Weber Piano,

At C. Retter's, 29 Fifth avenue.

DIED:

PARK—At Wellsburg, West Virginia, Mrs. THOMAS PARK, mother of Thomas A. Park, of Allegheny.

BAKEWELL—In Allegheny, on July 4th, 1873, at 1:30 P. M., ALDEN, infant son of Thomas and Josephine A. Bakewell, aged one year and thirteen days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, Grant avenue, near Park street, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, July 7th, at 2½ o'clock.

NOBLE—Saturday evening, July 5th, at 11 o'clock, KATIE TYLER, infant child of Rev. F. A. and Lucy Perry Noble, aged six months and six days.

Funeral THIS (Monday) MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, from No. 22 Cedar avenue, Allegheny.

McMASTER—At Chelsea, Massachusetts, Surgeon JAS. McMASTER, in the fortieth year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

LOOMIS—Sunday, July 6th, at 7:10 P. M., of cholera infantum, EDNA ALLEN, youngest daughter of Sim. R. and Mary L. Loomis, aged nine months.

Funeral THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock.

WRAY—On Sunday, at 6:45 A. M., at Evanston, Illinois, WILLIE KING, infant son of James T. and Susie B. Wray.

RODY PATTERSON, JR.,
UNDERTAKER,
117 FOURTH AVENUE.

Coffins and Funeral Furnishing Goods of every description. Terms cash.

Mothers, Mothers, Mothers,

Don't fail to procure Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for all diseases incident to the period of teething in children. It relieves the child from pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and by giving relief and health to the child, gives rest to the mother.

Be sure and call for
"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."
For sale by all Druggists. MWS

Oldest Ins. Co. in America.
ASSETS, $3,337,489 83.
Ins. Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WILLIAM L. JONES, 84 Fourth ave.

DESPERATE ASSAULT.

Man Thrown from a Window.

Alderman Strain was called on the Fourth to visit a man named Michael Hanlon, residing on Boyd's Hill, who had been dangerously injured by a woman named Margaret O'Day. The injured man made information before the Squire charging Mrs. O'Day with felonious assault and battery. According to the statement made by the prosecutor, Mrs. O'Day did his washing, and on the morning of the Fourth he visited her house to procure a clean shirt. Some words appears to have passed between them, for he alleges that while sitting in the third story window Mrs. O'Day struck him with a weapon on the head and then pushed him out of the window. He fell to the sidewalk below, a distance of over thirty feet. His escape from instant death is miraculous, but the injuries which he did receive may yet result fatally. He was picked up in an insensible condition and carried home, where he received prompt medical attention. An examination showed that he had sustained a terrible wound on the head, and it is feared that his skull is fractured. His right shoulder was also dislocated, and bruises were found on different parts of his body. The accused was captured, and has been committed to jail for a hearing on Monday, by which time the extent of Hanlon's injuries can probably be ascertained. Hanlon was employed at Coward & Moffat's brick works on Boyd's Hill.

Little Girl Scalded to Death.

On Friday a little girl named Lansert, residing with her parents on Union street, opposite the Pleasant Valley Passenger Railway stables, Allegheny, was so badly scalded that she died next morning. Deceased, who was but about fourteen months old, pulled from a table a vessel containing some boiling hot fruit. Her face and breast was fearfully scalded, and until the time of her death she suffered great torture.

STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD LINE—THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS, between New York and Liverpool, calling at Cork Harbor.

FROM NEW YORK.

CALABRIA, Sat., June 28	CUBA, Wed., July 9
JAVA, Wed., July 2	SAMARIA, Sat., July 12
PARTHIA, Sat., July 5	SCOTIA, Wed., July 16

And every following Wednesday and Saturday from New York.

Rates of Passage—Cabin, $80, $100 and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Tickets to Paris, $15, gold, additional. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage $30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown, and all parts of Europe, at lowest rates.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the company's office, No. 4 Bowling Green; for steerage passage, at 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.

CHARLES G. FRANCKLYN, Agent, or to
JOHN J. McCORMICK,
Fourth avenue and Smithfield street.

N. B.—Cabin plans on hand.

AMUSEMENTS.

LIBRARY HALL.
GRAND GERMAN
Military Concert,
Monday and Tuesday Evenings,
7th AND 8th, AT 8 O'CLOCK,
BY THE LEADERS OF THE
KING OF SAXONY'S
Schutzen Regiment No. 108,
(PRINZ GEORGE,) OF DRESDEN,

Under the personal leadership of the King's Music Director and Cornet-a-Piston Virtuoso,

PROFESSOR HANS GIROD.

Tickets may be had at the box office of the hall between 9 o'clock this morning and the opening of the doors this evening. Following is the

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

1. Jubilee Overture.....Weber.
2. Finale of the Opera Lohengrin.....Wagner.
3. 1001 Nights, Waltz.....Strauss.
4. Grand March.....Meyerbeer.

PART II.

5. Overture—Magic Flute.....Mozart.
6. Fantasia for Cornet-a-Piston.....Girod.
7. Faust Quadrille.....Munzer.
8. Introduction from Opera Guiramento.....Mercadante.

PART III.

9. Overture—Opera Rienzi.....Wagner.
10. Le Premier Amour Solo for Cornet a Piston.....Girod.
11. Song of Spring.....Bach.
12. Schutzen March.....Girod.

STEEL MANUFACTURERS.

STEEL CASTINGS
UNDER HAINSWORTH'S PATENT.

We are making Steel Castings, Smooth, True, Free from Porosity, capable of receiving Very High Polish. Can be Forged or Welded easily as Bar Steel, and Stronger than Forged Steel. Send for Circular.

PITTSBURGH STEEL CASTING CO.,
Twenty-sixth and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, Thirtieth, Thirty-first and Railroad Streets, Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh Steel Works.
ANDERSON & WOODS,
Successors to Anderson, Cook & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
BEST REFINED CAST STEEL
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION; ALSO, BEST
Refined German Plow and Spring Steel
CORNER ROSS AND FIRST AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Sheffield Steel Works.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.
Manufacturers of All Descriptions of
STEEL.

BEST REFINED TOOL CAST STEEL
CAST AND GERMAN PLOW AND SPRING STEEL
CIRCULAR AND LONG SAW PLATES,
ELLIPTIC, PLATFORM AND SEAT SPRINGS,
AXLES AND STEEL TIRE,
Steel Fire Box and Boiler Plates.
STEEL FORGINGS MADE TO ORDER.
83 Water and 100 First ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.
Manufacturers of all descriptions of
CAST STEEL.
OFFICE AND WORKS:
Corner Penn and 17th Streets, Ninth Ward,
PITTSBURGH.

WHO KILLED THEM?
ABEL'S
VERMIN
EXTERMINATOR
IT HAS NO EQUAL FOR BANISHING
Rats, Mice or Roaches.
TRY IT! SOLD EVERYWHERE! TRY IT!
MANUFACTURED BY
C. ABEL & CO.,
Office: 116 SMITHFIELD St., Pittsburgh.

JOHN STEWART..........ROBT. H. PATTERSON
Robt. H. Patterson & Co.,
LIVERY, SALE
AND
COMMISSION STABLES,
Cor. Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Auction Sales Saturday, 10 o'clock A. M.

FLOUR—A CHOICE SELECTION OF
Winter and Spring Wheat Flours
In Store and for sale by
D. WALLACE,
353 LIBERTY STREET

FOR RENT,
WAREHOUSE,
No. 311 LIBERTY STREET,
Lately occupied by LINDSAY, STERRIT & CO.
tf Inquire at 247 Liberty street

FOR SALE—
ONE BUCK WAGON (new).
OSCAR F. LAMM,
155 Liberty street.

ESTABLISHED 1862.
PITTSBURGH COMMISSION HOUSE.
Office and Warehouse, 305 LIBERTY STREET.
HENRY REA, Jr.,
Receives and sells Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Grain, Seeds, Lard, Bacon, Apples, Potatoes, Green and Dried Fruits, Farm and Garden Products.

Caperton's Dining Rooms,
No. 60 Market Street
PITTSBURGH.
Tables furnished with the best the market affords in its Season.
Meals from 6½ in the Morning until 12 o'clock at Night.

GET THE BEST
Howe Standard and Sampson Standard
Scales.
Warehouse and Mill Trucks, Tucker's Patent Alarm Till, Grocers' Fixtures. Scales Repaired.
W. A. McCLURG,
63 Wood street.

T. C. TOPPER,
Venetian Blind Manufact'r,
No. 41 DIAMOND ALLEY,
(One Door from Wood street,) Pittsburgh, Pa.
Repairing, Repainting and Trimming promptly attended to.

PAVING.
McNAUGHER & CO.,
Contractors for Stone and Brick Paving, Furnishing and Setting Curb Stones and Grading. We are prepared to execute all orders promptly and on the most favorable terms. Office, No. 40 NORTH DIAMOND STREET, Allegheny. Office hours from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

FOR SALE—
200 doz. Clay Pick Handles.
OSCAR F. LAMM,
155 Liberty street.

AUCTION SALES.

A. McILWAINE, 106 SMITHFIELD STREET.

Valuable Stocks at McIlwaine's.
TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 8,

At 8 o'clock, will be Sold, on Second Floor of M'Ilwaine's Auction Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, by order of Trustees of James T. and Charles A. Wood,

25 shares Iron City National Bank;
25 shares Jones's Ferry Company;
10 shares New Castle and Beaver Valley Railroad;
125 shares Dalzell Petroleum Company;
20 shares McKeesport Gas Company;
5 shares Monongahela Water Company.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

STOY
AGAIN IN THE MARKET.
Great Auction
OF
FIRST CLASS
CITY LOTS,
TUESDAY, JULY 8th, 1873,
AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.

This Plan of Lots is situate between Penn and Liberty avenues, and Thirty-ninth and Fortieth streets, opposite the Arsenal Grounds. They are the only large sub-division of Valuable Lots for sale in the central part of the city, commanding all its important and finely improved thoroughfares. No property which is now or can be placed on the market, equals it in the combined location, beauty of surroundings, public and private improvements, facility of access, and convenience to all parts of the city.

LIBERTY AVENUE

Has been relocated, which changes the grades of all the streets in this location. The grades have been fixed by the City Engineer on all the streets covering this area of property—Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, Fortieth streets, Mary street, Hawley and Liberty avenues. The grading and paving of all the avenues and streets in this location will be put under contract as early as the Commissioners can act. I now offer the most desirable Property in the city, in every particular. Will be glad to see all who wish a pleasant home, which in the future will command a large profit upon the investment.

FREE EXCURSION
ON THE PENN STREET CARS,
At 9 O'Clock, Tuesday Morning, July 8, 1873.

FREE LUNCH IN THE ORCHARD.

The Great Western Band Will Be on Hand

G. STOY, 62 Fourth Avenue.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

AT AUCTION
Valuable Property
TWO LARGE LOTS
On Fifth Avenue,
ADJOINING THE
EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,
AND
One Lot on Diamond Alley.

On the premises, on MONDAY, July 7th, at 3 o'clock P. M., will be offered at auction one lot, having a front of 32 feet on Fifth avenue and 120 feet deep, and back end of lot 36 feet wide; and one lot having a front of 29 feet on Fifth avenue, and extending back 120 feet, with an L 30 feet deep and fronting 20 feet on Sturgeon alley.

The lot on Diamond alley is 23 feet front and 80 feet deep, with a T fronting 40 feet on Sturgeon alley, and extending back from the alley 99 feet.

The central location of this property on the most important avenue in the city, and in the best location on the avenue, presents an opportunity for obtaining a valuable property that is but seldom offered.

Terms easy and will be made known on day of sale.

Plans can be obtained at the office of

C. H. LOVE,
Real Estate Broker, 121 Fourth avenue.
R. W. M'CONNELL, AUCTIONEER.

Valuable Farm
AND
COAL PROPERTY
FOR SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Fayette County, the undersigned Administrators of the estate of MARTIN O. TINSTMAN, deceased, will offer at public sale, on the premises, on

Tuesday, July 8th, 1873, at 1 o'clock P. M.,

All that certain tract of Land,

Containing 123 Acres,

More or less, situated at Broadford, in Connellsville township, Fayette county, Pa., 2 miles north of Connellsville, adjoining lands of Frick & Co., Jessie Smith and Samuel Long, and fronting on the Youghiogheny river and the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, on which are erected a large

Brick Dwelling

And 3 good tenant Houses. This farm is highly improved and is all underlaid with the celebrated ELEVEN FOOT CONNELLSVILLE VEIN OF COAL, also Limestone in great abundance.

☞ The attention of persons wishing to invest in coal lands or to engage in the Manufacture of Coke or Lime is particularly called to this sale, as the property offered surpasses, either for speculation or safe investment, any property of the kind now offering in Western Pennsylvania.

TERMS OF SALE—Two thousand dollars on day of sale, and the balance of the one third on the confirmation of sale on the first Monday of September next, and the remainder in two equal annual payments, with interest from date of confirmation.

All information given by addressing J. M. DUSHANE, Connellsville, Pa.

J. M. DUSHANE,
A. O. D. TINSTMAN,
Administrators.

THIRTEENTH WARD
LOTS
FOR SALE, CHEAP.

19 Lots, 25x100 feet, about 2 minutes' walk from Central Car Station, Thirteenth ward.

These Lots are in an eligible, healthy location and good neighborhood, near church and schools, and very desirable for dwelling. To persons of moderate means or for an investment they are the most desirable lots in the market, being easy of access, and but a short distance from the large manufacturing establishments, and still away from the dirt and smoke of the city.

Will be sold lower than any lots now in the market.

Apply soon to

HERRON & BATES,
83 Wood street, or to
J. H. HILLERMAN & CO.,
77 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE,
Manufacturing Site.

A Two Story Building, 100 by 120, containing a good Engine, 100 feet Shafting, good Foundry and Air Furnace, 7 Blacksmith Fires, &c. Would make a splendid Machine Shop, Planing Mill or Manufactory of any kind. Also adjoining, 260 feet of Ground by 120, situated in Thirty-sixth ward, on Main street. Have Gas, Water and Nicolson Pavement. Coal and Coke handy. Will sell low. Title unexceptionable. Inquire of

WOODS & BROWN,
NO. 123 LIBERTY STREET.

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY—PAN-HANDLE ROUTE.

On and after JUNE 29th, 1873, trains leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:48 a m	McDonald Ac	6:58 a m
Columbus Mail	7:18 a m	Washington Ac	8:09 a m
Washington Ac	8:48 a m	Steubenville Ac	9:58 a m
Cincinnati Ex	9:13 a m	Cincinnati Ex	2:03 p m
McDonald Ac	12:03 p m	McDonald Ac	4:13 p m
Southern Ex	2:13 p m	Washington Ac	3:52 p m
Steubenville Ac	3:33 p m	Columbus Mail	6:03 p m
Washington Ac	5:01 p m	Fast Line	6:13 p m
McDonald Ac	6:13 p m	Southern Ex	11:23 p m
Sunday Ch train	12:48 p m	Sunday Ch train	10:03 a m

Fast Line and Southern Express leave daily.

Fast Line and Cincinnati Express arrive daily.

All other trains will run daily, except Sundays.

Sleeping Cars, without change, to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.

J. N. McCULLOUGH,
General Manager.
F. R. MYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE RAILWAY (Connellsville Route).—On and after MONDAY, July 7th, 1873, trains will arrive and depart from Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, Pittsburgh, as follows, city time.

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Local Mail	6:20 a m	McKeesport Ac	6:35 a m
Through mail	8:00 a m	McKeesport Ac	7:35 a m
Mixed way	8:50 a m	West Newton Ac	7:50 a m
McKeesport Ac	10:00 a m	Express	9:25 a m
McKeesport Ac	11:15 a m	Connellsv'e Ac	10:45 a m
Connellsv'e Ac	3:25 p m	McKeesport Ac	12:25 p m
McKeesport Ac	4:35 p m	McKeesport Ac	2:05 p m
West Newton Ac	5:25 p m	McKeesport Ac	5:00 p m
McKeesport Ac	6:20 p m	Uniontown Ac	6:25 p m
Express	7:00 p m	Through mail	9:40 p m
McKeesport Ac	11:00 p m	*Church train	10:05 a m
*Church train	1:00 p m	* Sunday only.	

All other trains daily except Sunday.

Local Mail and Connellsville Accommodation make connection at Broad Ford and Connellsville for Mt. Pleasant and Uniontown.

Through Mail makes connection at Bridgeport for Bedford Springs.

E. K. HYNDMAN, General Superintendent.

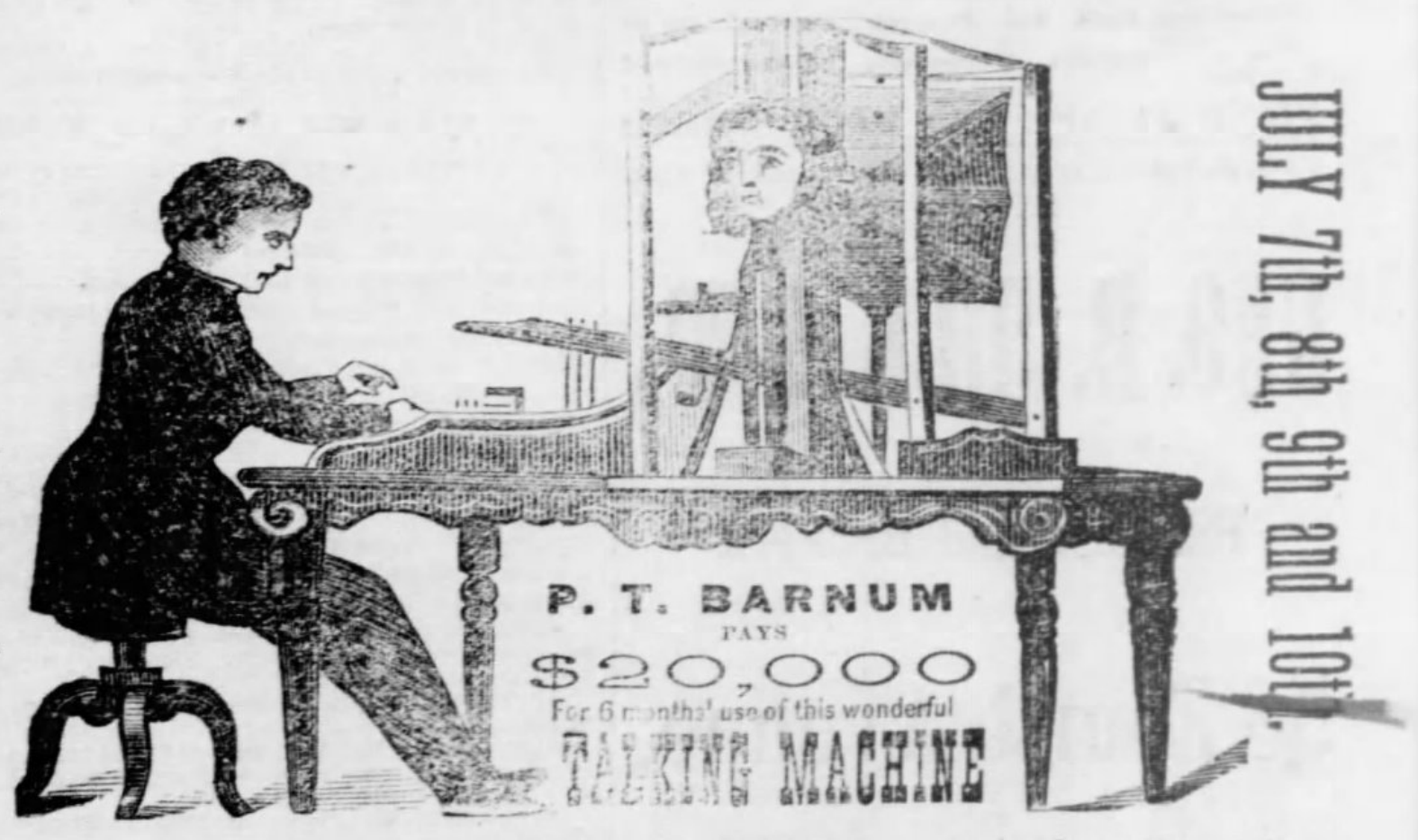
ROOFING MATERIALS.

REESE & BISSELL,
MANUFACTURERS OF
IRON ROOF FRAMES
AND
CORRUGATED SHEET IRON,
For Roofs and Sides of Buildings.
OFFICE AND WORKS: No. 877 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

AMUSEMENTS.

UNION PARK, ALLEGHENY CITY,
JULY 7, 8, 9 and 10.

A BRAN NEW SHOW.
THREE TIMES LARGER THAN EVER
THE GREAT AMUSEMENT MIRACLE OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY.
P. T. BARNUM'S



Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday

JULY 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th

Great Traveling World's Fair

Its magnitude no man, who has not seen it, can comprehend, for there was absolutely

Nothing Like it Ever Known on Earth!!

It is absolutely large enough to entirely swallow up half-a-dozen of the so called largest shows advertised in this country. The entire vast Exposition will exhibit in

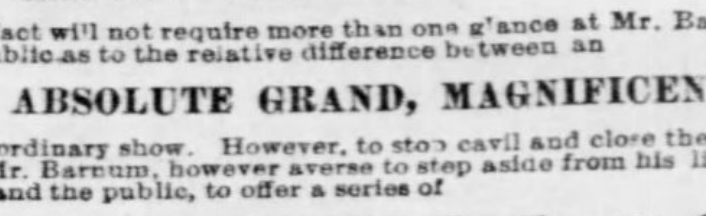
UNION PARK, ALLEGHENY CITY,
Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, July 7, 8, 9, and 10

Giving 2 entertainments Monday, the first day, Afternoon and Evening, and 3 grand, full and complete Performances of the entire TWENTY GREAT SHOWS each subsequent day, Morning, Afternoon and Evening. Doors open at 10 A. M., and 1 and 6½ P. M.

One single ticket, 50 cents, admits to all. Children under nine years of age, 25 cents. Reserved Amphitheater Seats, 75 cents.

In order to accommodate the 200,000 persons who will probably visit this Exhibition during its four days sojourn in Pittsburgh, A GRAND WOODEN BUILDING, similar to the ancient ROMAN AMPHITHEATER, will be erected in Union Park, at a cost of $5,000, contiguous to the Colossal Hippodrome Pavilions, with choice reserved seats overlooking the entire audience, giving full view of three separate Circus and Spectacular Rings, with a joint seating capacity for 16,000 people. The entire series of exhibitions are briefly summed up in the following startling but bona fide announcement.

100,000 Living, Historical and Representative Curiosities.
1,500 Animals, Birds, Reptiles and Marine Monsters.
100 Magnificent Cages, Dens and Vans.
12 Gorgeous Statuary Chariots.
5 Trains of Railroad Cars required to Transport P. T. Barnum's Moving World's Fair.
Daily Expenses Exceed the gross Receipts of half a dozen other Shows.
3 great Circus Troupes.
3 separate and distinct Circus Rings, all in full performance at the same time.
Living Sea Lions and Marine Monsters.
Prof. Faber's $20,000 Talking Machine.
Wild Fiji Cannibals.
Horse Riding Goats.
Admiral Dot, famous Californian Dwarf, 16 years old, 25 inches high, weighs 15 lbs.
4 Asiatic and African Elephants.
4 Brass Bands and Chariot Organs.
Procession nearly 3 miles long.
20 Colossal Pavilions and the Great Amphitheater Building occupy 6 full squares.
Black Rhinoceros, large as an Elephant.
1,200 Men and Horses.
70 First-class Performers.
6 Famous Clowns, including the celebrated Lilliputian Grimaldi, Commodore Nutt, besides Thousands of the most intensely interesting novel features well worth the whole price of admission to see, not mentioned at all in this advertisement.



The fact will not require more than one glance at Mr. Barnum's New Amusement Enterprise to thoroughly satisfy the public as to the relative difference between an

ABSOLUTE GRAND, MAGNIFICENT, FIRST-CLASS EXHIBITION,

And an ordinary show. However, to stop cavil and close the mouths of boasting charlatans and traveling mountebanks, Mr. Barnum, however averse to step aside from his life-long policy, deems it necessary, in order to protect himself and the public, to offer a series of

$1,500,000 Challenges Open to All the World,

That he exhibits daily more BEWILDERING ATTRACTIONS, STARTLING CURIOSITIES, UNIQUE and SENSATIONAL NOVELTIES, biological, animate and inanimate prodigies, and *lusus naturæ*, more Rare Living Wild Animals, Birds, Beasts, Reptiles, Crocodiles, Alligators, LIVING SEA LIONS, and other Marine Monsters, the greatest number of First-class Artists, a more Gorgeous and Unique Combination of Equestrian and Hippodromatic Exposition than are contained in the combined attractions of any three shows in the United States.

The unanimous sentiment of the public press everywhere on the line of exhibition, emphasize the fact that P. T. BARNUM'S

ENTIRELY NEW SHOW

Is Positively the Largest and Most Attractive Combination of Exhibitions (fully three times larger than that of last season), ever known on earth, and remains absolutely without a parallel in the history of the world.

The only exhibition in America recognized and indorsed by the religious press, and daily visited by eminent clergymen and divines.

FREE ADMISSION to the entire Great Show is guaranteed to all who may buy the life of P. T. Barnum, written by himself, 860 pages, illustrated. Reduced from $3 50 to $1 50.

"Worth a $100 Greenback to a beginner"—Horace Greeley.

Will also exhibit in Corry, Pa., July 4th; Titusville July 5; Rochester, July 11; Youngstown, Ohio, July 12; and Cleveland, July 14, 15 and 16.

☞ The daily expenses of this establishment have become so great that the FREE LIST has been positively suspended except to Clergymen and the Members of the Press.

je24,28,jy3,4,7,9

ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY.

ARRIVAL OF GIRAFFES
FOR BARNUM'S GREAT EXHIBITION.
THE ONLY LIVING GIRAFFES ON THIS CONTINENT.

Will be exhibited for the first time in America, at Pittsburgh, in connection with P. T. Barnum's Great Traveling World's Fair at Union Park, Allegheny City, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, July 7, 8, 9 and 10.

Notwithstanding the enormous expense attending the capture and importation of these rare and beautiful animals, the price of admission will remain the same, one 50 cent ticket admitting to all the Tents.

RAILROADS.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.

On and after MONDAY, July 7, 1873, Three Through Trains daily (except Sunday) will leave and arrive at Union Depot, Pittsburgh, city time, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Buffalo Express	7:30 a m	8:25 p m
Night Express	9:30 p m	6:05 a m
Day Express	11:50 a m	5:45 p m
Brady's Bend Accommodat'n	3:40 p m	10:10 a m
1st Soda Works Accommod'n	8:45 a m	8:20 a m
2d Soda Works Accomm d'n	5:50 p m	2:15 p m
1st Hulton Accommodation	6:40 a m	6:30 a m
2d Hulton Accommodation	4:40 p m	9:05 a m
3d Hulton Accommodation	7:25 p m	7:20 p m
4th Hulton Accommodation	10:50 p m	10:15 p m

A Special Sunday Train leaves Pittsburgh at 7:30 A. M., arriving at Parkers at 12:18 P. M. Returning leaves Parkers at 4:10 P. M., arriving at Pittsburgh at 8:25 P. M., stopping at all stations for passengers.

Church Train to and from Soda Works (Sunday) arrives at Pittsburgh at 10:10 A. M., and leaves at 12:50 P. M.

Express Trains stop only at Principal Points.

Accommodation Trains stop at all Stations.

Pullman's Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains between Pittsburgh and Titusville. Baggage checked through to destination.

Through Tickets, Commutation Tickets and Local Tickets, can be procured at the Ticket Offices, No. 76 Fifth avenue and in the Union Depot.

J. J. LAWRENCE,
General Superintendent, Pittsburgh.
JAMES H. BRAY, Ticket Agent.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after JUNE 30th, 1873, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will leave from and arrive at the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Mail	6:30 a m	Springdale No. 1	6:45 a m
Freeport Ac	9:30 a m	Butler Ac	9:30 a m
Fairview Ac	10:50 a m	Express	10:10 a m
Springdale No. 1	2:00 p m	Fairview Ac	12:55 p m
Express	3:40 p m	Freeport Ac	1:30 p m
Butler Ac	4:40 p m	Mail	5:20 p m
Springdale No. 2	6:10 p m	Springdale No. 2	5:10 p m

The above trains run daily, except Sunday.

The Sunday Accommodation leaves Springdale every Sunday at 9:00 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 12:50 P. M., arrives at Springdale at 2:20 P. M.

The 6:30 A. M. train from Allegheny City connects for Butler.

For further information see Time Table, which can be obtained at the Ticket Office. Local Tickets to all important stations on the main line of the Western Pennsylvania Railroad.

D. M. BOYD, Jr.,
General Passenger Agent.
A. J. CASSATT,
General Manager.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after JUNE 29, 1873, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:58 a m	Pacific Ex	2:33 a m
Chicago Mail	6:13 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:53 a m
Clev & Whg Mail	6:43 a m	Chicago Express	11:53 a m
Erie and Ygn Ex	7:13 a m	Clev & Whg Ex	1:23 p m
Chicago Express	9:23 a m	Chicago Mail	4:13 p m
Clev & Whg Ex	1:28 p m	Erie and Ygn Ex	2:23 p m
Pacific Express	1:43 p m	Cin & St Louis Ex	6:13 p m
Wheeling Ex	3:23 p m	Clev & Whg Ex	6:33 p m
Erie Ex	4:48 p m	Erie Express	11:43 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
Beaver Falls Ac	8:38 a m	Leetsdale Ac	6:53 a m
Leetsdale Ac	10:23 a m	Leetsdale Ac	7:43 a m
Leetsdale Ac	12:08 p m	Beaver Falls	8:13 a m
New Castle Ac	1:08 p m	Enon Ac	8:48 a m
Enon Ac	2:48 p m	New Castle Ac	9:53 a m
Leetsdale Ac	5:23 p m	Leetsdale Ac	11:53 a m
Beaver Falls Ac	6:23 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	3:13 p m
Leetsdale Ac	8:28 p m	Leetsdale Ac	4:28 p m
Leetsdale Ac	10:58 p m	Leetsdale Ac	7:33 p m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	12:43 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	9:53 a m

Pacific Express leaves daily.

Chicago Express arrives daily.

Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted.

Pacific Express arrives daily, Mondays excepted.

All other Trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.

J. N. McCULLOUGH,
General Manager.
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—

On and after JUNE 29TH, 1873, Trains will leave and arrive as follows:

EASTWARD. Through Trains Leave Union Depot.		WESTWARD. Through Trains Arrive at Union Depot.	
Pacific Ex	2:50 a m	Mail Train	1:05 a m
Mail Train	7:45 a m	Fast Line	1:25 a m
Cincinnati Ex	12:20 p m	Pittsburgh Ex	8:00 a m
Philadelphia Ex	4:40 p m	Cincinnati Ex	1:40 a m
Fast Line	6:40 p m	Southern Ex	12:50 p m
Southern Ex	11:41 p m	Pacific Ex	1:10 p m
		Way Passenger	8:05 p m
LOCAL.		LOCAL.	
Walls No. 1	6:40 a m	Walls No. 1	6:30 a m
Wilkinsburg Ac No. 1	7:05 a m	Brin'n Ac No. 1	7:30 a m
Walls No. 2	10:20 a m	Wilkinsburg Ac No. 1	8:20 a m
Walls No. 3	11:45 a m	Walls No. 2	9:10 a m
Wilkinsburg Ac No. 2	2:40 p m	Johnstown Ac	10:10 a m
Walls No. 4	3:40 p m	Walls No. 3	1:45 p m
Johnstown Ac	3:50 p m	Walls No. 4	3:20 p m
Brin'n Ac No. 1	4:50 p m	Wilkinsburg Ac No. 2	4:45 p m
Brin'n Ac No. 2	5:50 p m	Walls No. 5	5:40 p m
Walls No. 5	6:00 p m	Brin'n Ac No. 2	6:55 p m
Brin'n Ac No. 3	9:10 p m	Brin'n Ac No. 3	7:25 p m
Walls Ac No. 6	11:00 p m	Brin'n Ac No. 4	11:00 p m

Pacific Express, Cincinnati Express, Fast Line, and Brinton Accommodation No. 3 leaves daily.

Southern Express daily, except Monday.

All other trains daily, except Sunday.

Pacific Express, leaving Pittsburgh at 2:50 a. m., arrives at Harrisburg 11:40 a. m., Philadelphia 3:30 p. m., Baltimore 3:00 p. m., Washington 4:47 p. m., New York 6:35 p. m.

Cincinnati Express, leaving Pittsburgh at 12:20 p. m., arrives at Harrisburg 10:40 p. m., Philadelphia 2:50 a. m., Baltimore 2:30 a. m., Washington 4:30 a. m., New York 6:50 a. m.

Philadelphia Express, leaving Pittsburgh at 4:40 p. m., arrives at Harrisburg 2:50 a. m., Philadelphia 6:55 a. m., New York 9:15 a. m.

Fast Line, leaving Pittsburgh at 6:40 p. m., arrives at Harrisburg 3:30 a. m., Philadelphia 7:15 a. m., Baltimore 6:45 a. m., Washington 8:15 a. m., New York 10:25 a. m.

Southern Express leaving Pittsburgh at 11:41 p. m., arrives at Harrisburg 8:35 a. m., Philadelphia 12:35 p. m., Baltimore 12:30 p. m., Washington 2:20 p. m., New York 3:35 p. m.

The Church Train leaves Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:10 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:30 p. m., and arrives at Walls Station at 1:50 p. m. Leaves Pittsburgh 9:10 p. m., arrives at Brinton's 10:20 p. m.

CITY TICKET OFFICE.—For the convenience of the citizens of Pittsburgh, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company have opened a City Ticket Office at No. 78 Fifth avenue, corner Smithfield street, where through tickets, commutation tickets, and local tickets to principal stations can be purchased at any hour of the day or evening, at the same rates as are charged at the depot. Baggage will be checked from hotels and residences to destination, by the Excelsior Baggage Express Company, on orders left at the office.

For further information, apply to

D. M. BOYD, Jr.,
General Passenger Agent.
A. J. CASSATT,
General Manager.

PITTSBURGH VIRGINIA AND CHARLESTON RAILWAY.

Until further notice Trains will run as follows:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
South Pittsb'gh	6 00 a m	Camden	7 10 a m
Camden	7 20 a m	South Pittsb'gh	8 25 a m
South Pittsb'gh	11 00 a m	Camden	12 05 p m
Camden	1 05 p m	South Pittsb'gh	2 15 p m
South Pittsb'gh	4 00 p m	Camden	5 10 p m
Camden	5 10 p m	South Pittsb'gh	6 15 p m
Homestead	6 20 p m	Homestead	6 55 p m
Homestead	7 00 p m	Ormsby	7 25 p m

Steamer "Amity," to and from Elizabeth, connects with all trains at Camden.

Purchase THROUGH TICKETS for Elizabeth and Pittsburgh. Monthly commutation, school and family tickets to all points.

Passengers to Pittsburgh will be furnished with TRANSFER PASSES on Birmingham Passenger Railway. Passengers holding Monthly Commutation and Family Tickets supplied with Transfer Car Tickets at HALF RATES, good either way between Junction and Union Depot.

Trains leave South Pittsburgh at No. 2?4 Carson street.

JOHN M. MYERS,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.
WM. J. ROSE,
General Passenger Agent.

Use Sawyer's Barbers' Soap.